THREE EDITIONS.

Do you know that there are three editions of The Sun printed every day? 2 o'clock, 5 o'clock, and 6 o'clock editions are distributed on time to all the agencies, newsstands, and newsboys of the city. Get the latest when you are buying.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY'RE WELCOME.

We don't steal the news, we buy it and pay for it while it is news. After we print it, the fake sheets are welcome to it. By the time they set it up, print it, and distribute it to their deluded readers, it ceases to be news.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

JOHN B. CROWLEY, The Efficient Officer, Whose Weather Eye is Always on Alert for A Crook.

A GOOD CAPTURE

Made by Officer J. B. Crowley Last Night

IN ARREST OF JOHN McMAHON.

Wanted for Burglary and Pocket Picking.

Another very clever capture is added to the long list to the credit of Officer John B. Crowley, day guardian of Merrimack Square, in the arrest last night of John McMahon, a young and it is alleged, clever pickpocket who once blacked boots for a living in Bell's barber shop.

Officer Crowley was in the crowd that was emerging from the performance of John Drew's company last night and the crowd was large and fashionable. Officer Crowley, who was in civilian attire, noticed McMahon dodging in and out of the crowd in a suspicious manner. Officer Crowley knowing McMahon, watched him closely and as the latter continued to act suspiciously, he lost no time locking arms with him, inviting him to walk with him to the nearest patrol box.

As they walked along, McMahon began to fumble in his pockets and when the officer objected there was quite a tussle for McMahon, though not very big, was game enough to put up a fight. The two immediately had it out on the ground, but is was all up with McMahon in a very few minutes and when he was subdued a pocketbook containing over $12, and bearing the name of Mrs. Kate S. Martin was taken from him.

At the police station he registered as John McMahon aged 21 years, residing on Church street. He is fairly good looking and dresses well.

The police know McMahon of old and it was later learned that Officer Crowley had made a more than ordinary capture, for McMahon is wanted for alleged breaking and entering a store, July 9, 1896. A warrant has been at the police station since that time, but McMahon stayed out of town until shortly before Christmas when he returned. He was also in court a few years ago for drunkenness.

The first knowledge that Mrs. Martin had of her loss was after she had read the morning papers. Upon arriving home last night she put her dress away in its usual place, believing the pocketbook to be in the pocket. Upon reading the papers, she went to the dress and found the pocketbook gone. She immediately went to the police station and identified her property.

As McMahon has been indicted by the grand jury for alleged burglary of Allen's box shop he will probably be taken on a capias. His partner in this break was James McDonough, who while being taken to the house of correction by a deputy sheriff to serve two years, slipped the handcuffs and made his escape. He was afterward recaptured and served his sentence.

After court this morning, McMahon was "mugged" for the rogues' gallery, being taken by Inspectors Donaldson and Lafiamme to Powers' studio.

JOHN McMAHON ORDERED IN $500 FOR ONE WEEK IN JANUARY.

John J. McMahon, the young man arrested by Officer John B. Crowley last night, and the particulars of which appear elsewhere, in The Sun, appeared before Judge Hadley in police court this forenoon charged with the larceny of a pocketbook and its contents, the property of Mrs. Kate Martin. He pleaded not guilty. The government called for a continuance of the case for one week which was granted the defendant being held in $500 until Tuesday next for trial. Of the four drunks one was released by court, one was continued and two fined, the latter being Albert Boulanger, $2 and Peter McCarley, $3.

FROZEN TO DEATH

SWEENEY STARTED TO WALK FROM ELLSWORTH TO BANGOR.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Jan. 31.—Sheriff Lewis F. Hooper of Ellsworth, received word Sunday morning from Arno Hooper, proprietor of a small boarding house on the line of the Maine Central railroad, 15 miles from this city, that he had found the body of a man named Sweeney at the railroad station a short distance from the house. He had frozen to death while spending the night on the station platform.

Hugh Sweeney and John McCann were discharged from the Hancock county jail at Ellsworth Saturday morning after having served a sentence of 30 days for drunkenness.

As soon as they were discharged they set out for Bangor on foot. McCann is about 60 years old and Sweeny about 40. Sweeny was warmly dressed and in good health when he left the jail, Sheriff Hooper says. On their arrival at the Lake house station, it is thought Sweeney volunteered to let McCann, who was much the older, go to the house and get put up while he stayed at the station.

Sunday morning McCann and the proprietor discovered the unfortunate man's body at the station an immediately notified the sheriff.

McCann was a native of New Brunswick. Sweeney's home is not known. The two had been employed on the construction work of the Washington county railroad during the summer and fall.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The committee on fire department will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

Going will will be gone tomorrow. Vale, Going; Salve, Fagan; likewise, Andrew Gray.

"How is it that Saunders runs to The Sun with his explanation?" asked a republican official of The Sun reporter this morning. The reason is obvious. Saunders knows that an explanation in The Sun will reach everyone, for everyone reads The Sun.

Great changes are being made in the heating apparatus at St. Peter's church.

SHERIFF CUSHING WERE JUSTIFIED

And Guard Contradict Each Other.

WHEN QUESTIONED BY MAYOTTE'S SISTER.

Now Here to Demand an Investigation.

Mrs. Charles Meunier of Montreal, sister of the late Charles W. Mayotte, is in this city investigating the circumstances of his death. She is a highly educated and intelligent woman and is going into the facts connected with his death in a manner that will bring out the guilt of those who are responsible for the neglect which caused his death. Already she has confounded the sheriff and his guards.

She called this morning at the jail and asked to see Sheriff Cushing. The sheriff promptly responded and received her very courteously. Mrs. Meunier asked him a number of questions regarding her brother's condition on his arrival at the jail.

The sheriff stated distinctly that he had no intimation whatever that Mr. Mayotte had been drinking; that he was received at the jail as any other prisoner without any notification that he had been threatened with delirium or in fact that he had been drinking at all. He considered that if there was anything serious the matter with the prisoner, the police would notify him personally or otherwise.

In reply to the question whether the bed clothing and pillow had been removed: from the cell in which Mr. Mayotte was locked, the sheriff replied in the negative, stating that the clothing was not removed, because nobody considered that there was any reason for removing it.

Mrs. Meunier further inquired if Mr. Mayotte had received any food, and the sheriff answered in the affirmative, stating that he had received a large mug of coffee, but nothing was said about the wormwood, referred to in the previous interviews.

The sheriff went on to say that certain outside parties implying certain newspapers had secured the freedom of certain prisoners who misrepresented the facts outside and whose stories he claimed to be false.

Mrs. Meunier asked the sheriff how it was that her brother's cries had not been heard during the night when they were on Ballroad street and by neighbors at different points around the jail.

He stated that it was impossible that the prisoner could have made such an outcry. He said "had he made any siderable noise, the other prisoners would have rapped on their cells with their dippers and that the guard who sleeps in the tower would have been on the scene instantly. He said the prisoners near Mr. Mayotte's cell heard the latter talking in a low tone as if he was driving a horse.

The sheriff denied that the the medical examiner had decided that Mr. Mayotte died of alcoholic convulsions which caused his death. The distinction is one which the public will like to hear explained and it probably will be thoroughly gone over at the investigation, which is now practically certain to come off at an early day.

Mrs. Meunier then asked to see the guard who received her brother from the police wagon. The sheriff consented and soon the guard was brought into Mrs. Meunier's presence. She asked him if he had been notified that her brother was drinking before he was brought to the jail. The guard answered him in the negative.

"Did you remove the bed clothing, such as quilts and pillows from his cell?" she asked. The guard replied in the affirmative; stating that he had removed everything of the kind.

This reply was an open contradiction of the statement made by the sheriff and it made the sheriff very nervous. She further asked: "Why did you remove the articles of clothing from the cell?"

"Lest he might use them to commit suicide," was the answer.

"Then you must have realized that he was in a dangerous condition," said Mrs. Meunier.

He replied in the affirmative stating that the prisoner's condition was quite apparent on his admittance to the jail.

At this point, Mrs. Meunier asked to be permitted to see the cell in which her brother died and here Sheriff Cushing offered an objection. With a smile he sold: "Do you think it will add to your comfort to see the cell in which your brother died?"

Mrs. Meunier replied that she had been crushed by sorrow as much as she could be and she was not now looking for comfort but for justice, and that she did not think her request was any occasion for laughter on the part of the sheriff or anybody else.

The sheriff finally consented to let her see the cell but in its present condition there is no trace of the sad scenes which were enacted in it on the night her brother died. It had been completely renovated since then, as were several of the other cells and portions of the jail in anticipation of an investigation.

Mrs. Meunier goes to Boston today with John W. McEvoy, Esq., to arrange for the investigation.

Mr. John McDonald of Lowell was the guest of Officer Joe Mack of Haverhill Saturday and Sunday.

G.O. Taylor Whiskies suited for the sick room

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

FOUND—A pocketbook containing a small sum of money and grocery checks. Owner can have by calling at 374 Adams street.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK. will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY. Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

WERE JUSTIFIED

The Hamilton Strikers In Going Out

SAYS MILL MAN TO SUN REPORTER.

Gives Facts and Figures Proving Same.

A well known mill man in conversation with a Sun reporter last evening stated that in his opinion the young girls who went out on strike in the Hamilton mills were justified in the course pursued by them. He stated that the facts in the case will show that the girl strikers' demand is a just one. Prior to the New Bedford strike in the hosiery yarn mills of the Whale City, Lowell mills now making this kind of yarn were engaged in the manufacture of print cloths. The strike was, as has been since learned, an unfortunate one to New Bedford, inasmuch as the manufacturers of that city have never recovered from it, having brought into the hosiery yarn field new competitors from Lowell the Hamilton mills being among the number. At the time of the strike, several Lowell corporations realizing the immense profit in hosiery yarn, equipped their plants with modern machines from England and soon found themselves in possession of a field lost by the New Bedford concerns. This simply goes to show what a strike may do. The present may not accomplish anything; it is always the after effect. To show the public that the little girls in the Hamilton are right, let us place at figures. Contrast the profit in hosiery yarn and print cloth and then observe the price of cotton in its state of crudity. Cotton costs six cents per pound by the bale. Convert this into print cloth and each pound will produce seven yards of the manufactured product which sells at 2¾ cents per yard. Hosiery yarn sells at 21 cents per pound. Besides the immense profit made as shown in the above figures, the corporations save all the profit in the dressing and weaving of print cloth, which does not enter into the production of hosiery yarn. Now we ask which is right, the young girls who ask to be paid for the waiting time for which they are not responsible or the corporations? Again, the corporations, if they will, can pay pay fair wages to spoolers, which they do not now receive.

OFFICE TO LET—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

The Busiest Place in Chalifoux's

Just at present is the Shirt Department. Everyone of the shirts sold is a lasting advertisement for us.

See our Shirt Window on Central Street.

38c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's Madras Negligee Shirts, excellent patterns.

50c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's White Body Fancy Bosom Shirts, all sizes.

50c., Men's Laundered Percale Shirts, with collar and cuffs attached, spring designs.

45c., Men's Soft Body Percale Shirts, with two separate collars, cuffs attached, all new goods.

44c., for 1-2 dozen four-ply Linen Collars.

69c., for 1-2 dozen Cuffs also.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

Central and Middle Streets.

Open For Business

THURSDAY, FEB. 2.

EXTRA

Friday and Saturday we will serve free a cup of our best coffee. Everybody is invited to call and try it, and examine our stock.

O'Brien Bros.,

TEA DEALERS,

227 Central St. Telephone Conn.

Look for the sign of the Gold T.

Open for Business at our new store, after Thursday, Feb. 2. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 227 Central St. Look for the sign of the gold T.

CLEVER CAPTURE

Boston Officer Caught Two Bold Thieves

WHO ENTERED A JEWELRY STORE.

One Man Caught in the Store.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Two out-of-town thieves made one of the boldest breaks that has occurred in Boston for many days at a late hour last night. At 11.45 as Patrolman James McDevitt of Division 1 was on Hanover street, his attention was attracted by the crashing of glass near the corner of Washington and Hanover streets. As he rushed to the place, a man ran out of the doorway of Franklin F. Place's Jewelry store at 81 Hanover street and made a dash for Elm street.

The officer started after him and caught him just around the corner. On returning to the store with his prisoner he discovered another man on the inside. He called for assistance and with other officers captured the second man. At the station house the prisoners gave the names of John Rafferty, 22, of New York and Wm. Scanlon, 23, of Nashua, N. H. They were locked up charged with breaking and entering.

When searched, six silver and five gold-filled watches, all apparently the property of customers, and three nickel watch cases were found in their pockets.

The large lower window pane of the door was smashed. In the store there was a quantity of other material, which the thief on the inside had laid out ready to carry off when interrupted. Patrolman McDevitt was warmly commended at the station by his brother officers for his double capture.

FATAL FALL

OF A FALL RIVER MAN—THOMAS NEVILLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 31. Thomas Neville, aged 36, fell down stairs at about 2 o'clock this morning near his home on Fenner street and died soon after from the injuries received. It is supposed he took the place where he was found for his own home and he, coming confused in the darkness, lost his footing.

SERIOUSLY BURNED

THE CONDITION OF MRS. MARGARET ROWE IS SERIOUS.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—While preparing the evening meal at her home at 50 Cary ave., Chelsea, last evening, Mrs Margaret Rowe, the well known sprinter, was severely burned about the face and hands.

Her screams were heard by Hudson L. Hall and a Mr. Rice, who were passing. They rushed to her assistance and extinguished the flames which were fed with fat, with a bag of flour.

Medical attendance was then summoned and Mrs. Rowe removed to the Frost hospital. Her condition is serious.

FUNERALS.

SMYTHE—The funeral of the late Minnie E. Smythe will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Chelmsford street church.

FARMER—The funeral of Jeremiah Farmer took place this afternoon from his late home in Pelham and was largely attended. Rev. Augustus Berry officiated. The interment was in the cemetery at Pelham.

FLYNN—The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Ellen Flynn of 22 Jewett street, were held this morning at 9.30 o'clock at St. Michael's church. The service was attended by many people besides those who attended the funeral. Rev. Richard Hoband celebrated the mass and the choir rendered the Schmidt requiem. At the conclusion of service and as the cortege was leaving the church, Miss Bessie O'Neil sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and following were the bearers: Hugh McGinn, James Purcell, John Cox, John Corby, Cornelius Crowe and Bartholomew Conway. Undertaker Davey had charge.

DEATHS.

LANGDON—Pauline, daughter of Peter and Esther Langdon of 92 Crosby street, died this morning at her parents' home, aged two years and seven months.

HAYDON—Doris B. Haydon, aged 2 years and 5 months, daughter of Dudley E. and Gertrude Haydon, died on Monday morning at the home of her parents, 58 South Loring street of membraneous croup. The funeral services were held at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Mr. Craig officiating. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

BATEMAN—Mrs. Julia P. Bateman, aged 83 years, widow of A. P. Bateman the well known lumber dealer, died Sunday morning at her home, 5 Stevens street. She leaves two sons, John F., and Luther C., of Auburn, Me.

The funeral of Mrs. Julia P. Bateman will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the late residence of the deceased, 5 Stevens street.

JOSLYN—William H. Joslyn, an old and respected resident of Lawrence, died at his residence 559 Haverhill street, Saturday evening of Bright's disease, aged 57 years, 7 months and 8 days. He was born in Lowell in 1841, and came to this city with his parents five years later. For the past twenty-five years he had conducted the Merrimac Iron foundry, succeeding his father, the late Elbridge Joslyn, in the management of the foundry. Friends viewed the remains from 11 to 12 a. m. today. Interment took place today in Bellevue cemetery. He was a member of Tuscan Lodge, F. A. and A. M.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

Miss Mary Kehoe and the Misses Powers, three charming daughters of East Boston, were the guests Sunday, of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLaughlin of Sixth street. In their honor a little gathering of friends was entertained at Mr. McLaughlin's hospitable home Sunday evening.

BOSTON PARTIES

Buy Out the Lowell Electric Light Company

DEAL WILL BE SETTLED TOMORROW.

Small Stock Holders Will be Protected.

The Lowell Electric Light company is about to pass into the hands of Boston capitalists, the change in management to take place as soon as the company's charter shall have been looked up and found flawless. The capitalists in the deal are represented by the well known firm of Stone and Webster.

A Boston lawyer came here this morning and looked up the charter. He will report tomorrow and if his report is favorable, the immediate transfer of the stock will follow payment for which will be made on the Shawmut bank of Boston.

Messrs. Stone & Webster will own a controlling interest in the stock, which they will buy at par. This fact indicates their confidence to manage the interests of the Lowell Electric Light company at a profit. They are men of recognized experience and ability in this particular business, and in consideration of their previous success there are quite a number of the present stockholders who will refuse to accept or offer made to them for their shares. They do not constitute the majority, however. At least 1501 shares will be under the control of Boston capital, a condition which will of course be accompanied by a general shake-up of in the officials of the company, and probably a material change in the present methods of operating the system.

W. A. Ingham, the largest stockholder in Lowell denied emphatically last night the report that the present deal was arranged to operate as a freeze out of minor stockholders. "It is absolutely at their own discretion whether they sell or not," he said. "I have advised my most intimate friends to hold their interests in the company, for I believe that it is going to prosper under the new management. The men who are taking hold of the property are shrewd and experienced and the future of the Lowell Electric Light company is anything but gloomy.

"The desire on the part of many of the stockholders to dispose of their interest in the company's affairs, is accounted for in the fact that there was no sale of the stock for six months. The lack of progress financially was caused by the handicap resulting from the necessity of a supervision of our securities by the gas commission before they were issued. This has crippled us to a great extent."

Another stockholder said last night: "I do not know just what the transfer of stock means. It may have been started by one of the directors who was obliged to sell his holdings to realize at this time. I signed a paper that was circulated recently among stockholders asking for a change in the management because it was said to be in the interest of the small stockholders."

WITH THE POLICE

Many Coat Thefts Have Been Reported.

TAKEN FROM DOORS AND HALLWAYS.

Another Bogus Check is Reported.

Sarah Carp, 124 Gorham street reports at the police station that someone stole a lady's skirt, blue figured with plain belt and corduroy binding from outside her store door.

Mrs. Edward Martel, 621 Merrimack street, reports that her boy's overcoat was stolen from the French College this morning. It was light gray, box cut, light lining, two buttons off on one side.

P. H. Goldman reports that someone stole a lady's skirt from his store about 9 o'clock last night.

David R. Hoynton, the grocer of 605 Merrimack street, reports that on Saturday a bogus check was passed on him by a man described as follows: About 5 feet 7 inches in height, rather slim built, 25 or 30 years old, dark complexion, smooth face, had on a black derby hat, black overcoat, long. Think there was a scar or mole on right cheek, quiet and slow talking. He bought a bill of goods amounting to $5.50 and tendered a check purporting to be drawn on Charles Gee, Traders' National bank for $11.50 getting the balance in change. The police believe that he is the same man who worked a check on C. E. Rexford.

John N. Henley, living at Graniteville and attending the Immaculate Conception school, reports that his overcoat was stolen from the school hall. It was a boy's dark blue overcoat, velvet collar, light colored, containing one pair of mitts, one pair of gloves and silk handkerchief. It was taken by a man about 5 feet 6 inches dirty face, light colored trousers, short overcoat, brown stiff hat.

Adelard Blair, of 101 Cheever street reports that he had his leather jacket stolen at Daniel Gage's ice house yesterday.

James Kieran, well known in Lowell and Billerica, is seriously ill at his home in East Chelmsford. He is a brother of Hugh Keiren the "old time" pedestrian.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Putnam & Son

We couldn't do it without your help.

You wouldn't help if the goods weren't right.

3000

of our new high-class Collars sold in a week from the lot of six thousand advertised. These are exceptional goods, made especially for us from an entirely new fibre and are offered in every leading shape.

In appearance, in finish, in workmanship, they are equal to any 25 cent collar shown: We warrant them to wear as well. What more can be asked for of a collar? Hundreds who have tried them have come back for dozens: why don't you try them?

9c. each.
6 for 50c.
Cuffs 15c. a pair.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

The Latest Picture of RUDYARD KIPLING.

Rudyard Kipling, whose very latest portrait is presented in today's Sun will soon again be in the midst of the "great pie belt of New England," the discovery of which has contributed no small share to the fame of Britain's most popular poet and story teller. Kipling sailed from Albion's shores on Wednesday and therefore was in time to be caught in mid-ocean by the full force of the past week's semi-hurricane. Kipling, after his last visit to this country, proceeded to trample all over some of the pet corns of the Yankees, and many were the dire threats uttered throughout the pie belt against the witty Britisher in case he ever came back. It may have been as a sort of propitiatory offering that the ringing message of "The White Man's Burden" came flashing under the waves to the American public at the same time that Kipling was possibly paying tribute to old Neptune on the storm tossed surface. Some of Kipling's most remarkable literary efforts have found their inspiration amid New England surroundings. The poet's family accompanies him and the literary set of the Hub probably will see more or less of him before his tour is ended.

It is quite probable that he will lecture before the Middlesex Women's club, although a rival club in this city is endeavoring to secure him.

SHARKEY'S BOUT

The Sailor Easily Knocked Out McCormick.

6000 PEOPLE SAW THE BOUT.

Sharkey Will Cover Fitzsimmons' Money.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—Tom Sharkey made his first appearance in a real contest in this city last night, when he met Jack McCormick, a local heavyweight in what was to have been a six-round go. As matters turned out, the bout lasted but a trifle more than one round. McCormick received his quietus with a right hand uppercut on the jaw which laid him flat on his back. About the largest crowd that ever attended a boxing show in this city assembled at the arena. When the two principals appeared more than 6000 were present. Many well known sports were seen around the ring, and there was quite a little betting on McCormick's ability to stay the limit.

Four preliminary bouts preceded the windup and they were only fair. When the stars appeared there was scarcely standing room. Sharkey was first in the ring. His wonderful physique caused a murmur of astonishment. He appeared to be in as good condition as when he fought McCoy a few weeks ago.

McCormick is quite as large as the sailor but the strong, hardy appearance is lacking in the local man. McCormick insisted on his opponent removing the bandages around his hands. McCormick danced around in lively fashion and Sharkey remained almost stationary. Mac led a left which landed full on Sharkey's jaw. He landed two others which fell lightly on the sailor's neck. Sharkey then got near and poked a hard left under Mac's ear. The latter continued circling and got in a few jabs; one was a stiff left on the body. Sharkey was cool and did no rushing. The round ended with both standing off. Mac started the second round with a rush and got in two-handers twice, but his fatal habit of leaning his body forward was to prove his undoing. Sharkey saw this and waited his chance. It came with the round gone only a few seconds, a left straight, over bringing Mac forward for a clinch. Sharkey uppercut with his right, which landed on Mac's stomach, and down he went. He arose before the 10 seconds were counted and Sharkey repeated his former movements, only this time his right went plunk on the jaw and McCormick was lifted off his feet and landed on his back stretched out. Sharkey helped carry him to his corner, where after a few minutes he revived sufficiently to leave the ring. Sharkey made a speech, in which he said Fitzsimmons' money would be covered next week.

A horse belonging to A. E. Wilson the coal dealer, fell several times on Varney street yesterday and severely scraped both front legs about the knees. Dull calks on the shoes was the cause of the accident.

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Buy Your PIANO

From the Manufacturer.

Avoid the dealer; save $100. Go direct to

DOLL'S, 216 Merrimack St.

4 Uprights slightly used, at half price. Squire Pianos $10 to $100.

CALL AND HEAR THEM.

GRANGE INSTITUTE

TEWKSBURY TOWN HALL SCENE OF TO-DAY'S SESSION.

The Grange institute opened session at 10 o'clock this morning in the town hall with a large attendance and everything at this meeting argues for a successful meeting. The exercises which began in the early forenoon will continue until late in the afternoon. The first number on the program was an opening essay on Leaks on the Farm. This was followed by an address by Senator Patch who spoke in a very able manner on the workings of the grange. At noon an excellent turkey dinner was furnished by the Village Improvement Association of Tewksbury. The exercises of the afternoon were of a varied character interspersed with singing and reading. The meeting was an open one the public generally having been invited. A large number attended from Lowell, the Billericas, the Chelmsfords and Dracut.

Essex County Pomona will meet at Merrimack next Thursday. There are a number from Tewksbury, Dracut and other towns that will attend this meeting. The grangers of Andover have chartered a special electric from Lawrence.

TRUE TO NAME

G. WASHINGTON POORE WILL BE ALWAYS WITH THEM.

The republican city committee will hold its annual mix-up to-night in its quarters in Wyman's Exchange when a chairman and several other officers will be elected. There are a couple of candidates for the position of chairman but a prominent member of the city committee informed the writer that it is safe to bet that George Washington Poore would get the empty honor as he seemed to be the only one who wants it badly enough to make a fight for it. There is no salary, no thanks, and little if any honor to the office. As to the influence or prestige going with the job, note the candidacy of Chairman Poore for postmaster and later for city solicitor. Still I hope he'll win.

ANNUAL REUNION

CO. C. ASSOCIATE TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The 39th anniversary of the "battle of the deserted house" was celebrated last evening by ye members of ye olden Co. C., Sixth regiment in tenth annual reunion. The celebration was held in Post 185 hall during yesterday afternoon and the local veterans of the Civil war in company with friends observed the day with as much vigor as in days gone by. The business meeting was held previous to the observance and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Albert Hamblett; vice president, W. H. Dorr; secretary and treasurer, G. W. King; executive committee, Joel Knapp, C. A. Donaghue, A. G. Parkhurst, H. W. Allen and James Murphy.

Among those present were G. W. King, J. S. G. Sweatt, Albert Hamblett, Joseph Murphy, C. A. Donaghue, H. W. Allen, A. G. Parkhurst, J. A. Richardson, R. A. Derby, B. T. Freeman, William H. Dorr and Joel Knapp.

Among the guests were Lieut.-Col. Beal of Lawrence, J. S. G. Sweatt and wife of Medford; Albert Hamblett and wife, Dracut; A. G. Parkhurst and wife, West Chelmsford and R. A. Derby of Hudson.

Mrs. James E. Wilson of Chicago, wife of a disabled comrade was also present.

Mayor Crowley, Dr. Pinkham and Major Stott were among the guests invited but the first two named were unable to attend. The Mayor, however, contributed greatly to the number of speeches made reminiscent to the Civil war. Supper was served.

WAGES CUT

AT HARRIMAN'S SUSPENDER FACTORY WHERE NEW SCHEDULE WENT INTO EFFECT YESTERDAY.

At Josiah Harriman's suspender factory, another cutdown is reported, the weavers being the sufferers. The price on double looms was decreased from 40 to 30 cents, and on single looms from 35 to 30. The operatives claim that on double looms it will make a difference of about $1.60 per week and about $1 to those operating single looms. The new schedule went into effect yesterday, but no resistance has been made, although a bad feeling has been aroused, as the weavers claim that the cut is not necessary but that the management is taking advantage of the crippled condition of the union as the result of the recent strike.

PETITION DISMISSED.

Judge Lowell in the United States district court at Boston yesterday, dismissed the petition of William A. Ingham, Chauncey L. Abbott and Daniel W. McKenzie of Lowell asking that the Bates Machine Company be adjudged a bankrupt.

ENTIRE FAMILY

WAS DROWNED IN LAKE ERIE WHILE ON PERILOUS JOURNEY

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The Tribune's Toledo, Ohio, special says: The loss of an entire family in Lake Erie is reported here. On one of the islands in the Bass group lived a family named Robson, consisting of father, mother, a daughter aged 20, and son of 5, with a hired man named Henry M. Martel. The little boy died and his parents determined to take the body back to Canada, whence they came. A clinker boat was used, the entire family starting on the perilous journey. The battered clinker boat has been found and the body of a woman is also reported to have been found recently near Port Huron, on the Canadian shore, which is presumed to have been Mrs. Robson. The other bodies have not been found.

STORM RAGING

WOMAN AND TWO CHILDREN BURIED IN A SNOW SLIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 30.—Snow began falling on the mountains shortly after midnight last week and the storm which has been raging since a week ago is again in full blast. There have been numerous snow slides and at Apex Col. the wife and two small children of Mr. Rudolph were buried in a slide and killed. The town of Beckeurdige about 40 miles from Leadville is completely isolated. Fuel and provisions are getting low and much suffering owing to the lack of necessities must result. Not a wheel has moved out of Como on the South park, for two days and reports from there tell of great losses to range stock. The mines about Leadville have been closed down. Hundreds of men have worked on the line of railroad to open the road to traffic but have failed.

AGED MAN

DROWNED IN WEYMOUTH GREAT POND THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH, Mass., Jan. 30.—Abner Hunt was drowned in Weymouth Great Pond, here, this morning. Hunt was 70 years of age and lived in a hut on the shore of the pond. He was employed in ice cutting. He started for his work early this morning and walked across the ice until he came to a thin spot, which gave way under his weight. His body has not been discovered.

SENOR MELLIZA

CHOSEN PRESIDENT OF THE ISLAND OF PANAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Jan. 30.—According to a dispatch just received from Iloilo, capital of the island of Panay, at the election held on January 17, Senor Ramon Melliza was chosen president of the so-called Visayan federation for a term of two years, his predecessor, Gen. Copez (Lopez), being appointed commander-in-chief of the forces of the revolutionary government.

Senor Melliza is kindly disposed to the Americans and it is hoped that the difficulty between the natives and the United States authorities will be settled amicably.

LADY CURTIS

WANTS COURT TO RECOGNIZE DEATH OF HER HUSBAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—In the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice to-day, Lady Sarah Curtis applied for leave to presume that the death of her husband, Sir Arthur Colin Curtis, Baronet, third Baronet of that name, occurred near Quesnelle, Mud River, British Columbia, while he was on the way to the Klondike. Evidence was given that he left his party's camp on June 10, 1898, after a disagreement and has not been seen since. The judge thought the application was early, in view of Sir Arthur's death being so recent but he granted leave, on a precedent being cited. The estate is valued at 16,000 pounds sterling.

GEN. LIEBER

HAS POSSESSION OF THE EAGAN COURT MARTIAL RECORDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The record of the court martial in the case of Commissary General Eagan was placed in the hands of Judge Advocate General Lieber today for review. Secretary Alger discussed the matter with the president yesterday and the papers came to the judge advocate general through the usual routine channels. General Lieber could not say today how long it will take him to complete the review. When he has concluded with the papers, he will send them along to the adjutant general. Colonel Weston, who has been designated to act as commissary general, is reported to be still lying ill in New York, and the reports do not indicate when he may be expected here to assume the duties of the office.

INCREASED SHIPPING INTERESTS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 30.—The American shipping interests of the Hawaiian Islands have largely increased since their annexation to the United States. There are now loading for or on the way to the islands fifty vessels, of which 30 fly the American flag, 5 the British, 3 the Norwegian and 2 the German. Most of them are laden with merchandise and expect to return with cargoes of sugar.

SPANISH TROOPS ARRIVE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PONTA DEL GAZA, Azore, Jan. 30.—The Spanish transport Ems has arrived here from Cienfuegos, Cuba, with Spanish troops. Three of the soldiers died on the voyage and 25 men were dangerously ill when she reached this port. The steamer has been subjected to a rigorous quarantine.

BALLOT FOR SENATOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 30.—The 22nd ballot for United States senator today resulted as follows: George Gray (dem.) 15; Addicks, 14; Dupont, 5; Chandler, 1; Spruance, 1; Anthony Higgins (rep. rep.), 2; ex-Congressman J. S. Willis, (Union rep.) 1; Joseph L. Topham (Union rep.), 1; Handy, 5; absent, 8. Total vote, 44; necessary to a choice, 22.

ANNIVERSARY OBSERVED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, England, Jan. 30.—The anniversary of the execution of King Charles I, who was beheaded on Jan. 30, 1649 was celebrated today by the legitimist and Jacobite leagues in London and the provinces. Numbers of wreaths and floral crosses were deposited at the foot of the Charles I statue Whitehall, in the presence of the leading legitimists and Jacobites, who stood bare headed during the ceremony.

Conspicuous among the tributes was a shield, surmounted by a crown of immortelles from American Jacobites. Attached to it was a white silk ribbon inscribed: "America Remembers Her Martyrd King."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. This Kind You Have Always Bought

GREAT EXCITEMENT

In the Chamber of Deputies Today.

Government's Proposal Adopted to Submit Bill Providing That Cases of Trial Revision Shall be Brought Before United Section of Court of Cassation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The chamber of deputies today by a vote of 346 to 159, adopted the government's proposal to submit t othe committee entrusted with such matters the bill providing that cases of trial revision shall be brought before the united sections of the court of cassation. The report of M. Manza, first president of the court of cassation, on the charges of M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, the former president of the civil section of that body, will be read before that body.

The minister of justice, M. Lebrat introduced the bill and asked that it be sent to a committee. It was read amid profound silence. The preamble of the measure, declaring that the bill was of necessity for peace and to restore calm in the country, was greeted with applause from the centre and murmurs from the extreme left. M. Georges Berry, rallied conservative, representing the first division of the Seine, said the chamber was not aware why the government introduced the bill and asked for the official publication of the evidence in the case of M. Bard, who reported on the Dreyfus case to the court of cassation. (Cheers.)

The premier, M. Dupuy, said he did not wish the chamber to vote in the dark. He was desirous that full light be thrown on the subject and therefore the government would submit to the committee the complete documents in the case. (Cheers.)

The premier then asked the chamber to proceed with the discussion of the budget.

M. Massabua, rallied republican, representing the Espalion district of Aveyron, expressed surprise that the criminal chamber of the court was allowed to continue the revision inquiry. (Leftist protests.)

M. Millerand, radical socialist, first district of the Seine, reproached the government with interrupting the course of justice and placing the matter in the hands of the chamber, which he added, meant that henceforth it would be impossible for anything to be kept secret and it would be necessary to publish everything. (Leftist applause.)

The premier replied that the committee would have full powers to ask for the publication of the documents and the government would not object.

If the chamber voted the bill, all the documents referred to the inquiry would have to be submitted to all the members of the court of cassation. He added: This matter can be threshed out later and the government will then be willing to reply to all questions."

MR. DE BEAUREPAIRE

ASSERTS THAT TESTIMONY WAS GIVEN AGAINST MEMBERS OF COURT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—M. Quesney de Beaurepaire, the former president of the Civil Section of the Court of Cassation, in an article in the Echo de Paris today, urged the members of the Chamber of Deputies not to be satisfied with reading the letter of M. Mazau, first president of the Court of Cassation on the subject of M. de Beaurepaire's charges, but to insist upon reading the evidence in the case. He asserts that M. Mazau received testimony rendering certain members of the Criminal Court liable to penalties and adds that he is convinced the deputies will not allow the inquiry to be stifled.

But, he continues, if they refuse to act, he will do so himself, by inducing witnesses to allow him to publish their evidence.

The Minister of War, M. De Freycinet of the republican guard is to challenge M. Urbain, author of the "Army Against the Nation," which caused a great outcry owing to its severe condemnation of militarism, and which led to a debate in the Chamber of Deputies. The article is considered insulting to Major Gaudelette.

BANK PRESIDENT DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 30.—Jonathan F. Morris, formerly president of the Charter Oak National Bank, died this morning, aged 77 years. He was one of the organizers of the Republican party in this state. He was born in Belchertown, Mass. He leaves two daughters.

A BIG FIRE

SEVERAL FIREMEN WERE INJURED BY FALLING GLASS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 30.—The six-story building at 118 and 120 Penn avenue, occupied by the New York Biscuit company and the La Grosse Art Glass Company, was damaged by fire to-day to the extent of $75,000. Several firemen were injured by falling glass, but all will recover. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

Pond's Extract

(Avoid Substitutes)

Cleanses and Heals all Inflamed Surfaces, Cures Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh and

Relieves Pain

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

TEACHES NO MORE

"Teacher" Coughlin Resigned Today.

AFTER 46 YEARS CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

The Oldest Schoolmam in Lowell.

"Teacher" Coughlin, the oldest school teacher in Lowell, in point of service, today sent in her resignation to her sub-committeeman, Thomas Murphy. For some time past she has been in poor health, and had contemplated resigning for some little time past.

Miss Ellen Coughlin, though it seems more natural to refer to her as "Teacher" Coughlin, is known to almost every Lowell school boy of two generations. A native of Lowell, she was appointed a public school teacher on January 3, 1853, and started in at the old wooden school building upon the site of which the present Morrill school stands, on Adams and Common streets. The original school was ungraded, and Miss Coughlin taught all classes. When the Morrill school was built she was made its principal, and thus has taught continuously for 46 years in practically the same school. Many of Lowell's most prominent citizens, and men distinguished beyond the confines of the Spindle City, received their early education from "Teacher" Coughlin, and the dear old teacher was held in reverence by hundreds whom she has taught. As a teacher she was most successful and the pupils leaving her school were as finely taught as any in New England.

OUT ON STRIKE

The Comb Winders in Hamilton Mills

LEAVE MR. DODGE'S ROOM THIS AFTERNOON.

Want More Pay or Less Waiting.

Twenty-five young girls, all comb winders went out on strike this afternoon from No. 4 mule room, Hamilton mills. They, after the dinner hour, headed by Miss Lizzie Donnelly, waited on Overseer O. H. Dodge and informed him that they should have more wages than they were receiving for the character of work they were performing, that on the silver gray yarn. Overseer Dodge stated that he would have to consult Supt. Childs on the matter and on returning to the young ladies said that their request would not be complied with. The young girls then got together to formulate some form of action when they were told to either go to work or go out. They did the latter for out of thirty girls employed, but five remained behind. The girls informed a Sun reporter that they would not have found so much fault if they did not have considerable "waiting time," to contend with.

They are employed on piece work at 62 cents on the hundred and the most that they can make a week is $3.50 and they have to hustle to earn that amount.

They, the strikers, feel that they should, to say the least, be allowed for waiting time, especially when they have to rewind what is termed incompetent work.

The girls who are bright and intelligent, are quite determined to remain out until some rightful concession is made in their behalf.

HOW HE SAVES LIVES.

A Man Who Is Devoting Himself to the Cure of America's Worst Disease.

Dr. Hartman's Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh.

Do you know of Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio? Are you a sufferer from catarrh? If you are, and do not know this physician, you are neglecting a chance that perhaps is the only one left you to get rid of this distressing and stubborn disease. Dr. Hartman is a benefactor to the human race. He has devoted his life to the study and cure of catarrh. That his efforts have not been wasted is proved by the thousands of people made well and happy by his treatment. Pe-ru-na is the name which Dr. Hartman has given to his favorite prescription. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh. Catarrh is a disease of the membranes. The mucous membrane is the inside lining of all the organs of the body. It is therefore not strange that any of the great vital organs are liable to become affected. Catarrh changes all of the life-giving secretions of the body into scalding fluids which destroy and inflame every part with which they come in contact. Pe-ru-na is an enemy of catarrh and follows it relentlessly, driving the poisonous secretions which it generates, from the system. As a single instance of the value of Pe-ru-na in a case where the poisonous nature of catarrh became apparent we take pleasure in quoting a letter from Mr. John D. Hirdler, of Garfield, Kansas. To use his own words, he says: "I had to carry my wife to and fro. Her whole body was broken out. All the medicines I gave her and all the doctors who saw her, were of no avail. Finally I saw Pe-ru-na advertised. We gave it a trial. The eruption is now gone. My wife has new strength in her body, and although she is now sixty-three years old she feels as young as though she were thirty."

Another instance of a case where Pe-ru-na cured where everything else failed is that of Mr. John H. Kuhlmann, of Elk Creek, Neb., who says: "For over a year my whole system being shattered by catarrh I went from doctor to doctor and got worse instead of better, until I commenced to take Pe-ru-na. I was able to go to work again almost at once and was soon perfectly cured. Should I ever feel ill again I will take Pe-ru-na."

In the West and South Pe-ru-na has made for itself an enviable reputation. It is now for the first time being introduced in New England, and can be bought of any druggist. Time should not be wasted before procuring it, for the ravages of catarrh are more rapid than usually supposed. Should anyone desire to consult with Dr. Hartman in regard to his individual case, they may do so by writing to him at Columbus, Ohio. He will gladly advise special treatment where same is necessary, absolutely free of charge. His free directions in regard to using his famous Pe-ru-na will save many dollars, as all who have had occasion to consult a specialist are aware.

TWO MEN KILLED

From a Gang of Twenty Men.

AT WORK IN A RAILROAD TUNNEL

When an Engine Dashed Through Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ALTOONA, Penn., Jan. 30.—A gang of 26 track repair men were working on the railroad at the western opening of the Gallitzin tunnel today, when they heard the approach of a locomotive, which was running west through the tunnel. They stepped from the north track on which the west bound tracks move to the south track. The smoke in the tunnel prevented them from seeing the approaching locomotive which in order to avoid obstructions on the north track, was running on the south track.

One man was instantly killed, one died in the Altoona hospital and 10 were more or less seriously injured. None escaped without injury. Gallitzin is the home of all the men.

LOWELL DIRECTORY FOR 1899.

The canvass for the new city directory is just finished. The publishers in order that errors may occur in it as seldom as possible, would respectfully request all persons who have changed their location or business and not given the change to one of the canvassers to report the same to Joshua Merrill & Son, 124 Central street, the local agents, and the correction will be made before printing.

THE LIBERAL LEADER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—A meeting of the liberal members of the house of commons has been convened for February 6 to discuss the question of party leadership in the house.

The proceedings, it is expected, will be very brief and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, who was chief secretary for Ireland in 1884 and secretary of state for war in 1885 and again from 1892 to 1895 and who now represents Stirling district, be selected.

HE TOOK MORPHINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROCKTON, Mass., Jan. 30.—Frank S. Nash, a druggist, died this morning from an overdose of morphine. He had been suffering from insomnia and despondency and had taken the dose, it is surmised, to induce sleep. No other cause for the act is assigned.

"Ripans Tabules have done so much for me that I want to let other people know it," writes a constable of Ithaca, N. Y. "I had catarrh of the stomach in the worst way, and my digestion was very bad. I tried about all the doctors in the city, but they did not do me any good. I was so bad I could not work or sit up more than part of the time. My sister had been using Ripans Tabules, and they had done her so much good that I tried them, and, after taking them three weeks, my catarrh did not trouble me any, and I could work, and kept getting better all the time."

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—TEN CENTS. This low priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

TRUANT SCHOOL

One Remonstrant Appeared at Yesterday's Hearing

OPPOSING PETITION FOR MORE LAND

Committe on Counties Visit School.

Only one remonstrant, Jerome F. Manning, Esq., appeared before the legislative committee on counties yesterday to oppose a petition for an appropriation of $12,000 with which to acquire additional land made necessary by the rapid growth of the institution.

The petition was presented by Ex-Mayor Bennett and others and is explained in the following two sections of the bill accompanying it:

Section 1—The county commissioners of the county of Middlesex are hereby authorized and empowered to acquire for the uses and purposes of the truant school at Chelmsford, in said county, additional land in said town of Chelmsford, and may take, by purchase or otherwise, such adjacent land as may be necessary for such purposes, not exceeding fifteen acres.

Section 2—In order to meet the expenses incurred under this act, said commissioners may borrow from time to time, upon the credit of said county, a sum not exceeding in the aggregate, $12,000. Said indebtedness shall be paid out of amounts received for taxes at the rate of $3000 each year, commencing with the year 1900 until the whole indebtedness is discharged.

The petitioners put up a strong case at the hearing on January 17th.

Yesterday's hearing took place at the Truant school at North Chelmsford, the visitors from Boston arriving shortly after noon. In the party assembled were the following:

The committee on counties:

Senators A. A. Maxwell, Boston; chairman; F. W. Dallinger, Cambridge; W. S. Leach, Raynham; Representatives E. E. Wentworth, Cohasset; David Neale, Dedham, clerk; N. A. Bugbee, Monson; J. F. Carey, Haverhill; W. R. Davis, Cambridge; F. W. Francis, New Bedford; T. Mackey, Watertown; M. M. Mansfield, Lowell; C. Muleham, Cambridge and these others: Reps. A. S. Apsey of Cambridge, Hayes of Lowell, Quigley of North Chelmsford, Ex-Rep. Raper, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Col. Ripley, North Chelmsford; Keeper Fairburn of Cambridge jail; Secretary Hill of state board of education; Rev. Mr. Dunbar of Chelmsford, Rev. C. L. Merriam, Lawrence Cummings, J. F. Manning and County Commissioners Gould, Upham and Bigelow.

The visitors upon arriving found the entire school enjoying itself on the small improvised pond in front of the building. After an inspection of the school the visitors sat down to dinner at which Chairman Gould of the county commissioners presided and Rev. C. L. Merriam invoked divine blessing and at its conclusion a hearing was given to Mr. Manning, the only remonstrant to the petition. Mr. Manning agreed that the county was overburdened with expense and could not afford any additional appropriations. He then sailed into the Court House addition as a glaring instance of woful extravagance and inked more of the court house than of the truant school. When he had concluded the committee and guests were given seats in the large school room in which 60 of the neatest appearing boys that the writer has seen in a long time were seated at the desks. When all had been seated the boys opened the exercises with the singing of "America," showing vigorous, good voices and excellent training. Then Chairman Gould made a brief address and introduced several speakers in turn, among them being Senator Maxwell, Rep. Apsey, Sec. Hill of the State Board of Education, Rev. Mr. Merriam, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Lawrence Cummings and others. Some of the speakers were inclined to talk over the heads of the youngsters while others hit the boys just right. Sec. Hill and Rev. Mr. Merriam both with a happy faculty of winning the attention of children, making particularly pleasing addresses.

Between the speechmaking the boys rendered several songs in chorus, the young lady teacher who presides over the musical portion of their education showing commendable judgement in selecting songs like "Climb Up, Children, Climb," "My Gal's a High-Born Lady," and similar popular ballads in which children always take an interest and sing well. The deportment of the boys was excellent throughout and even Mr. Manning, it is believed, was inclined to modify his views ere he departed from the school.

The visitors left Lowell on the 3.47 train.

SUPT. WARREN'S REUORT.

Apropos of the hearing on the Truant school matter The Sun prints below the annual report of Supt. Warren, the indefatigable principal of the institution for the past year.

The report in its entirety is as follows:

Middlesex County Truant School,
No. Chelmsford, Mass., Jan. 1, 1899.

To the Commissioners of Middlesex County:

I hereby submit the following report for the year ending December 31, 1898:

There were 93 boys in the school December 31, 1897.

Admitted during the year	61
Discharged during the year	51
Remaining Dec. 31, 1898	103
Average number for the year	101

Of those committed, fifty were habitual truants, twelve had wandered about the streets, one had violated the rules of school and one was a neglected child.

Of those released, forty-two were discharged at expiration of sentence, five by order of the court and four on probation.

Of the number committed, forty-eight could read and write, four could only read and twelve could neither read nor write.

The current expenses for the year amounted to $15,857.09, or $3.00 per capita per week.

The amount collected and paid to the county treasurer from cities and towns for support of truants was $8,094.29 and from sundry receipts, $19.80.

Am't due from cities and towns $1149.25
The total income was 9,114.34

By act of the last legislature, the amount charged cities and towns for support of pupils was cut from two dollars to one dollar per capita per week, reducing the income derived from this source by one-half.

This act also obliged the state board of education to visit the truant schools of the state and annually report to the legislature their condition. This act is heartily approved by your superintendent as it gives us the benefit of advice and criticism from trained and experienced educators, putting us more in touch with the public schools of the state.

The family building which was in process of erection at the time of my last report, was completed and occupied in March last. At the opening exercises, there were present the committees on education and counties from the legislatures and many invited guests. They were welcomed by your chairman, Levi S. Gould, and addresses were made by Hon. Alfred S. Roe, chairman of the committee on education, Mr. Bosworth and others.

The building was completed within the appropriation, and is occupied by a family of fifty boys.

We close the year with one hundred and six pupils, a gain in number of thirteen pupils for the year. In my opinion, the increase for the time to come will be at least ten per cent. annually, and the condition of additional room will soon have to be met. I recommend that the unoccupied land lying west of the school and extending to Princeton street, be taken by purchase or otherwise. It is needed for tillage purposes, and in the future, if it should be considered wise to add to the capacity of the institution, the extra space would be necessary.

The land can probably be bought at a less price now than later, as upon the completion of Princeton street extension by the state highway commission, it will be put into the market for building purposes. It would not be for the best interests of the school to have land so near (within twelve feet of our building) built upon by others.

I would also recommend the erection of a central heating plant, with sufficient storage room for a year's supply of coal. At the present time the buildings are heated by a boiler in the basement of each. The saving in labor and fuel would be large and a lower price for coal obtained could we purchase a year's supply, instead of, as now, having to take from time to time, only the amount we can store.

We were enabled upon the completion of the new building to grade the schools, and thus save very much time given to individual work. When you consider that eighteen per cent. of the children admitted during the year could not read a simple sentence you will recognize the need of such work.

The health of the children has been uniformly good throughout the year. We have had but one case of serious illness, that of pneumonia, from which a good recovery was made.

Owing to the wet season, the crops upon our most productive land were largely failures, particularly root crops. A larger quantity of berries was raised than ever before.

The boys have been employed through the season in the necessary farm work, and in grading the ground around the new building. Many cubic yards of earth have been moved in wheelbarrows, gutters paved, ditches excavated, etc. If more land is not acquired there will be but little outside work for so many boys after this year.

Classes in sloyd have been maintained throughout the year with good results.

Our annual excursion day was celebrated by a boat ride to Nashua. All holidays have been observed in the usual manner.

Religious services have been held each Sabbath: Protestant services have been conducted by various clergymen, and Catholic services by Rev. J. J. Shaw of Chelmsford. We wish to thank all for many kindnesses.

Thanking you for your wise counsel and support, I am,

Respectfully Yours,
—M. A. Warren, Supt.

Ages of boys committed during the year:

Between 3 and 4 years, 1; between 7 and 8 years, 1; between 8 and 9 years, 4; between 9 and 10 years, 8; between 10 and 11 years, 8; between 11 and 12 years, 7; between 12 and 13 years, 13; between 13 and 14 years, 14; between 14 and 15 years, 7; between 15 and 16 years, 1; total, 64.

Committed from cities and towns during the year:

Cambridge, 18; Lowell, 25; Somerville, 7; Newton, 6; Chelsea, 3; Malden, 1; Marlborough, 1; Waltham, 1; Woburn, 1; Revere, 1; total, 64.

Birthplace of boys committed during the year:

Massachusetts, 41; Maine, 1; New York, 2; Connecticut, 1; Canada, 5; New Brunswick, 1; Nova Scotia, 1; Virginia, 1; Portugal, 1; England, 1; Italy, 1; Germany, 1; Prince Edward Island, 1; Unknown, 5; total, 64.

Domestic condition of boys committed during the year:

Father dead, 15; mother dead, 10; both parents dead, 4; parents separated, 4; total, 33.

Nativity of boys committed during the year:

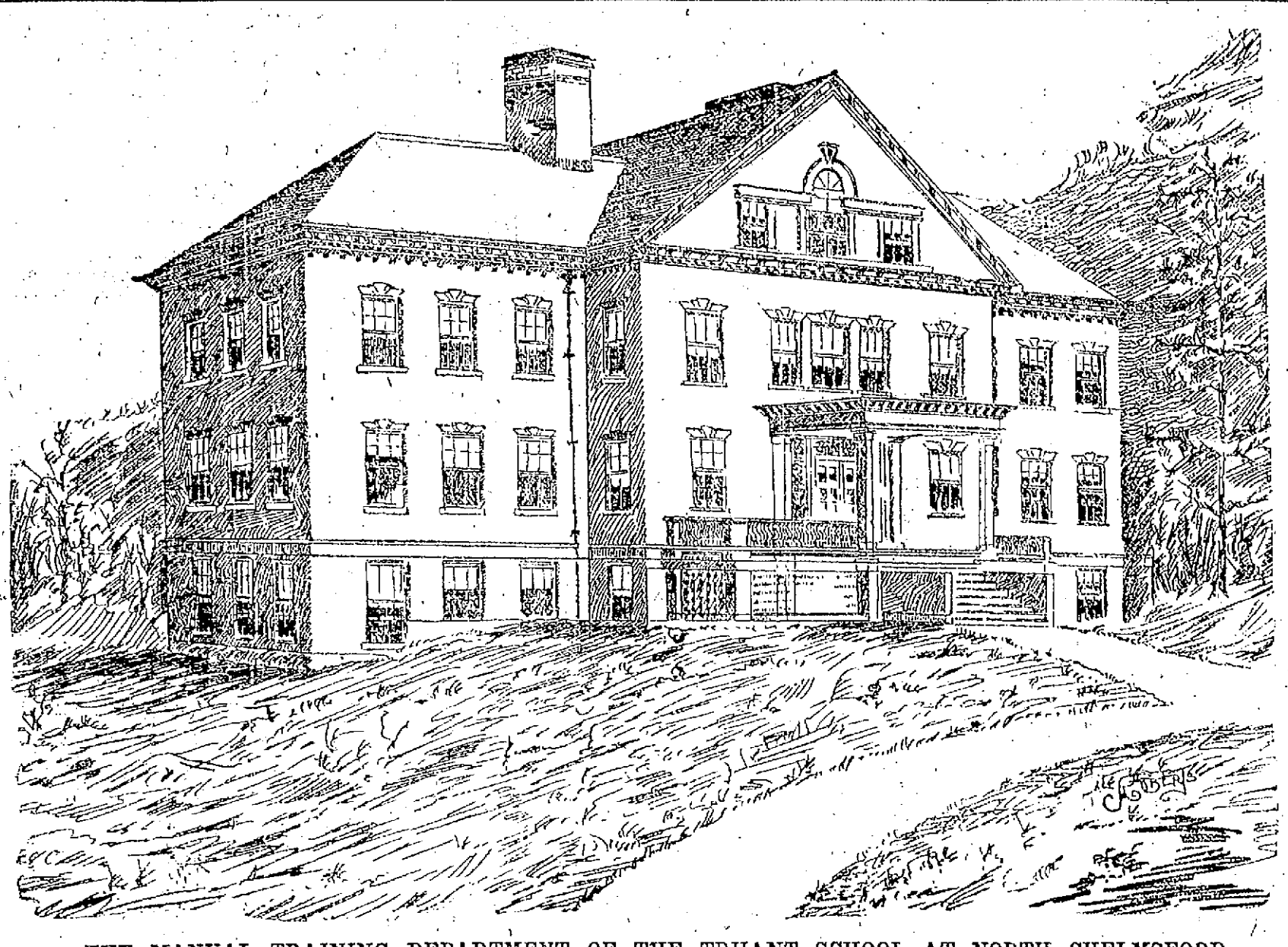
Father born in United States, 14; father foreign born (including 11 in Canada) 43; unknown, 7; mother born in United States, 16; mother foreign born (including 14 in Canada) 42; unknown, 6.

PASSED THE EXAMINATION.

James G. Hill, Jr., Wilbrod Lemoine, Thomas G. Robbins and George H. Spalding of this city have successfully passed the examination for admission to the bar.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Gideon McKay of Nashua, N. H., and Miss Cora Dow of this city were united in marriage on Saturday, by Rev. George F. Kengott of the First Trinitarian church at the bride's home, 224 High street.



THE MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT OF THE TRUANT SCHOOL AT NORTH CHELMSFORD.

A robust, manly son and a coing baby-girl nestling in her bosom — what more can any womanly woman ask? It is a boon that Heaven intended should be granted to every woman.

Thousands fail of this because they have neglected to look after their health in a womanly way. The health of a woman's babies is dependent upon her own health during the period of prospective maternity. The prospective mother cannot be too particular about her physical condition. If she suffers from local weakness, nervousness or loss of vigor and virility, her children will be weak, puny and sickly. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only unfailing cure for all weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the brunt of maternity. It makes these organs strong, healthy, vigorous, virile and elastic. It makes the prospective mother strong and cheerful. It robs maternity of its perils. It insures a baby constitutionally strong. It is the invention of an eminent and skillful specialist, who has had thirty years' training in this particular branch, during which time he and his staff of physicians have prescribed for many thousands of women. Medicines dealers sell it and an honest dealer will not urge upon you an inferior substitute merely for the little added profit he may make therein.

"I am the mother of a nice baby four and a half months old," writes Mrs. J. B. Clough, (Box 203.) of Lisbon, Grafton Co., N. H. "I cannot give too much praise to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good."

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prevent it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

BOYS GET $10,000

Verdict for $5,000 for Each

FOR INJURIES BY SHIFTING CARS.

Against the American Sugar Refining Company.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—In the second session of the Superior Court yesterday the jury awarded two South Boston boys $5000 damages each against the American Sugar Refining company. The boys are Stephen Flaherty, aged 11, of 6 Granite street, and Patrick Lee, aged 11 of 1 Granite street. Both were injured at the same time by alleged negligence of the company in the shifting of freight cars.

Stephen Flaherty received a gash on his head, in which it was necessary to take forty-four stitches. He also received bodily injuries and is lamed for life. His health has been very much impaired as a result of the accident.

PATRICK LEE, South Boston, aged 11, who is warded $5000 damages against the American Sugar Refining company, for loss of his leg.

Patrick Lee had one of his legs taken off.

The fathers of the boys are laborers, working for small pay, and with large families dependent on them.

In the case of Flaherty $2500 will be kept as an intact fund until he is 21 years of age. The other will be invested in a comfortable home for the family. The boy will be given a good education as he will probably not be able to earn his livelihood when he grows to manhood by manual labor.

STEPHEN FLAHERTY, the 11-year-old South Boston boy, who was given a $5000 verdict against the American Sugar Refining company.

The Lee boy will also be educated. His father speaks with intense pride of his boy's ability in the acquirement of knowledge, and will leave no stone unturned in giving the lad good training.

HE MADE MONEY

That Was Bad and Passed It.

YOUNG HATCH ADMITS HIS GUILT.

Police Think He Had Some Pals.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

REVERE, Jan. 31.—Chief of Police Ray is somewhat puzzled over the case of Carl E. Hatch 17, of this town. According to the story, he told Chief Ray he is a counterfeiter. He was arrested in Malden for the Revere police last Sunday, and is charged simply with having counterfeit money in his possession.

Hatch is the son of William I. Hatch, a house painter of Lynn street in North Revere. He is a bright young fellow, and his ready and pleasible stories have bothered Chief Ray and his men.

Chief Ray has secured four or five boys of the town as witnesses against young Hatch. They all claim to have seen the prisoner with from 15 to 20 counterfeit dimes and nickels at different times.

When Chief Ray went to Malden to bring Hatch to Revere, the boy told him then that he had made the counterfeit money himself. He said that he had pounded a dime and a nickel into pieces of lead pipe until he had obtained a perfect impression of each side of the two coins. With a nail he made an opening for the molten metal to flow into the mold he had thus made.

The sample of the counterfeit money which Chief Ray has in his possession, would almost warrant belief in the tale told Chief Ray. The counterfeits are certainly not such as to deceive anyone, giving them more than a casual glance. They are of lead and are much thicker than the genuine. The weight alone is sufficient to tell of what they are made.

After young Hatch had been taken to the Revere lockup, his mother called to see him. She exhorted the young lad to tell the truth about the matter and he replied if he did so, he would get out of the matter. By his answer he implied that there were others interested in the matter.

Chief Ray seems to be of this opinion. He thinks that there may be certain persons making the coins and giving them to boys to get rid of. Today he intends seeing the U. S. authorities and request them to take charge of the case.

Today he had young Hatch in the Chelsea police court on a charge of having counterfeit money in his possession. The lad was simply arraigned and the case continued.

Now Chief Ray says that if the U. S. authorities will take charge of the case he will ask to have his charge against the boy dismissed in the Chelsea court.

Though only charged with having the money in his possesion, the police claim to have evidence which will show that Hatch passed some of this bad money in Malden in exchange for a loaf of bread and that he also passed a coin in North Revere.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies impart strength and vigor.

MILL GIRL'S LUCK

A Lawrence Operative Inherits $20,000

SARAH INGLESON RECEIVES THE FORTUNE

From Her Uncle Who Died Recently.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 31.—Through the death of her uncle Sarah Ingleson, an Everett mill's weaver, falls heir to about $20,000.

Thirty years ago William Ingleson and his wife came to Lawrence from Lancashire, Eng., and found employment in the Pemberton mills, he a loom-fixer, she a weaver. Both worked hard and steadily, and in course of time became real estate owners, purchasing land on Merrimac street. This street was at that time little more than cleared ground which could be purchased at the rate of a cent a foot.

Mr. Ingleson bought several large lots. As time went on and the city grew, four tenement houses sprang up on the Ingleson lots, and then a pretty home for the hard working couple.

Five years ago, by the death of his wife, Mr. Ingleso nwas left alone in his home, there being no children, and he began to wonder what he should do with his hard-earned money. There were relatives in New Jersey and Philadelphia, and the old man decided to pay them a visit before making a will in their favor.

He decided to go in the disguise of a poor relation.

"If they treat me well I'll give them my money, if they don't—" and the old man smiled grimly.

He visited them all and came back to this city. He was chary of information concerning the reception he met but he made no will in favor of those particular relatives.

Last fall his niece Sarah came from Stockport, Eng., to try her fortune in the states. She took up her abode with her rayell uncle and obtained employment in the Everett mills. A widowed sister-in-law of Mr. Ingleson's kept house for the pair, until a few weeks ago she sickened and died.

Sarah left her work in the mill to nurse her aunt through her last illness, and then announced her intention to retur nto England.

"Hide o bit lass," said the old uncle, "I shall not be long here, now, an' mi word for it, ye'll not regret it."

Last Saturday William Ingleson died, having lived to be threescore and fourteen years of age.

To the niece he had known for only a few months he left his houses and lands and much money in the banks. It is her intention to dispose of the property, in accordance with the old man's advice, and return at once to her home in England.

M. Charles Ward, the genial clerk of the post office, is to chaperon a theatre party to Boston Washington's birthday.

John Green, the well known baritone, attended the Tewksbury Grange meeting today.

What's the Use of doing all the work of cleaning, when Ivorine Washing Powder will do the biggest part? What's the use of fretting and wearing your life out on the dishes and the silverware, the pots and the pans, when Ivorine will do the work?

There's a cake of pure Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package.

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO.,
GLASTONBURY, CONN.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY

MME. LE CLAIR'S FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY

Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. $5 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N.B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.

Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The liver gets lazy and sluggish sometimes, and then you have biliousness and bad complexion.

LIVER

Hostetter's BITTERS

livens up the liver, clears up the complexion and makes you well again.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, physicians advocate them.

Reduce, Reducing, Reduced

That is just what we have done with our prices on

Oil Heating Stoves and Parlor Stoves.

We are determined to close them out at reduced prices, rather than carry them over.

If you have use for a heating stove, either for coal, oil or gas, come and see our stock. We know we can suit you.

GAYNOR & CO.

95 Prescott Street.

Many Men Are Supremely Happy

of the wearing qualities of our Famous $3.00 SUNLIGHT SHOES. These shoes are made expressly for us.

Made by expert workmen.
Made on the latest lasts.
Made to stand the test.

Made as good as any $3.50 shoe in Lowell. We warrant every pair to give satisfaction, or your money back. It's easy to match these shoes. It's hard to match their sterling qualities.

Sold only in Lowell at the

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 Central Street.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY.

PROMPTING ENDEAVORS.

The natural law of suggestion and example is the contagious spirit of progress, showing superiority of teaching Bookkeeping, Shorthand and English—day and evening—at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The citizens of Lowell now look to District Attorney Weir for an inquest upon the death of Mr. Mayotte and that of Mary A. Leonard.

Still it seems that Senator Quay is unable to command the necessary number of votes to land him in the United States senate. It would require an expert corruptionist like Hanna to fix the opposition so as to elect Quay.

The Boston city government budget for the ensuing year amounts to the vicinity of fourteen million dollars after having been reduced by about two millions and this is considered inadequate for the various projects being started up in the interests of the city.

The Citizen attacks Councilman Saunders for not voting when City Messenger Fagan was elected but it has not a word to say against republicans who voted for Mr. Fagan. It is afraid to single out the councilman who elected Fagan, yet it pounces upon Saunders.

Company M of Lowell is a unit in testifying to the inferior quality of the beef furnished to the army during their campaign in Cuba. They did not go so far as to say it was embalmed beef, but the majority of them say it was rotten. That being so, it would seem that even the embalming process proved an utter failure.

It is about time that Mark Hanna had cleared up that bribery case by which he was elected to the United States senate. One of the men who received $1700 of the bribe money has let the matter out and now he is called on to produce the money. This is the only case in which Hanna ever bribed a man who let the cat out of the bag.

President Kiley of the Boston common council wants a general cut-down of wages in that city. He is a republican and most of the office holders being democrats, he wants to reduce wages. If the office holders were republicans, this officious statesman would probably advocate an increase in the wages.

At last, the police of New York have discovered the man who mailed the poisonous package to Harry Cornish. Upon this particular case, the New York police seem to have been utterly helpless. Now that they have a definite clue, it is to be hoped that they will eventually solve the mystery and bring the perpetrators to justice.

It is gratifying to know that it is now quite probable that an inquest will be held on the death of Charles W. Mayotte, and at the same time we suggest that an inquest be held on the death of Mary A. Leonard who was killed on her way to work by being run over by a milk wagon. There are witnesses to this fatality and the whole matter should be cleared up in order to ascertain whether the driver of the team was criminally negligent. It is due to the public of Lowell that there should be an inquest in order to satisfy the citizens as to the dangers they may expect on the public streets from reckless driving or other causes.

General Eagan has been found guilty and his sentence is dismissal from the service. Owing to the plea of temporary insanity made in his behalf, a great deal of sympathy has been felt for him since his trial, and as the sentence bears a recommendation for mercy, it is quite probable that President McKinley will show clemency. There is no doubt whatever that General Eagan is honest, and no doubt that if embalmed beef was furnished to the soldiers or if other frauds were perpetrated it was wholly without his knowledge. In dispensing supplies to the value of $30,000,000, it is stated that General Eagan has never been benefited directly or indirectly and at the present time that he is practically no richer than when he started. He may have made mistakes during the war but he was probably guilty of no intentional neglect of duty. The only offence of which he is convicted is his attack on General Miles and in that he made the greatest mistake of his career. Again General Miles has triumphed and today he is stronger with the country than ever before.

It is very remarkable how many bills have been introduced in the legislature affecting the city of Boston, and few of them coming from any popular demand within the city itself. They have been introduced by petty politicians who hope to get the legislature to assist them in making Boston a republican city. The main object is to overcome the democratic majority by trickery and fraud. Governor Wolcott in his inaugural message cautioned the legislators against this very evil, but it seems that his good advice has been thrown away upon them. It remains to be seen whether the legislature as a whole will prostitute its power to the extent of passing these corrupt measures in any form.

While superintending the arrest of a number of men on Dummer street Saturday evening, Lieutenant Brosnahan showed his sense of duty by ordering one of the officers to go into a house from which the prisoners were taken, and get the clothing of one man who had been placed in the patrol wagon without hat, coat or shoes. The officer rather reluctantly obeyed the order but it was a very proper one, considering the cold night. It would have been sufficient to give the man pneumonia to ride in an open wagon on Saturday night without the articles of clothing mentioned. It appears that some of the police officers, at least, are learning to be more considerate in the treatment of prisoners.

It appears that the textile workers of Fall River have formulated their demands for higher wages. They want a restoration of the wages which they received before the last cut down and in this demand they are joined by the operatives of Lowell, Lawrence, and New Bedford. Now that business is improving in every direction and particularly in the mills, it is to be hoped that the manufacturers will endeavor to do justice to their operatives. They have already confessed that their decision to cut wages as a means of helping the business was a total failure, and that a curtailment of production would have been very much better. For this reason it is doubly incumbent upon them to make amends by restoring the old schedule of wages.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Worcester Telegram—That senator who said Rear Admiral Schley ran away from Cervera at Santiago, in face of the report of the commission that, with how skilfully he maneuvered to avoid being rammed and to get into a better position for chasing Cervera, will soon tell the committee that Dewey ran away at Cavite because he got short of ammunition and stopped to fill up the ammunition and his men.

Milford Journal—It's no use—you can't choke 'em off. Congressman Barrows of this state, who goes out with this session, is a reformer and can talk very prettily about "the office should seek the man" etc., etc., etc. but this doesn't stop him from pushing for the lucrative position of librarian of congress, almost before the flowers have faded on the grave of the deceased incumbent, John Russell Young. If a low, groveling spoilsman had done this what a howl of righteous indignation there would have been from the goody goody fellows who are too pure for the sordid scenes of earth.

New Bedford Standard—The Spanish-American treaty will be ratified when the senate gets around to it and there is no necessity for worriment about the delay. Least of all is there occasion for continual throwing up the bugbear that until the treaty is ratified, the state of war continues. Technically, it may be, the nations are at war. Practically, there is about such a state of war as would exist between a rabbit and a tiger which had half killed it. Even if the treaty should fail, all that would happen would be that another treaty would have to be made. That is the plain common sense of the matter. The fidget about a possible renewal of hostilities is a piece of ridiculous affectation.

Washington Post—Between the Cubans and the Oblons the administration will be kept busy handling out the offices.

Providence Journal, Ind.—If Senator Quay was not so unfortunately strong, politically, some of the arguments put forward in his behalf by his friends would have defeated him before now.

Possibly Senator Chandler's disclosures will not add to his strength in the next session of the state legislature, but the people of the state ought to be very thankful to him for informing them how their campaigns are being managed, even if in so doing he could be convicted of "telling tales out of school."

New York World, Dem.—If a collision shall unfortunately occur in the Philippines, can there be any question as to who will be responsible? Who would have been responsible for further bloodshed in this country in 1783 if France, having whipped England at home, had forced a "cession" of the American colonies and sent an expedition here to demand submission to her sovereignty?

Boston Post, Dem.—The key to the situation is the passage of the House resolution, or the amendment of the treaty, giving assurance to the Filipinos that the purpose of the United States is not conquest, but liberation. The ratification of the treaty will not cure the trouble in the Philippines; it will make it worse. The adoption of the resolutions now pending will smooth the way for the United States in that archipelago.

Indianapolis Journal, Dem.—One thing is certain with the election of senators by popular vote, there would never be a deadlock; a state would never be without two senators; men of the "Gas" Addicks type would find it very difficult to secure nominations; bosses like Quay and Platt and Hanna would not easily climb to position; legislatures could be elected with sole reference to state questions.

Chicago News, Ind.—Like the lumber men, the mine owners are catching the trade expansion fever. They are no longer afraid of the pauper coal mines of Canada. They want to get their share of orders from Ontario which is the industrial centre of the Dominion. With the tariff removed they can more than offset the 700,000 tons of Canadian coal which were shipped to this country last year; indeed their present shipments do that now.

Springfield Republican, Ind.—The librarian of congress should be a man of large size in education, culture, administrative talent and experience in modern library methods. Yet the place is being scrambled for by a lot of party hacks and journalistic adulators of the president. Congressman Barrows of this state seems much more fitted for the place than any of the other political aspirants yet why should the choice be limited to men with party claims? The library of congress is the greatest in the land and it deserves a great librarian, not an office-seeker, as its head.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

The February Cosmopolitan has an array of able articles on a variety of topics, mostly those which in a great measure absorb public attention at the present time. One article of great importance to parents is that by F. Gardner upon the need of "Utilizing Boy Waste." Our new colonies receive considerable attention from the contributors and John Brisben Walker writes an humorous article upon "How an Empire is Built," dealing with facts of history that appear new under his masterly treatment. There is a variety of articles on social, industrial, scientific and literary subjects all readable, instructive, timely and interesting.

The Catholic World for February has a very valuable and instructive article by an Augustian priest on life and missionary work in the Philippines. It has a variety of fiction which shows the people at their daily labor, in their homes and surrounded by the luxuriant bloom that abounds in those tropical regions. The writer shows that the injustice of Spanish rule brought a great deal of opprobrium upon the missionaries who were supposed to be in sympathy with the home government. This is one result of a policy which makes the church a state establishment. Were it otherwise the church would not be held responsible for the sins of the Spanish government. Among the other leading articles are the following: "Riches Unused" by Rev. George Lee C. S. Sp.; Sheila's Presentiment, Clara Mulholland; Music as an educational factor, Marcella Reilly; the old churches of Ruen, by Emma Endres; The Problem of Personality, by William Seeton, LL. D.; Chiquita, by John J. A. Becket; The Italian Government, by Rev. George McDermott. Rose Hawthorne Lathrop writes a beautiful illustrated article upon New York, its sights and scenes of busy life, its gayleties and its miseries, its charities and its restitution and sets forth the claims to consideration of the poor suffering from uncurable cancer. She has already established a home for such patients and the public has shown a willingness to help in the work while the number of patients applying is more than can be accommodated.

SUCCESS.

The latest issue of that ideal journal for ambitious youth Success is full of articles of absorbing interest on the life studies of successful men, showing how success has been attained under the most adverse conditions. The types presented are such as can be safely followed by the young and the illustrations are profuse and artistic. There is also a variety of instructive reading bearing upon the general run of the ambitious and altogether the publication is one of the best that can fall into the hands of young people. Public men of the day as well as the men who have distinguished themselves in the past are treated as examples to be followed by those who aspire to success. There are also encouraging helpful articles for young ladies. One article touches upon the movement for advancing and improving the condition of the 100,000 women stenographers of this country. It is headed by Miss Gertrude Beeks and is rapidly growing. The issue of January 28 (Success is published weekly) has an interesting article from the pen of Henry Clews, the well-known New York banker, telling country boys how to get along in a great city. He advises every lad between the age of fifteen and twenty to learn some foreign language for its benefit as a means of mind training, and also stenography and typewriting.

CAKE WALK

HELD BY PROSPERITY CIRCLE, C. OF F. LAST NIGHT.

Prosperity Circle, Companions of the Forest held a grand cake walk and sociable in Forester's hall, last night. The attendance was very large and among those present were visitors from Nashua and Lawrence. Hibbard's orchestra played for the dancing, and the occasion was one of great enjoyment. At the first intermission, the six couples were called out for the cake walk. After a march around the hall, the first couple John Martin and Josephine Trudell did a walk that was immense and "caught on." They were followed by Thomas Armstrong and Mamie Nestor, J. Conroy and partner, Mr. Harper and Jennie Bullis, Mr. Lampscot and partner, Mr. Gregoire and Miss Eveline Dupont.

The judges were unanimous in their decision giving the gentleman's prize to John Martin; but there was some question about the lady's prize, there being a division between Jennie Bullis and Eveline Dupont. Finally the prize was awarded Miss Bullis.

The officers of the dance were as follows:

General manager, Mary E. Sautwere; assistant general manager, Delia Bussure; floor manager, Katie Mounier; assistant floor manager, Maggie Donoghoe; chief aid, W. H. Stafford, aids Minnie Donahue, Nellie Torney, Rose A. Gallagher, Minnie Keelan, H. C. McCrken, Gertrude Meloy, Angelina Caudette, Josie Brussure, Lizzie Murphy, Maggie Sheridan, Annie Gorman, Della Daley, James J. Donahue, James H. Hickey, Owen O'Neil, John E. Mc-Guire; reception committee, John J. Cassidy, chairman; Rachel Campbell, Ann Brennan, Alexander J. Campbell, Delia Gallagher, Mary Tristan, Rosie Perrault, Josie O'Connor, J. Cotter, Della Murphy.

Be Sure To Demand, and See That You Get a

BENSON'S,

SEAL STAMP ON THE GENUINE

It is the best POROUS PLASTER

The most successful remedy against Coughs, Colds, Grip and Court Troubles, now so prevalent. Clean, safe and sure. It never fails. Price 25c. All Druggists. Of Seabury & Johnson, N.Y., if unobtainable.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

To be Enlarged to Accommodate Students.

MEETING OF THE SCHOOL BOARD LAST NIGHT.

"Teacher" Coughlin's Resignation Accepted.

The regular meeting of the school board held last night was very late in being called to order, the members holding a convention behind the doors of the private room previous to the open meeting. It was 9 o'clock when the chairman opened the meeting. The committee on teachers reported in favor of a new piano for the Training school and that Miss Agnes Courtney of the Lakeview ave. school be transferred to the Morrill school. The latter recommendation was adopted and the purchase of a piano was referred to the committee on music.

Mr. Thompson for the committee on high school presented a report recommending that the school committee petition the city council to grant a hearing on the subject of providing increased accommodations for the High school.

Speaking to the recommendation, Mr. Thompson explained that at the beginning of the present term, there were about 60 more pupils than could be provided with seats. The manual training school gave some relief but certainly, he said, at the beginning of the next school year, the seating capacity will be insufficient, to the number of 60 or more pupils. He hoped there would be an early hearing, that the board would attend and would impress upon the city council the pressing need in this matter. The idea is to put a new building upon the land that the city now owns near the present High school building, which will furnish accommodations for some time to come, and which will be simply a completion of the present High school building. It is proposed, as explained in answer to a question by Mr. Thomas J. Murphy, to bring the manual training school under the same roof, also a drill shed, and one or two extra class rooms.

She report was accepted and adopted and on suggestion of Supt. Whitcomb, the board voted full power to the committee on school houses and hygiene to add to the seating capacity of the Highland school hall and also to put sinks in the Varnum school. The committee was also given full power in the matter of sanitary regulation in kindergartens.

On motion of Mr. Schoolcraft, leave of absence for an indefinite time, was granted to Miss Laura H. Farmer of the Kirk street school.

Mr. Everett called attention to the fact that the floors of the Colburn school are in a worn condition and that the doors need looking after. The matter was referred to the committee on school houses and hygiene with power to confer with the superintendent of buildings.

Supt. Whitcomb then presented the resignation of Miss Ellen F. Coughlin teacher in the Morrill school. In presenting her resignation, Miss Coughlin expressed her appreciation of the many courtesies extended her by the committee, past and present, during her 40 years of service as a teacher in the city schools.

Mr. Thomas Murphy as a former pupil of Miss Coughlin, and her sub-committeeman, spoke of her faithful work, and moved the acceptance of the resignation.

Superintendent Whitcomb said that Miss Coughlin's case is so remarkable that he was unwilling to allow her resignation to pass, without a further word of comment. "She is known and honored and loved in that section of the city by two generations as is the case with scarcely any other teacher in Lowell. We have never had in Lowell a more faithful, zealous teacher than Miss Coughlin. She has had but one interest and that was the welfare of the school."

The resignation was accepted, and on motion of Mr. Murphy, a rising vote of thanks was given Miss Coughlin for her long and faithful service and the secretary was instructed to notify her of the action of the board.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

NEW ADDITION TO ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The new addition to St. John's Catholic church is now nearing completion and when finished will accommodate about 160 more people. This will give a seating capacity of about 1000 to the church, which the growing needs of the village has emphatically demanded for some time past.

There was a very pleasant surprise party Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Maude Downs in Tyngsboro. The affair was under the management of Harry L. Downs, who presented a handsome tea set to the estimable woman in behalf of the many visitors present. There was a large delegation from North Chelmsford. A supper was served after which the evening was given up to games, music, readings and dancing. Mr. Arthur Blodgett, with his violin, and a piano for accompaniment, furnished the music for the dancing.

Mr. Cornelius McDonald of Lawrence, is in town, visiting at the home of Mr. Abner Hemlow.

The Westford B. B. club will hold their annual ball in the town hall in Westford next Friday evening. A large number of North Chelmsford people will attend.

The members of the Clover Social club are making great preparations for their annual ball which occurs Friday evening, Feb. 19, in the town hall. This will be the seventh annual ball of the club and the event is loked forward to with great interest by the younger portion of the townspeople. The boys say that this event will eclipse all former ones, as many tickets have been sold already to both local and out-of-town parties. The members of the above club are developing some clever checker experts this winter. Mr. John Brennan seem to be able to do anything and everything that comes his way; and the boys are trying to get him to visit Lowell and take a whack at some of the crackerjacks in the Spindle City. Mr. William O'Neil, a popular member of the Clover club, and also well known about town, has opened a fish market in the village.

Tomorrow evening the North Chelmsford Dramatic club will present the drama, "The Great Catastrophe" in the town hall. The Misses Marnel of this village, and Mr. M. J. Mahoney the well known delineator of Shakesperian rôles, will have the piece in charge, which is enough to say that a good entertainment awaits all those who attend.

MUSIC HALL.

The Bruns and Nina high class vaudeville Co., appeared for the first time last evening at Music hall and met with an enthusiastic greeting, each and every act being warmly applauded.

The olio consisted of an acrobatic act by Humes and Clayton, which was very good; Dennella sang some very catchy songs; Bruns and Nina give an exhibition of paper tearing and made several pretty designs; they also introduced the singing dog, Fritz. The Zeereth trio were very clever and made a pronounced hit with the audience; Will White and his dog Bill delighted the audience with their cake walk; Raldeano and Cleo made the hit of the evening in their spiritualistic acts; Ned West treated the audience to a good laugh with his singing and dancing. The performance ended with Nina, the electric picture dancer assisted by Harry Bruns, who sang popular songs which were illustrated upon her dress, while the dance went on; several of the leading men and women were also pictured in the same manner. The company will appear tonight and tomorrow matinee and evening.

Bryant and Watson's Australian Beauties consisting of 25 ladies and 10 comedians will be the attraction at Music Hall for three nights commencing Thursday, February 2 with the usual Saturday matinee. The popular comedian Harry C. Bryant heads the organization and will be seen in two up-to-date reviews entitled "The Type-Writer's Wedding Day," and "The Duke de Monte Carlo." Prominent in the list of vaudeville stars are Smith O'Brien, Williams and Adams, Sheehan and Kennedy, Hazleton and Vedder, May Rhea and Ruby Marion, and the Lavelles, French whirlwind dancers.

M. C. McGowan and J. W. Lachance representing the Artisans association of Montreal, Canada, visited city hall Monday, and after a short stay in the assessors office were shown about the building by Assistant Assessor A. Bourbonniere. They greatly admired the building and were much interested in the several departments.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50
Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM
CURES COLD IN THE HEAD QUICKLY, PERMANENTLY.
Place a little in the nostrils. It dissolves—goes up at once—not down—reaches the seat of the trouble and—you're cured.
10c. tube, 25c. box. All Druggists.
A. W. DOWS & CO., Props.
Lowell, Mass. (3)

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edmond H. Duprez to the Central Savings Bank, dated July 9th, 1891, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of the County of Middlesex in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in Book 255, Page 71, and for breach of the condition therein contained, and for the purpose of foreclosing said mortgage will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the eighth day of February A. D., 1899, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day at Rivet & Hamel's office, No. 65, on Merrimack street, in Lowell, in said County, all and singular the following premises described in said mortgage as follows, namely: A certain tract or parcel of land containing thirty seven hundred and fifty (3750) square feet, situated on the southwesterly side of a private way called Ward street, in said Lowell and bounded, viz—Beginning at the most easterly corner of the premises on the southwesterly side of said Ward street at a stake which is distant two hundred and seventy five (275) feet northwesterly from a stone bound at the intersection of the southwesterly side of said Ward street, with the northwesterly side of a private way called Tucker street; thence running southwesterly at right angles to said Ward street seventy-five (75) feet to a stake; thence at a right angle northwesterly fifty (50) feet to a stake at land conveyed by the proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river to one Hiram Whitney; thence at a right angle northwesterly on said Whitney's land seventy-five (75) feet to the southwesterly side of said Ward street; thence southeasterly on the southwesterly side of said Ward street fifty (50) feet to the point of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed to me by said proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river by their deed dated June 26th, A. D. 1891, and recorded herewith, and this conveyance is made subject to the same conditions, restrictions and reservations in said deed mentioned or referred to. Said premises were conveyed to me under the name of Edmund H. Duprez, which should be Edmond H. Duprez.

Terms $150.00, to be paid at the time and place of sale; other terms made known at sale.

Lowell, Jan. 17, 1899.

JOSEPH L. CHALIFOUX,
Assignee of said mortgage.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CATHERINE SPENCER, late of Lowell, in said county deceased, intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to John W. Spencer of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex on the seventh day of February, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper, published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

FIRE SALE.

You don't want it! It is damaged goods! Great mark down sale! You don't want that! It is shopworn and out of style goods!

IN NEED OF MONEY SALE.

To pay for the latest style goods lately bought. That's what you are after.

Ladies' Beaver Jackets worth $5.00; in need of money sale, $1.75.

Ladies' Buckley Jackets, all silk lined, worth $9.00; in need of money sale, $3.35.

Ladies' Kersey Jackets, all silk lined, worth $10.00; in need of money sale, $4.75.

The best Jacket in the market, lined all through, sleeves and all, with fancy taffeta silk, never been sold elsewhere for less than $23.00; in need of money sale, $11.00.

COOPER'S COSY CLOAK STORE,
(Opposite Car Waiting Room.)
10 Merrimack Sq.

G. O. TAYLOR WHISKIES
QUALITY NEVER VARIES.
First Sold May, 1873.
BOTTLED MEDICINALLY PURE.
for MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS' PRESCRIPTIONS
Sold by Licensed Dealers
EVERYWHERE.
REJECT SUBSTITUTES.
GENUINE has our FIRM NAME on FACE and NECK LABEL

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, beneath the defibillated.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Jan. 30, 31 and Feb. 1, with usual Wednesday Matinee. The Big City Show,

Bruns and Nina

High class vaudevilles. 10—all feature acts—10.

Nina The Great Electrical Picture Dancer. Something entirely new. An entertainment for all classes.

Feb. 2, 3 and 4, with usual Saturday Matinee.

THE REAL THING.

BRYANT & WATSON'S AUSTRALIAN BEAUTIES

35—PEOPLE—35.

Seats now on sale.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED).
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale AND PORTER.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL —ARE—

JOHN LENNON & CO.,
—AND—
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY & CO.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
P. TEAGUE & CO.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHUE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JOHN H. BURKE & CO.
JAMES CALNIN & CO.
JOSEPH H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, JR., & CO.
JOHN DONOHUE & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JOHN J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
EWD. F. FAULKNER & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN F. KINSELLA & CO.
A. P. ROACH & CO.
THOMAS F. GARVEY.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
FRANK BARNARD.

FRANL JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED).

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.45, 8.25, †8.40, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.45, †3.00, 4.25, †6.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.48, 6.29, †6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.25, 7.35, *7.44, w7.45, *8.57, *9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50 11.08, *11.19 a m; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.48, w2.30, w3.05, 3.10, *3.47, w4.05, 4.23, w5.10, 5.22, *5.40, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.49, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.12, a m. w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.35 p m.

For Lawrence, 6.39, w8.59 z7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w3.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.

For Salem, Mass, w6.29, 7.51 a m; w12.05, 1.28, w5.10, 5.53 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.26, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.29 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.

For Exeter and Dover 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.

For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.23, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland); discontinue for the season.

For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.00, 7.33, *7.46, 11.00 a m; 1.43 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.41 a m; 4.23, 5.58 p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 3.01 and 5.12 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a m (to Nashua only), 8.09 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.41, †8.40 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.00 p m.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, †8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.40 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m., †8.40 p m.

References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. † Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 16, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:

For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.23 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.

The 5.23 p. m. train connects with Stonington line for New York city, the south and west.

SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.51 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D.
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt.

Ticket office at Middlesex St Station.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains. Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1883 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

DR. PEFFER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 Ladies. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $1 per box, small box 50c. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co., cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.

CLEARING UP

A line of

LADIES' SHOES

embracing Kid and Cloth Top Button Shoes. $2 would be a reasonable price for the quality of stock and workmanship. Our price to move them quick is

$1.25 A PAIR.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON ST.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

The Wonderful New Drink.

"Gloria."

You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby adding pleasure to wealth.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Give you strength to earn your bread;
Dream not of the frightful tale,
of Satan's imps all out on bail;
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.

A very useful family beverage. Please try case. 5 cents a glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $35 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.
Corner Willie and Broadway.

WELCOME NEWS
Better Times.
Lower Prices.

Best Salt Ribs, 6 lbs.,	25c.
Roast Pork "Fresh,"	7c. lb.
Fresh Shoulders,	7c. lb.
Smoked "	7c. lb.
Legs Lamb,	10c. lb.
Shoulders Lamb,	7c. lb.
Strips Bacon (Merrell's)	10c. lb.

We guarantee that the above goods are No. 1 standard or no sale.

Central Cash Market
Cor. Central and Charles Sts.
Telephone 505-3.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.05 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on this Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars sample room. Special rates to the profession.
W. H. Carey } Clerks { H. Gervais

THE POWELL CLUB

Much Indigation at Over Officious Police.

MEMBERS OF RESPECTABLE PARENTAGE.

Father's Forcible Statement to Sun Reporter.

Great indignation is being expressed by parents of boys composing the Powell club at the morning organ of the police department, in trying to show that a fight was pulled off on Friday night last.

A member of the club states that the whole scheme of a raid was hatched up in a certain grocery store for the purpose of "having some fun with the boys and the authorities bit."

In the first place the boys who were boxing are sons of prominent Lowell business men and the father of one of the boys is an alderman.

The charge to the oyster supper was but fifteen cents, just to simply clear expenses. The boys prepared the supper themselves which accounts for it being served at a late hour, they not laying claim to being experts at serving "quiet lunches" as the police organ would have them.

Not only were the parents of many of the boys invited, but an invitation was sent to the Sun reporter to be present. The latter happened to be not at home when the messenger called. And it may be parenthetically stated here that on two previous occasions the Sun reporter was invited to social gatherings of this club and a full report of the initial supper appeared the day after in The Sun which goes to show that the boys were not secretive in their doings.

A father of one of the boys who is engaged in business in a Merrimack street store, had the following to say today, in reference to the matter to a Sun reporter: "It is a good thing that the unfortunate boy over at St. John's hospital is not my son, for I would make matters quite interesting for the police who seem to have become rather lax of late in many matters. Two of my boys were present at the supper and they and a neighbor's boy invited me to attend offering me a supper ticket. I would have gone if I had not had a prior engagement. The boys, I am told, were tardy in getting the supper ready, having had to prepare it themselves only to find that the police officers were among those who partook of it and without an invitation either. The question arises in my mind, can officers go into a place in the manner they did and help themselves to what they find. One of the boys felt so aggrieved that he afterwards exclaimed: "I would rather have seen the copsstarve to death than have a bit of our supper. "Again for the benefit of the morning organ of the police department I will give another reason," said the speaker, "why the supper was so late in being served. Owing to the smallness of the room two tables had to be set; when one table of diners had concluded their repast the table was cleared off and reset. You might say in the Sun I approve of the Powell club and of the boys who belong to it. I much prefer to have my boys where I know I can find them when I want them. I know they are not on the street and if they want to engage in boxing or any other athletic exercise I assent. The police are many times officious where they ought not to be and at other times conspicuous by their absence when they ought to be round."

TWO COLUMNS TO COME.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Jeffries, an aspirant for a meet with Sharkey is in New York and wants a fight, he says. Thomas Sharkey was another of the big stars who arrived in New York, Sunday. The sailor came from Providence and met Jack McCormack in a six-round bout at Philadelphia last night. Immediately upon his arrival in New York, Sharkey took a run around the park. He thinks his daily bout with his sparring partner has kept him in good condition, but he only took the jaunt to help his wind. McCormack was at one time Sharkey's trainer, and although he is on to the sailor's curves, he is not in the able seaman's class. Sharkey has not yet made up his mind to cover Fitzsimmons' money and from present indication it would appear that Jeffries will have first call for a match with the champion, unless Fitz finds a club which will offer a purse equal to that guaranteed by the Lenox A. C.

The boxing bouts for the week are as follows:

Wednesday—Tom Sharkey vs. Tommy Ryan, Syracuse.

Thursday—Dick O'Brien vs. J. Bonner, Sammy Myers vs. J. Dever and Jennings vs. Mangon, Hartford. H. McWinters vs. Black Griffo, Scranton. Billy Gordon of Hartford vs. Tod Ware Whitechapel, Eng.

Tom Hogan, vs. J. McClelland, Wilkinsburg, Penn.

H. Forbes, vs. Ritchie, Chicago

FRIDAY

Ed Kenedy vs. Dave Hill, Pittsburg.

J. Murray, vs. Joe Frede, Hot Springs.

J. Bernstein, vs. Young Pluto, Glenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

SATURDAY

Joe Wolcott, vs. Jim Ryan, Cincinnatti.

Jack Bennett vs. Jack Everhardt, Detroit.

M. McCue, vs. J. O'Brien and Paddy Fenton, vs. Tom Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

William A. Brady, when informed that Sharkey said he would fight Jeffries for a side bet of $10,000 he replied: "That suits us perfectly. We are out for fight and any condition at all will be agreeable. If Fitzsimmons does not sign with Jeffries by Saturday, Sharkey may consider the match on. I have just been waiting to hear from Sharkey to state his position with Jeffries and now that he has put himself on record to fight any man for $10,000 he will have to accept or crawl."

HIS MIDDLE FINGER.

Engineer Frank Ames, of locomotive 194, Western division of the Boston and Maine railroad injured the middle finger of the left hand, yesterday, by a chest cover falling on to the digit. The injury, though painful does not incapacitate the genial engineer from getting up the usual amount of steam.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Josiah Butler, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Goodell, celebrated his sixth birthday at the home of his parents in Foster street, yesterday afternoon. About 15 of the little fellow's friends were present and they enjoyed themselves to their hearts' content. Lunch was served in the evening by the D. L. Page company.

Rev. J. M. Greene, D. D., pastor of the Eliot church, remains at the Lowell General Hospital. He is resting well, and hopes are entertained for his early recovery.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

FOR A FRANCHISE

Hearing in Billerica Centre Yesterday Afternoon.

NEW ROUTE FOR ELECTRICS TO BOSTON.

Five Cent Fare to Bedford Wanted.

The board of selectmen of Billerica gave a hearing yesterday afternoon in the town hall at the Centre village on the petition of the board of directors of the Lexington and Boston Street railroad company for a single track location within the town limits, beginning at the Bedford line on Bedford street, thence over Bedford street to the junction of Main and Andover streets. Electricity is to be the motive power, and the petition makes the usual request for permission to lay tracks and string wires.

There was no opposition from any of the citizens, though there was a persistent agitation for a five-cent fare to Bedford as a condition of the franchise. The railroad company was represented by Directors M. A. Coolidge and Alfred Pierce and the Boston and Maine by C. A. Hight. Manager Sullivan of the Lowell and Suburban was present.

Selectman E. B. Haskell presided and opened the hearing by the reading of the petition and the order for the hearing. Then followed an informal discussion about the proposed road. It was explained by Mr. Coolidge that the tracks will be laid on the side of the road and that the fare to Boston will be twenty cents. The last part of the ride will be from Arlington to Boston over the Boston Elevated Railway company's surface tracks. The fare to Bedford will be ten cents from Billerica.

The Billerica people, were, as already stated, unanimously in favor of the new road, their only objection being to the ten cent fare to Bedford. The present train facilities from Boston to Billerica are inadequate and always have been, while from Bedford to Boston quite the reverse is the case. For that reason, the new road would be used very largely by Billerica people who desire to avail themselves of the train facilities from there to Boston. For that reason the townspeople feel that they are entitled to a five cent fare to Bedford. It was stated during the discussion that a committee of the citizens had once asked the Boston and Maine to give the town better train service, but instead of being treated with consideration, they were treated with contempt.

The selectmen held a meeting after the hearing and discussed the matter with the representatives of the company. No decision was reached, but the selectmen intimated that they would insist on a five cent fare to Bedford before they would grant the franchise.

Mr. Hight, the representative of the Boston and Maine, said his company would object to a grade crossing on the road below the cemetery.

It is acknowledged to be the intention of the Reading and Wakefield company to abandon their tracks from Wilmington if the new location is granted to the other company, on the ground that such part of their road is not paying. The new route would be more direct to Boston.

After Mr. Coolidge had made his preliminary remarks, Joseph Jaquith and several others favored the side of the road location. Mr. Jaquith said he would rather have the road on his side of the street.

Mr. Coolidge said there might have to be some straightening done in the roadway, but the company would attend to that.

L. T. McKenney asked if there would be any expense on the town for the straightening of the route and was told that there would not. He had been told that in Bedford this company asked that the town pay one-half the cost of straightening. The chairman said that the town of Billerica would not stand one dollar of expense.

Mr. McKenney said: "The service of the Boston and Maine was so poor that a committee went to the president and called his attention to the fact that we had paid $20,000 and asked him if we could not have better accommodations. The committee instead of being treated with courtesy was treated with contempt and the president told them the $20,000 had nothing to do with the matter."

To Mr. Jaquith, Mr. Coolidge said that school children would be carried for half fare. Mr. McKenney said the fare to Bedford ought to be five cents, because the Billerica people can take the train from there to Boston.

Manager P. F. Sullivan was invited to express his views. He said: "We have a little pasture of our own, and we don't want other people's cows in it. The first thing to be determined in a case of this kind is whether or not public necessity and convenience require the road, and then to see if the promises of the company are made in good faith. The danger of the grade crossing is a question with which the selectmen have nothing to do, but is a question to be passed upon by the railroad commissioners.

"The tracks of the Boston and Maine cannot be crossed without the consent of the commissioners. If they withhold their consent, the company can seize land to avoid the grade crossing."

Sidney Bull had no doubt that the people of Billerica would favor the road if they were given the privileges they think they deserve. He thought five cents was enough to pay from Billerica to Bedford.

To Mr. Bull, Mr. Coolidge said the company would run cars as early and as late as possible in the day but the whole operation of the road rests with the selectmen.

Several others spoke in favor of the five cent fare to Bedford and one or two of them ridiculed the ten cent fare to Lowell.

G. P. Greenwood wanted to know if the petitioners are in this thing for a scheme, or do they really intend to build a road.

Mr. Coolidge responded that if the franchise is granted the company will begin work in the spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground and the road will be built by the fourth of July.

This statement brought out a vigorous round of applause and the meeting then adjourned.

A CHALLENGE.

At the cake walk recently held by the Hammer club, many disagree with the judges who decided Mr. Curry was the winner of the gentleman's prize. The friends of William Riley say that he was much Mr. Curry's superior as a cake walker. Now Mr. Riley is willing to meet Mr. Curry or any other of the competitors who appeared in the Hammer club's recent cake walk and finally decide which is best.

SWEAT SHOPS

OF NEW YORK VIOLATING THE LAW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A committee representing the Garment Workers' Union and the Brotherhood of Tailors have made a tour of the East Side sweatshops in search of evidence to present to the Legislature that the law in regard to the sweatshop labor is constantly violated.

The tour disclosed the pitiful life of the workers in tenements, who, labor long hours for sums barely sufficient to keep away want. On the committee were Herman Robinson, John T. Lawrence and Samuel H. Jacobson.

In the ten by fourteen kitchen of the first tenement visited were found four persons huddled together sewing on coats in a dim light that taxed the eyes of the visitors. It was the home of Elias Horowitz, No. 348 Madison st., himself a contractor.

The price received by Horowitz and the men is thirty-five cents a garment, and by working long hours a man can finish four coats a day. There was no certificate of inspection displayed and nothing to show that Horowitz had not violated the law prohibiting the employment of laborers in a tenement workshop.

At a sweatshop occupying three floors in the rear of No. 100 Delancey street the committee climbed to the workshop by the fire escape, the only means of ingress or egress. Here many were employed, and on the third floor was a gallery on which was bed clothing etc., which went to show that it was the sleeping apartment of the workers. There was an inspection certificate dated November 14, 1898, conspicuously displayed.

In the rear of the tenement in Division street, in a room eight by ten feet, the committee found three men at work sewing coats in a half light.

The men said they received forty-five cents for making a coat, and that by working twelve and fourteen hours a day could make from $1.25 to $1.50 a day.

The committee visited other places. Hall were found the distressing marks of the sweatshop.

The investigation will be continued today.

A LOWELL MAN.

Says the Haverhill Gazette: Judge Abbott had another stranger before him Saturday morning and the stranger got the worst of it. His name was Donovan and he hailed from Lowell. Officer Frank McLaughlin made the arrest and he told the court that the prisoner was following him about with the evident intention of getting arrested. Frank accommodated him and in default of the payment of the fine Donovan will go half way home.

REP. SCATE'S BILL

To Regulate the Privileges of Persons.

SEEKING INTERVIEWS WITH EMPLOYES.

Other Business in the State Legislature.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—In the House today Mr. Seates, Social Democratic, Haverhill, presented the following bill "To Regulate the Privileges of Persons Demanding Interviews with Employes." The bill is as follows:

"Any corporation, co-partnership, person or persons employing any person for hire or otherwise, shall at any and all times during the hours of such employment, upon request or application for a private interview or conference with such employe at the place of his employment shall forthwith grant such application or request by directing and permitting him to go to the place where the employe is employed or by summoning the employe to some suitable place provided by the employer where such employe and the person making the request or application may privately hold an interview or confer together.

"Any corporation, co-partnership, person or persons violating the provisions of the foregoing section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $100 and for each succeeding offence shall be punished in the House of Correction for a term not exceeding three months or less than ten days.

Among the petitions presented were the following:

From John S. Sanborn and others, that Andover, North Andover and Methuen be annexed to the Judicial District of the Lawrence Police Court and that its name be changed to District Court of Northern Essex; from Walter R. Sears of Boston for the establishment of free employment offices; from Massachusetts Eye & Ear Infirmary for $25,000 appropriation.

The following bills were presented: Mr. White of Somerville, to limit medical experts as witnesses in the superior court to one competent physician to be agreed upon and examined by either party; Mr. Donovan of Taunton, that the Superintendent of Streets be elected by popular vote; Mr. Donovan of Taunton, for yea and nay vote in elections by city councils; Mr. Judd, Holyoke, to extend time for filing petition for re-count to seventh instead to third day after elections.

BLIZZARD IS RAGING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Jan. 30—A terrible blizzard has been raging in Rawlins county. With the wind blowing 50 miles an hour the snow has drifted badly. The storm will be severe on stock as the snow is crusted, preventing sheep from securing feed.

INDIGESTION.
CONSTIPATION,
DYSPEPSIA,
BILIOUSNESS
CURED TO STAY CURED
BY
SEMIT
TABLETS
BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.
ALL DRUGGISTS
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
MAILED ON RECEIPT OF PRICE
BY
SEMIT CHEM. CO.
BROCKTON, MASS.

GENERAL BUTLER

Heard in Regard to Affairs in Havana.

TELLS OF A RECENT CLASH

Between Spanish Soldiers and the Cubans.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—General M. C. Butler was given a hearing by the senate committee on military affairs today in regard to affairs in Havana, where he has been recently stationed as one of the evacuation commission. He gave a detailed account of a recent clash in that city between the Spanish soldiers and the Cubans. He expressed the opinion that General Brooke's order forbidding participation in the evacuation ceremonies by the Cubans was a necessary precaution and that if it had not been issued there would have been trouble. He thought the Cubans should be treated liberally and allowed to participate to a considerable extent in the conduct of public affairs. He believed that the Cuban soldiers could be utilized. He dwelt at some length upon the excessive taxes imposed under the old system. General Butler expressed the opinion that in time the Cuban people would be capable of self government, but that they should be given an opportunity to quiet down and get used to a more liberal administration than they had ever known.

THE KEELY FRAUD

Fake Experiments Performed by Mr. Kinraide.

WITNESSED BY J. RANSOM BRIDGES.

Bridges Was Not Bound to Secrecy.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—J. Ransen Bridges of this city, whose name appeared in connection with that of Charles Hill in an alleged expose of the Keely motor secret in Boston and New Sunday papers, and who was accused in a statement issued last night by T. Burton Kinraide, who is supposed to be the sole possessor of the late inventor's secret, of breach of faith, today issued a statement in reply to Mr. Kinraide in which he states that in making the expose, he did what "in his most deliberate judgment seemed the wisest and fairest course for all concerned."

In answer to Mr. Kinraide's accusation, Mr. Bridges states that the knowledge of the fraud was imparted to him without solicitation or request and that he made no promises of secrecy and was under no obligation to keep silent. Mr. Bridges says:

"In addition to the evidences of fraud which I saw in Mr. Keely's laboratory in Philadelphia, I also have seen since Mr. Keely's death, the most important of the fake experiments performed by Mr. Kinraide himself at 38 Spring Park avenue. Mr. Kinraide has told both Mr. Hill and myself that the plain evidences of fraud covered every experiment done by Mr. Keely and as we had had occular demonstrations of the trick, we should not doubt the statement."

ADVERSE REPORT

ON THE NOMINATION OF JUDGE EWART.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The senate committee on judiciary today made an adverse report on the nomination of Hamilton G. Ewart to be United States District Judge for the western district of North Carolina. Judge Ewart was appointed during the recess and now holds the position. An effort will be made in the senate to have Ewart confirmed notwithstanding the adverse report.

CHARGED WITH THEFT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 30—Special dispatches from Dresden say that a man named Reiff has been arrested there on the charge of stealing diamonds worth 20,000 marks. It is stated that he was formerly a newspaper man of New York, from which he is said to have eloped with a young lady.

WENT THROUGH THE ICE

WILLIAM PARISH TRIED TO SKATE TO THIS CITY.

A young man giving the name of William Parish took the electric arriving in Lowell at 5 o'clock at Belle Grove Saturday afternoon. He stated that in attempting to skate from Lawrence to Lowell he got upon rotten ice a short distance below Belle Grove and broke through. He had quite a struggle to extricate himself. At Belle Grove he was warmed and a change of clothing was given him, after which he went on to Lowell.

SCHOONER WATERLOGGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HIGHLAND LIGHT, Mass., Jan. 30.—The schooner Cathie C. Berry, which went ashore recently at Vineyard Haven and which was being towed around Cape Cod last night became waterlogged when off Peaked Hill bars about midnight and the tug Dallas which had her in tow was obliged to abandon her after taking off her crew. The schooner drifted ashore of the bars later, where she now lies filled with water.

HEARING GRANTED

THE NORTH CHELMSFORD TRUANT SCHOOL BY STATE AND COUNTY OFFICIALS.

The county commissioners, the legislative committee on counties are at the North Chelmsford truant school this afternoon to consider the expediency of granting the petition of the school for additional land. An appropriation of $12,000 is asked for and the extension it is thought, will be of great benefit to the institution.

MILLS START UP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, R. I., Jan. 30.—The Carolina woolen mills which have been idle because of the collapse of one of the mill buildings, were started up today. The plant employs 130 hands.

VERY RICH STRIKE

Gold Ore Will Run $500,000 Per Ton.

TAKEN FROM THE ISABELLA GROUND.

The Vein is Growing Wider and Longer.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 30.—A special from Cripple Creek, Col., says of the recent strike in Isabella Ground: "Your correspondent saw chunks of sylvanite that were three inches thick and solid metal and chunks of the oxidized ore of the same width that he whittled with his pocket knife. No assays have been made on the rock; it is not necessary, but pieces of the free gold ore, if ore it can be called at all, run over $500,000 per ton. The Molly Gibson never produced any ore that carried more ounces in silver per ton than this Isabella ore does in gold. With every hour's work, the streak is lengthening and widening. Joining this metallic body there is six feet of quartz that will run from $1,000 to $2,000 per ton."

Manager Kilburn said to your correspondent: "I do not like to say anything that will excite the people any more than they are at present. The metallic ore body has doubled in size both ways since yesterday morning. Some of the pieces of ore are 50 per cent. gold. I never saw such material and I don't believe that its like was ever mined in this or any other camp in the world."

KILLED BY TRAIN

ALBERT P. PARSHLEY COULD NOT GET OUT OF ENGINE'S WAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 30.—Albert J. Parshley, a well-known insurance man of this town, was killed by a train on the Boston & Maine railroad, this forenoon. Mr. Parshley stepped on to the track at the Wakefield street crossing in spite of the protestations of a boy who was with him, and who saw the train coming, and before he could get off the engine struck him, causing instant death. Mr. Parshley was 72 years of age. He leaves a widow and four children.

GREAT DAMAGE

CAUSED BY THE BURSTING OF A FLY WHEEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 30.—Two men were injured by the bursting of a two-foot fly wheel in Sylvans wood yard, here, this forenoon, and considerable damage was done to the plant. The fragments of the wheel tore off the roof of the building in which it had been in operation and large pieces were thrown a great distance. Peter Perry, who was sawing wood, in the yard, was seriously cut by the circular saw which was thrown from its table. Mr. Sylvan also was badly cut about the head.

HE DROPPED DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, R. I., Jan. 30.—James Graham, aged 45, of 44 Pine street, Pawtucket, dropped dead this morning on the 8.40 o'clock train on the Consolidated railroad bound south at Davisville. Dr. Davis of Newport stated that the cause of death was hemorrhage of the lungs.

BLAZE IN NEW YORK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Fire early this morning in a five story flat house at Nos. 214 and 216 Clinton street, Brooklyn, did $7,000 damage. Some of the tenants were cut off from the stairway, but got out through a skylight to the roof. No one was injured.

HELD IN $8,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Jan. 30.—Dr. William H. Bailey of this place was arraigned to-day on a charge of performing an illegal operation upon Mrs. Anna M. Neilson, who died at her home this morning. He was held in $8,000 for a hearing on February 9.

A FIERCE WIND

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WICHITA, Kas., Jan. 30—Snow began falling today, accompanied by a fierce wind. A severe blizzard extends over southern Kansas and Oklahoma.

PLEASANT DROPPED ON SUGAR.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life lasts. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, internal or external. The real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Could a remedy have existed for almost a century except that it possess extraordinary merit for many family ills? There is not a medicine in the today which has the confidence of the public to a greater extent than this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic virtue while generation after generation have used it as a Universal Household Remedy from infancy to good old age.

Our book "Treatment for Diseases," mailed free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

THE BILL PASSED

Asking Information as to Mortality Among Soldiers.

Congressmen Johnson and Payne Had a Lively Setto Which Led to a Cry of "Too Much Johnson."

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A house joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to admit to West Point military academy as a student Andres Poute Ruego of Venezuela was adopted at the opening of the senate's session today.

Mr. Mason (Ill.) called up his resolution offered Saturday afternoon and presented a resolution in an amended form as follows:

"Whereas, a large number of the sailors and soldiers of the United States, are now in the Philippine islands or on their way there,

"Whereas, there are differing newspaper reports as to the condition of the health of the soldiers and sailors and,

"Whereas, it is reported by the press that there is a large percentage of those who are made sick by reason of the climate of said islands, and,

"Whereas, it is stated upon good medical authority that during the late years as high as 50 per cent of the soldiers unaccustomed to that climate have died by reason of the said climate; therefore be it

"Resolved, that the secretary of war be directed to furnish for the information of the senate, a statement as to the percentage of our soldiers who are sick and have been sick, and the number of deaths in army by reason of the sickness caused by the climate in said islands and to set forth when, according to the generally accepted term, the sickly season begins in the said islands.

Mr. Hawley (Conn.) did not see the usefulness of the resolution. It could only furnish food for the sensational press.

The resolution was adopted.

A bill to declare the construction of the act entitled: "An Act to Provide for the Adjudication and Payment of Claims Arising from Indian Depredations" was passed.

Mr. Allison (Iowa) called up the pending Indian appropriation bill and asked the Senate to proceed to its passage.

Mr. Allison that he had no desire to interfere with any matters pertaining to the treaty, but in the absence of formal notice of any senator to speak today, he thought it an opportune time to take up the Indian bill.

IN THE HOUSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—At the opening of the session of the house, Mr. Hopkins (rep., Ill.), reported the census bill and gave notice that he would call it up next Monday. The house then resumed the consideration of the army reorganization bill under an agreement that if the bill was completed today under the five minute rule, the time tomorrow before 5 o'clock be devoted to general debate. This arrangement was made to give the leaders on each side an opportunity to close. The first amendment offered today was that of which the committee had given notice authorizing the president to enlist only sixty men in a cavalry troop and sixty in an infantry company. Mr. Marsh (rep. Ill.) who offered the amendment, said that this would reduce the enlisted force to 250,000 if the president exercises the discretion it conferred upon him.

The exact form of each amendment was as follows: "Provided the President in his discretion may enlist only sixty men in a troop of cavalry or reduce the number of enlisted men in a troop of cavalry to be organized as far a non-commissioned officers are concerned under regulations of the war department."

Mr. Hay (Dem Va.) of the minority of the committee, protested to the house that it was impossible to perfect a bill on the floor of the house. He would offer an amendment, he said to have the bill provide for only sixty men in an infantry company or a cavalry troop, but give the president discretion to increase the number to 146 and 100 respectively, this discretion however, only to be exercised in time of war.

At this point a warm altercation occurred between Mr. Johnson (Rep., Ind.) and Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) who was in the chair, the former claiming that the chair refused to recognize him. Mr. Payne explained that Mr. Johnson had already consumed much time and he had felt constrained to recognize other matters.

"Too much Johnson," shouted Mr. Tawney (Rep., Minn.) amid laughter.

Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) objected to the amendment on the ground that the discretionary power was to be exercised in the wrong direction. The bill, he contended, should provide for only 50,000 men and that the president should take the responsibility of increasing it to 100,000. It should not be 200,000 and give the president discretion to reduce.

Mr. Marsh's amendment relating to the cavalry troops was adopted—105 to 82.

Omega Oil
The POWERFUL LINIMENT

Omega Oil comes from the other side of the Atlantic Ocean. It's a powerful green-colored liniment. It is for the outside of the body only, and must not be taken internally. Other liniments are usually worthless because they are made weak enough to be swallowed. You can't cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiff Limbs and Joints, Swellings, Pains and Aches with weak mixtures. But you can cure them with Omega Oil, because it goes down deep and reaches the bottom-most roots of pain. It cures. Try it and see.

At drug stores for 50 cents a bottle.

If your druggist doesn't keep it, don't take a substitute, but let us know.

(1) The Omega Chemical Co., 29 Central Street, Boston, Mass.

ENGLAND'S WISH

In the Nicaragua Canal Matter.

SHE WOULD LIKE AN ALLIANCE FIRST.

Other Questions on Which She is Interested.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—There are four subjects of first importance that will engage the attention of Ambassador Choate as soon as he has reached his desk at the American Embassy in Victoria street and has been received by Lord Salisbury and the Queen.

Chief among these, of course, is the question of the building of the Nicaragua canal. Those who are close to Salisbury and who are supposed to know his intentions in the matter argue that he will not listen to any abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. He will insist, they declare, that the building of the canal be left to private corporations and point to the Suez canal as an example. If the United States proposes building this great waterway as a government property, England will still insist that it be not fortified. The fortification of the canal, Englishmen declare, would no longer leave it neutral, and again the Suez canal, unfortified, is pointed to as a parallel.

This is undoubtedly the attitude of England on the Nicaragua Canal question. But in discussing it English statesmen are careful to say nothing of the fact that Great Britain owns $20,000,000 in the original capital of this well paying canal, and that this important holding has increased in value until it is now worth a trifle over $11,000,000 and steadily paying a large rate of interest. They also fail to mention the further interesting fact that England is in possession of Egypt making a mere puppet of the Khedive and able by her authority to close the canal as she likes.

By a convention signed on October 29, 1888, the Suez canal was exempted from blockade and vessels of all nations, whether armed or not, under that agreement are allowed to pass through it in peace or war. What would happen in the event of a conflict between England and any other power, however, is easy to conjecture. Even when decrepit Spain tried, during the recent war to get Camara's fleet through the Suez canal to reach the Philippines it was England that prevented her from doing so by arranging that no coal should be furnished the Spanish vessels. After the Nicaragua canal question the question next in importance will be the discussion of English trade with Porto Rico and Cuba. Already English shippers and English merchants are complaining that their business with those two islands is suffering since the United States came into possession of them. They say that the American coastwise shipping laws are diverting the trade of those two islands to the United States. When told that this is to be expected as one of the natural results of the war in which the United States was the victor the Englishman is by no means convinced that he is not being imposed upon.

The Briton has always been and still is extremely watchful of his interests beyond the seas in all parts of the globe. Nine-tenths of his creed consists of clauses protecting his shipping and he will try to convince Mr. Choate that things are all wrong in the tariff schemes of Cuba and Porto Rico as applied to the United States on the one hand and Great Britain on the other.

In this same connection the West Indian reciprocity treaty, which has been under discussion through several administrations will be taken up again. As the name implies, this seeks to gain for the products of England's West Indian possessions entrance into the states free of duty in return for similar recognition of American machinery and food stuffs in the British West Indies.

The Canadian reciprocity treaty is another one of the serial stories of diplomatic endeavor to which Mr. Choate will be expected to supply the concluding chapters. In addition to these delicate subjects are all of the important questions so fast arising in connection with the situation in the far east. Mr. Choate, may, therefore, not look for a dull time during his representation of the United States at the Court of St. James.

A PROMINENT INVENTOR

FORMER LOWELL MAN DEAD AT AMESBURY.

The death of John Pettengill, one of the oldest and best known citizens, of Amesbury, occurred at his home at Rocky Hill Sunday evening at the age of 79 years and 3 months. Death was due to paralysis of the brain, caused by grip. Mr. Pettengill was born at the old Pettengill homestead at Rocky Hill, Salisbury (now Amesbury). When a young man he moved to Haverhill, where he learned the trade of contractor and building. In 1843 he came to Lowell, where he engaged in business for himself. In the early seventies Mr. Pettengill returned to Amesbury, where he engaged in the manufacture of brick which he continued for a number of years. He held several town offices for the old town of Salisbury and was for a number of years superintendent of the Sunday school of the Christian church at Salisbury Point. Mr. Pettengill was twice married. In 1845 he married Miss Lady Jane Pillsbury of Shapleigh, Me., who died in 1863. Four children blessed the union, two of whom are now living, Miss Ella J. of Amesbury and Walter J. Pettengill of Boston. The late Austin Pettengill of Great Falls, N. H., was also a son. In 1865 he married Miss Esther Frost of Lowell who died in 1869, having borne him one son, who died while quite young. Of a very inventive mind, the deceased invented the first metallic chimney cap ever made in the United States, for which he received a gold medal from the Mechanics' fair in Boston, many years ago.

Inspector Frank Goodwin is suffering from rheumatism and finds putting on his overcoat a difficult job.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

TOOK THE PRIZE

A Shoemaker Won 300 Francs.

FOR HIS FAMILY OF SIXTEEN.

Oldest 22, the Youngest 16 Months.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—All sorts of odd competitions are witnessed from time to time in the French capital, but one has just drawn to a close here which is of peculiar interest on account of the proverbial scarcity of large families in France.

M. de Reverdy, a philanthropist, who died not long ago, left a legacy, the interest of which, amounting to 1,600 francs annuity, is to be given every 2 years to the father of the most numerous and best trained family among the workingmen of Paris.

The first competition for the 3,000 francs prize took place recently, and not less than sixty-eight candidates presented themselves who together boasted of having 466 living children.

The Municipal Committee selected a shoemaker named Vandenbrouck as the most exemplary pater familias.

Vandenbrouck has sixteen children, and it would be difficult to find a healthier lot of youngsters gathered in one family. The oldest child is a girl, twenty-two years old, and the youngest is also a girl, in her fifteenth month.

Not long since Vandenbrouck was compelled to vacate the little shop, with its back rooms, where he had worked for many years. The neighbors complained that his lively brood was too noisy. During his leisure he built with his own hands a neat cottage on a piece of ground which he had acquired by his frugality, and to this he moved his family last month.

His new home is far from pretentious, but it is scrupulously clean, and its furnishings display good taste. The house is two stories high. One of the bedrooms on the second floor accommodates eleven of the younger children. Four of the boys work day and night in the cobbler's shop on the first floor as apprentices.

Despite the indefatigable industry of Vandenbrouck and the parsimonious economy of his good wife the family finds it a hard task to make ends meet, and it is a festive occasion indeed when the luxury of a piece of fresh meat for every mouth can be indulged in.

When Vandenbrouck learned of his good fortune he was beside himself for joy. He has applied 1,700 francs of the prize to the liquidation of a mortgage on his house, and with the balance of the money he has bought stock for his shop, which is gradually being transformed into a shoe store.

DRACUT

VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT MEETING AT YELLOW MEETING HOUSE.

The Village Improvement association held a meeting Monday evening, in the vestry of the Yellow Meeting House. The meeting was called to order by the president of the association, Mr. S. R. Kitchen. Mrs. Granville Coburn, the secretary of the association, took the minutes of the meeting. The regular routine business of the hour was first transacted after which considerable discussion upon needed alterations and improvements in the village were indulged in. The subject of sidewalks, trees, streets, and street lamps was debated pro and con. The association has great plans for the raising of money for the carrying out of plans of the members and entertainments and other means of raising money were discussed. Committees were then appointed to look after the details of arranging for some events that are scheduled to take place in the near future. The following committees were chosen: Executive, S. R. Kitchen, Cyrus Udell, Mrs. Granville Coburn, Miss Jennie Fox, C. H. Stickney, R. S. Fox, George B. Coburn, William Miller and D. S. Fox; sidewalks, S. R. Kitchen, and R. S. Fox; on arrangements for entertainment to defray expenses, Cyrus Udell and Henry Peabody; shade trees, setting out, etc., C. H. Stickney and D. S. Fox; to solicit members, Mrs. Granville Coburn and Miss Jennie Fox.

The Y. P. S. C. E. connected with the Central Congregational church will hold a box party Wednesday evening at the home of Walter E. Harvey.

There will be a special business session of the Shiloh Literary Society Tuesday evening in the vestry of the Central church. A full attendance is desired as business of importance will come before the meeting.

REV. DR. CRANE

SPOKE OF SPIRITUAL CHIVALRY AT THE EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING.

The quarterly meeting of the Epworth league of St. Paul's church was held last evening and the members were addressed by Rev. Dr. Crane of East Boston, who spoke in part as follows:

"There are some people who think that the days of chivalry are past. The days of old chivalry are past but those of American chivalry are not. I am not one of those who believe in the passing of the glory of human strength, but the heroes of old are gone. He who is a hero today must be one in some other way than by his strong right arm. There are new outlets for heroism today. I want to speak tonight of the knights of the Nineteenth century.

I would not have you for a moment think that there is anything wrong in developing your muscles. We should have come to consider these bodies as temples of the living God. A saint or scholar once had a stoop, a cough and a hectic flush. Those days are gone. The best Christians who live are men who care for their strength. I believe that the human body is divine. I believe in its resurrection.

If we could live in the altitudes where we could walk and talk with God, we might have the world under our feet. There are some benighted parts of the Christian community where people still believe that the young must be entertained to keep them in the church. The result has been a generation of grown-up babes who expect to have sweet morsels dropped in their mouths while they sit and think of nothing; otherwise they complain that the minister didn't say anything.

The memory of the greatest kings is passing away, yet the memory of one who died while He was not yet 33 years old is permeating the world. The cross of Jesus Christ can be lifted up today to soften and purify every meaner spirit with whom you come in contact."

During the evening a fine musical program was presented, several selections being rendered in chorus by the body.

BOWLING GOSSIP

The Games of This Week Will be Good.

IMPORTANT CONTESTS TO BE PLAYED

Which Will go Greatly to Decide Winners.

The past few days has been unseemingly quiet for the bowlers, who ever surprised themselves by their silence, while others stood by "burrowed with fear and wonder" at the unnatural condition of affairs with the enthusiasts of their chosen game. Last evening, however, the ball was again taken from its easing and outdid the famous spherooid spoken of by Rip Van Winkle upon his return to his home after the prolonged sleep. The pins were certainly not a match for the ball as the scores put up by the rollers at Miserables will show and the players never ceased in their efforts to roll up high totals. The new pins at these alleys, which have been the source of low scores previously, are now well "broken in" and not much difficulty is experienced in making them work according to the regulations governing the game.

The new duck pins and balls at Miserables have as yet remained untried by many who as soon as they become acquainted with the charm of the rolling of small balls will give up the game of big pins for good.

Joe McCaffrey and William Lawton are quiet adept at duck pin rolling—and there are others.

Joe Jordan's score of 118 with the duck pins at the Miserables remains unbeaten. Some players have gone to 110, while others have reached 114. A single string of 104 is frequent with some rollers who often receive that figure, but strange to relate they never go over it.

This stage of the tournament, in which local teams are interested shows the following situation:

The City League has for its leader the Live Oaks, who are followed closely by the Favorites. The Young Fellows and Wamesits are "teeling" with the first place in their tournament at the Wamesit alleys, while hardly one of any of the teams of the High School tournament at Les Miserables know where they're at; but all are struggling to win. The Vespers and Highlands have equally good chances to win in their tournament, and the Vespers are well up in the inter-city games.

The Simpson & Rowland bowlers were the first team of players composed of members outside of those engaged in the Wamesit tournament to roll on the Wamesit alleys in a match game.

A MILLION DOLLAR ORDER.

The Stanley Electric Manufacturing company of Pittsfield has been awarded the contract to provide an entire electrical plant in Columbus, Ga. The plant is to provide motor, heating and lighting power for the entire city of Columbus. The Stanley concern secured the contract despite fierce competition from the General Electric and Westinghouse companies. The figures approximate nearly $1,000,000.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following have been elected officers of the Ladies' Charitable association of the Highland Congregational church: President, Mrs. C. E. Osgood; vice president, Mrs. W. Kimball; secretary, Mrs. E. E. Linnell; treasurer, Mrs. George Chase.

H. D. Malloy of Lowell worked the third degree on candidates at the meeting of Lawrence council, K. C., on Sunday afternoon.

John A. O'Hearn is in town after a three weeks tour of New Hampshire and Vermont, in the interest of the Jamestown worsted mills of Jamestown N. Y. He will also represent Sondheim, Stein & Co., leading New York city manufacturers, in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

A reissue of pension has been granted Woodbridge W. Tuttle of Lowell.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Thursday, March 30, 12 noon.
First Cabin, $47.25 to $60 single, $89.75 to $114 round trip. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.50.
Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway: Second Cabin, $31.25 prepaid; Steerage, $41.00 prepaid.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 10 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

BEEF, IRON AND WINE

A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—School children and news-boys earn money during spare time, selling two of the greatest discoveries of the age, one of which is needed in every household and factory in the land. Particulars at Mcdonald's, 133 and 135 Adams street, Lowell, Mass.

100 MEN AND WOMEN wanted at once. To each person sending for position, particulars and our full line of samples will be sent on receipt of 10 cents. Good average workers $35 a week. Arthur Wolforth, 262 Mulberry street, Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Horse and light team; must be cheap for cash. Address J. D., Sun office.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home, $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 454 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 22 Rock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 95 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 376 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 677 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonan's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money and notes. Reward at 83 East Merrimack street.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farrington House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 180 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. A. G. Baharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—5 acre farm on line of electrics, $10.00. T. H. Elliott, 65 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $4.50; also 5 good rooms, due condition for $6.50. Save money by reducing rent. T. H. Elliott, 65 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel, P. O. Box 91, Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 718 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 22 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

We Sell Our
Watches
Cheaper Than Ever.
Save all that you can by coming to
LEGAULT & CO.
The Reliable Jewelers.
70 CENTRAL ST.

INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHTS
W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

NEW YORK HOTEL. 663 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c.; music; lunch 25c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL. Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No cooler, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant; rooms popular prices; table d'hote lunch 35c.; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING
Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at
Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the
BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies invigorate the system.

FOR SALE.

It is pleasanter to feel the top than to feel at loggerheads with the world. Clear the head by using Dow's Menthol Cream. 25c. and 50c.

LOST—A large dog, light brown, streaked with black and white breast, large dark face. Finder will please notify E. R. Leland, 173 School st.

FOR SALE—A good lot of land on Highland avenue; 5000 feet. Lewis D. Gumb, 911 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—First class 2 tenement house on Hunter street, in good repair, 4500 feet of land. Price $2450. A. G. Baharrell, room 8, Bon Marche block.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 8 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Ten RIPANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house, good repair, large lot of land. Price $3300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 24 to 3 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 2 Middle street.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 188 Merrimack street.

ATTENTION—25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! Mrs. Dr. Florence, the eminent English palmist and spiritual clairvoyant, is in the city direct from her permanent headquarters in London, England, where her reputation is unequalled as life reader, guide and helper. To show her phenomenal power, will reduce her lowest fee to 25c; up to Tuesday, Jan. 31st. Terms positively $2 and $3 afterwards. She will foretell your entire future; give full names, if marriage, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, business transactions, wills, mortgages, lost or absent friends, stolen property, interest you, call at once on this gifted woman. She will tell you all about your business affairs, all about your love and domestic affairs. Causes speedy marriage, reunites the separated in seven days; locates buried treasures, mines and valuable ore in five days; gives you lucky days and numbers; no failure; to the sick, especially, her aid is priceless; also imparts the knowledge to every woman how to cure the drunkard in nine days. Private parlors, 188 Appleton street. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.; call mornings to avoid waiting.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to $5.00 pair.

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For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for
25c. EACH
and upwards.

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216 CENTRAL STREET.

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Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 156 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

Toilet Paper.
Full size—5 x 7 inches.
Full count—1000 sheets.
10c. per package.
3 packages, 25 cts.
13 packages, $1.00.
Packages either Banded or Wired or in Rolls.
This is a standard quality of stock, and at this size package is a bargain—though the prices are regular with us.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
245 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
Our inventory is just taken and among other surprises
WE FOUND
3 cases of
White Domet Flannel
that we had overlooked during the season. We are going to take a loss on them, and sell them as quick as possible. They are a fine fleeced flannel that we had bought to retail 5c per yard, but we put them out tomorrow morning at
2¾C PER YD.
That is the lowest price yet on a Domet Flannel of good quality, and it is a good bargain to start in the new business year.
Basement Dept.
A. G. Pollard & Co.
Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

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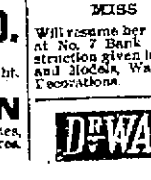
No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rookies Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bl'k, cor. Mor'k & Bridge

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.



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Fifty Cents Per Box
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALL'S DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

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Undertaker AND Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

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448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

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SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spragne, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Gilmnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chal. Iron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

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MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

DR. WALKER DENTIST, Williams Block

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR,
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WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU
With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it of us, as we will give you the best and cleanest Coal in the market at the least possible prices.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
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Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST, Runels Block

THE LAUNCHING OF THE NEW SHAMROCK.

It Will Be Completed Time Enough to Enter Upon the Thames Races in March, and Will Try Speed with the Valkyrie III.

For deep, dark hide-bound mystery and difficulty of access there are no two places on the globe to-day that can compare with the Herreshoff yacht building works at Bristol, R. I., and the ship yards of Harland & Wolff, at Belfast, Ireland. For it is at the former place that the new America's cup defender is well under way, while in the Irish yards the challenging yacht Shamrock is beginning to take on something of the form, which, it is expected, will be powerful enough to take back to England the coveted trophy of the seas now in possession of the New York Yacht Club.

To the average man it would be quite as possible to walk up to the Llama of Thibet on a fine morning and offer to shake hands with him as it would be to enter either of the shipyards in question and take a look at either of the yachts now building for the cup races. Of course there is no end of speculation as to the various dimensions of the two craft and of the materials to be employed in their construction. But most of this is done at haphazard so far as dimensions are concerned, while as for the materials the only information usually obtainable is gained by watching the arrival of all the freight for the two yards and drawing conclusions from the size of the boxes or crates and the shipping marks upon them.

That even this is not always feasible may be judged from the care taken at the Herreshoff works where many of the consignments of materials arrive at night and even then by water that they may be handed directly at the construction docks. Similar care is taken to hide the progress of affairs at the Irish yard, and it is only by persistent inquiry and watchfulness that such information as is set forth here may be gathered.

There is one thing certain. No expense is spared in anything that concerns either of the boats; and if the owners of the challenging and defending yachts do not spend, between them, a quarter of a million of dollars in their chosen sport this season experts in yachting expenses will be very much out of the way in their guesses.

One marked difference between the first Defender and Defender No. 2—for up to the present no other name has been selected for the new yacht—is that while the former was generally regarded as a "racing machine," the boat now under way will be capable of going across and doing some racing in England and perhaps the Mediterranean after the cup races are over in these waters. On racing length, water line, the new defender, it is declared will not measure more than 87 feet 6 inches, while from tip of bowsprit to end of main boom she is likely to be 125 feet long. Her draught will be about 19 feet 7 inches.

Two sets of sails will be made as for the first Defender. Ramie cloth was among the samples received at the sail loft last month, but whether this or Irish duck is the material selected cannot be ascertained. Silk is said to be far too light, and, therefore, out of the question. One if not both sets of sails, will be made in the new loft just erected by the Herreshoffs on Burnside street. The set designed by Whitman is thought to be of the irregular, i. e., cross-cut pattern, from leech to luff. Instead of from boom to gaff, as "Captain" Nat has not yet lost faith in this style which he tried against Valkyrie three years ago.

The Defender's successor, from stem to stern, will not be so long over all as the vanquisher of Valkyrie III. She will show less floor surface, a more rounded bow, a shorter stern overhang, and a bigger bulb keel.

In each successive Herreshoff sailing creation, heretofore, as the forefoot was cut away, removing weight from the bow the mast has been removed sternward to conform with the location of the lead, the greatest weight of which has been amidship. The excision in the new Defender of perhaps three feet from the overhang, which detracts from the beauty of the old Defender's bow, the bringing of more keel weight forward and placing the big mast of Oregon pine about half a foot nearer the bow, is expected to allow a larger sail spread on a given length and considerably more speed.

The chief difference in the keels of the two defenders will be found more in the distribution of weight than in the shape or weight of the fin bulbs, though the Shamrock's antagonist will have more lead in her keel than was first anticipated. Present indications point to about sixty-five tons. An actual measurement of the upper part of the keel mould, now ready for casting, shows a length of twenty-nine feet ten inches, tapering, as already stated, from bow to stern.

The initial work on the actual building of the new boat, which is the casting of the lead keel, depended entirely on the progress of the work on the hull of the old Defender, which has been hauled out for repairs in the South shop. The completion of that marks the beginning of the new Defender, a great portion of the frame and plating for which are now in the yard at Bristol.

The material of which the new cup defender will be built is a subject of much discussion. As the whole matter is shrouded in mystery and known only to the chosen few, speculation is rife as to what material will be used. In view of past experiences, a number of prominent yachtsmen are of the opinion that the boat will be built of bronze.

They argue that if the boat is built, topsides, bottom and all, of Tobin bronze, there would be no danger of corrosion and consequent breakage, and, in addition, the wiseacres say, the speed of the boat ought to be added to. If Tobin bronze bottom plates lessen the skin friction, side plates ought to have the same effect. The full benefit of a minimum degree of friction where the hull consists of bronze is gained only when the yacht is sailing before the wind.

As the question of economy does not enter into the contest in any way, it is safe to assume that the two yachts will be the best that money and brains can produce. Reasoning on these lines points to the conclusion of a bronze boat. That bronze is the best metal this country can produce for the purpose has been demonstrated by the record of the Tobin bronze Vigilant.

She has been thoroughly tried in every way, and her seagoing qualities are on a par with her racing abilities. She has crossed the ocean twice, making the trips in faster time than was ever made by any other craft under yawl rig; she has been ashore twice, and twice grounded on rocks, yet it is understood that she is today as stanch as the day she was launched. It is altogether reasonable to suppose, therefore, that the new boat will be built of the same metal as the Vigilant, and it will be surprising if she is not bronze from the top of her lead keel to the last stroke of her topsides.

Stripped of technical terms as much as possible, it can be safely said that in model the new boat will be an improved Defender, but will approach more nearly the fin-keel type. She will have about the same or possibly a little less beam, and will have a flatter floor and a more rounded side. This at once gives a boat of less displacement than Defender, and, at the same time, with more power. As compared with Defender, the new boat should show an improvement in reaching and also in work down the wind with spinnaker set. The latter point of sailing was certainly not Defender's strong one.

The new Defender should surely be faster than the old craft on her elements and in the changes made. How much, practical tests only will tell. She should be better on all points of sailing, and, with stronger rigging and construction and an increased sail area, she will be better able to stand much harder driving than the old boat in severe weather. The new yacht should be able to make the best showing ever made by a defending yacht this far built. Twelve thousand square feet in her working sails will not be far off the area of the new yacht's clothing.

Of the Shamrock there is less definite information than may be obtained regarding the Herreshoff boat. Sir Thomas Lipton, her owner, in a recent interview, was profuse in glittering generalities about where the boat was to be built (a fact already well known), who her skipper was to be and that he hoped to have her ready by the time the British yachting season opened in April for some trial races before she sailed for New York.

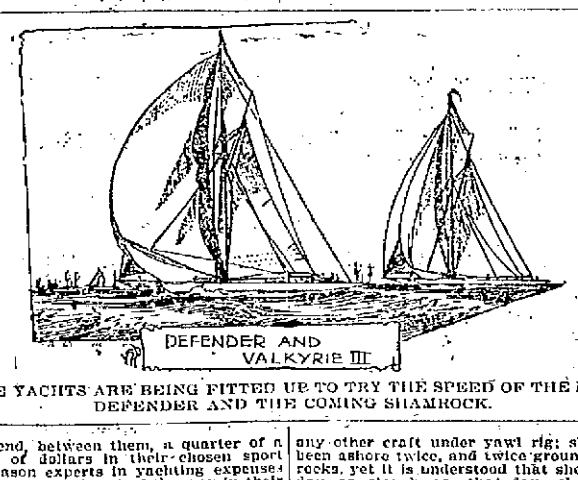
But, as for anything that will give even an approximate "line" on the capabilities of the Shamrock as compared with the new craft, Sir Thomas was as dumb as the oyster of the proverb.

The plans for the Shamrock indicate that she will be launched toward the end of March and that her fitting out will be completed early enough in April for her to enter in the Thames matches. From there she will go around to the Clyde and then cross over to Ireland for the Bangor regattas. She will sail for the United States during July, under yawling.

Both the new boats need "trial horses," and, for the purpose of getting a line on the Shamrock, the Valkyrie III. will be fitted out and raced against her. For a similar purpose here the old Defender will be used, taking the place occupied by the Vigilant before the cup races of 1895.

Next to the boats themselves the yachting public takes the greatest interest in the men in charge of them. Whichever boat is selected to defend the cup will be sailed under the direction of Captain "Hank" Haff, and his famous suspenders will once more be the cynosure of the thousands of pairs of eyes that will witness the races. Captain "Charlie" Barr is to sail the old Defender in the trial races, Captain Haff being at the wheel of the new boat. When the Defender is finally selected Captain Barr will assist Captain Haff in handling her.

On the Shamrock Captain "Archie" Hogarth, the former skipper of the racing cutter Isolde, will be in command, with Captain "Ben" Parker, the skipper of the Meteor, the Emperor William's yacht, as assistant. The Shamrock's crew is to number forty men. That of the American boat will probably be even larger.



THESE YACHTS ARE BEING FITTED UP TO TRY THE SPEED OF THE NEW DEFENDER AND THE COMING SHAMROCK.

THE DUKE IN UNIFORM.

THE YOUNG DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH AS PAYMASTER GENERAL OF THE ARMY BEARS A STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO THE GREAT DUKE WHO OCCUPIED A SIMILAR POSITION.

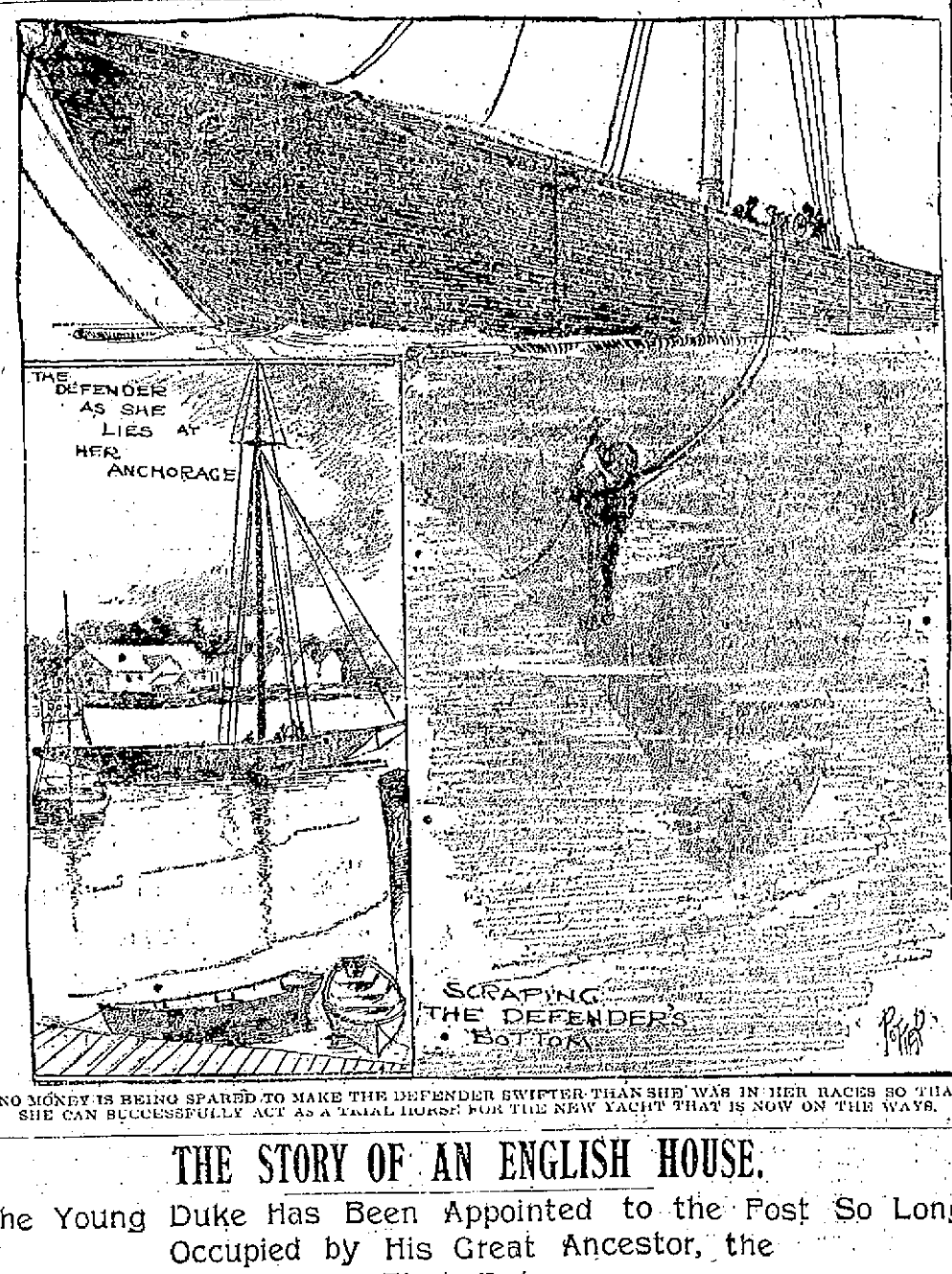
THE DECISION OF THE MARIA TERESA.

She Has, Herself, Settled the Dispute of the Students of Four Centuries.

In choosing her resting place on Cat Island the Maria Teresa has taken it upon herself apparently to settle a point which has of late years been in dispute—that is, the exact island of the Bahama group first seen by Columbus. The records of the first voyage of Columbus state that he first saw land at an island "called by the natives Guanhani, but which he named San Salvador." An island of the Bahama group called by the settlers there Cat Island was identified, early as San Salvador, and until recently bore that name on all maps.

Humboldt and Washington Irving both investigated the matter and both were satisfied that the island pointed out by tradition was the right one. Then came the iconoclasts who began to get up theories disproving the old and generally accepted theories. They tried to prove several islands other than Cat Island to be the original San Salvador.

Old skippers who for many years have sailed from the coasts of North America to the coasts of South America have shaken their heads and said, "No, no!" refusing to give any other explanation than that, from what they knew of the region, they thought that Cat Island was the place.



NO MONEY IS BEING SPARED TO MAKE THE DEFENDER SWIFTER THAN SHE WAS IN HER RACES SO THAT SHE CAN SUCCESSFULLY ACT AS A TRIAL HORSE FOR THE NEW YACHT THAT IS NOW ON THE WAYS.

THE STORY OF AN ENGLISH HOUSE.

The Young Duke Has Been Appointed to the Post So Long Occupied by His Great Ancestor, the First Duke.

There may never come to the present Duke of Marlborough a great deal of glory from the post of Paymaster General, to which he has just been appointed under the Government, nor very much work. But it is certain that there never will result from it such a cloud of scandal as that which has always hovered over the record of his illustrious ancestor, the great Duke, through his occupation of that same office, among many others, when he was commander in chief of the British forces of his time.

It is one of the pennities of belonging to one of the great ducal families of England that all of its members must always live in something of that white light which beats round the throne and on those near it, and it is also one of the penalties, particularly of the Marlborough family, that their finances should always be, practically, a matter of public interest.

This was lamentably true of the first, the great Duke, and has been always since of the succeeding heirs to that position.

The change in the fortunes of the Marlboroughs began when the last, the eighth duke of that name, married Mrs. Flamersley, of New York, who, after his death, became the wife of Lord Charles Beresford, and they received additional help from the fortunes of the Vanderbilts, which the present duke gained by his marriage with the daughter of that house.

In discussing the financial as well as the personal character of the great Duke and the present bearer of that name, it is scarcely possible to find a greater contrast than these two men present. And it is curious to remark how in both their lives, as in almost every case, the fortunes of the several Dukes of Marlborough have been helped by the women they have married. The great Duke's reputation before the building of Blenheim began was an extremely shady one, so far as finances went, to say the least of it. And the building of Blenheim makes a long and extraordinary chapter in the history of John Churchill and his remarkable wife.

Blenheim is the only non-royal or non-Episcopal house in Great Britain which is called a "palace." The old acts of Parliament and settlements carefully refer to it as a "house," but in popular nomenclature it became, from the beginning, a palace. There are other residences of English nobles which excel it from many points of view, but they remain castles, or abbeys, or halls; while it is only Blenheim which one thinks of and speaks of as a "palace."

For the building of Blenheim, which is part of a whole royal domain that was taken bodily from the Crown and given to the victor of the Field of Ramillies as a testimonial of the Nation's regard, the great Duke and his wife got between them about $6,000,000 from the royal treasury to lay out an edifice and the estate. It is estimated from their collected stealings, bribe-takings and other profits of office, the total amount of which no one has ever pretended to sum up, they devoted about $250,000 of what they called their own money to the work, as well.

Marlborough himself died before the huge structure had reached habitable stage. For nearly twenty years thereafter his widow struggled stormily with the task, fighting with her architect, robbing builders and inciting workmen to mob violence against their employers, and, on the whole, conducting as exciting and prolonged a campaign of battles, sieges and fierce surprises among the long corridors of scaffolding and in the stonemasons' yards as her husband had waged on the battlefields of the Continent.

When the old Duchess died, in 1744, she had worked herself around into a state of hostility toward Blenheim and its occupants, which was a curious contrast to her early interest in the work—a work that was practically the whole ambition of her life. And so strongly did this feeling develop that in her old age she began to divest Blenheim of everything that the law left her free to take, with a view to making the Althorp, home of the Spencer branch of the family, richer than that of the Marlboroughs at Woodstock. To this end she left all her own large portion to her young grandson by her will and every acre of land which had not been specifically entailed by Parliament, or the Duke's will, upon the Blenheim branch.

Notorious as were the previous records of the great Duke's financial dealings, they all pale into insignificance when compared with those which directly concerned the building of the palace of Blenheim by artisans under the direction of Sir John Vanbrugh, one of the most famous architects of his time.

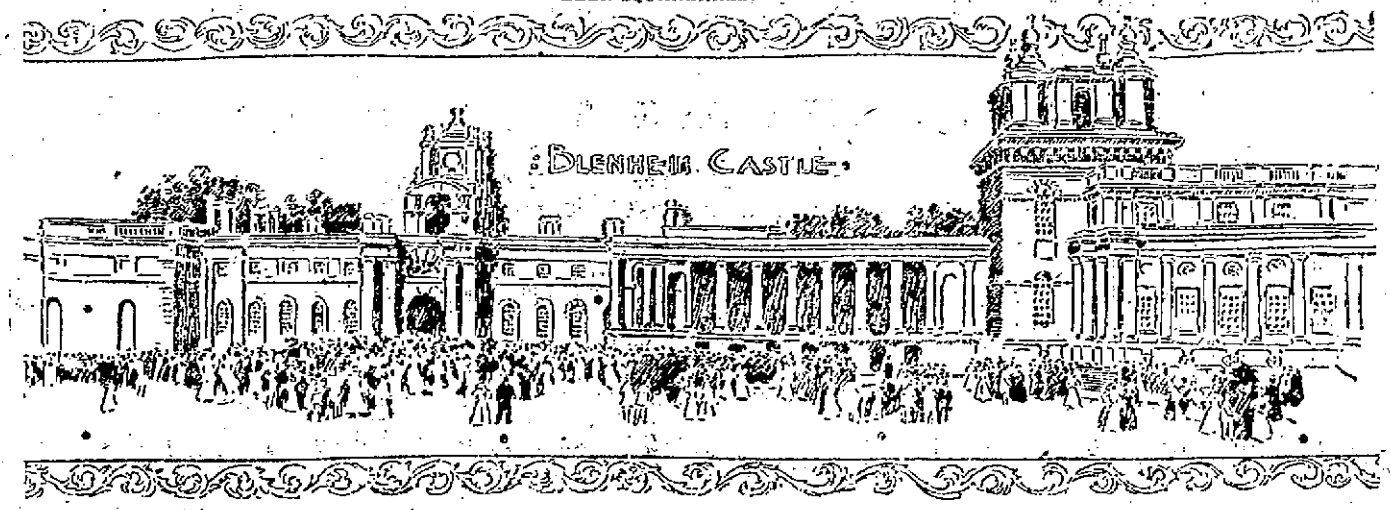
Vanbrugh has always been the reputed architect of Blenheim, but from his letters it appears that the design of the palace was suggested by the original Duke of Marlborough. There is no question of the fact that Vanbrugh did a great deal of work upon it, nor that the first scandal over the construction of the building arose from his being stopped in his work by the non-payment of the laborers in his employ.

The gossips were rolling the morsel over when George I. ascended the throne. As an evidence of the esteem in which he held the Marlboroughs, the king declared the debt of the laborers to be the debt of the Crown, and he magnificently paid for it out of the public funds. The workmen insisted on receiving the money through their employer, Vanbrugh, and, though the Duke would not hear of this at first, the workmen eventually had their way in the matter.

For a few years the work progressed smoothly, and then the laborers struck again for non-payment of wages. This time the renewal of scandal was too much for the British public, and further grants to the Marlboroughs from the public purse were out of the question. With his usual keen eye to his own pocket, the Duke compromised with the laborers for one-third the sum due them. And then he was compelled to finish the structure out of his own funds. Thus Blenheim, which was intended as a testimonial of a nation's esteem, ended by being paid for, in a certain way, by the Duke himself. It is not at all clear that any of these last debts were ever settled by the ducal builder.

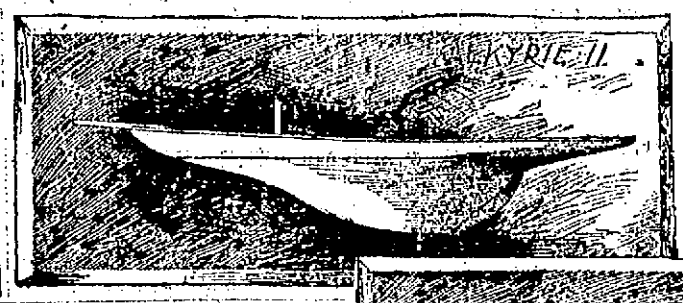
Upon this turn of affairs Vanbrugh appealed to the courts for payment of the sums due him from the owners of Blenheim. No specific sum had been voted by Parliament for the palace, and a tedious litigation ensued. The Duke died before it ended, but his shrewish wife contrived a counter plot to that of Vanbrugh's in an endeavor to turn the responsibility upon him. The amount claimed by the architect was 2,000 pounds sterling. And, though the case was decided in his favor, he never lived to receive the money due him. Enraged by his victory, the Duchess engaged Sir Christopher Wren to finish the house. At the end Vanbrugh found himself not only hopelessly ruined financially, but also with a reputation that was practically ruined. His attempt to bring ruin on the Marlborough family cost him very dearly.

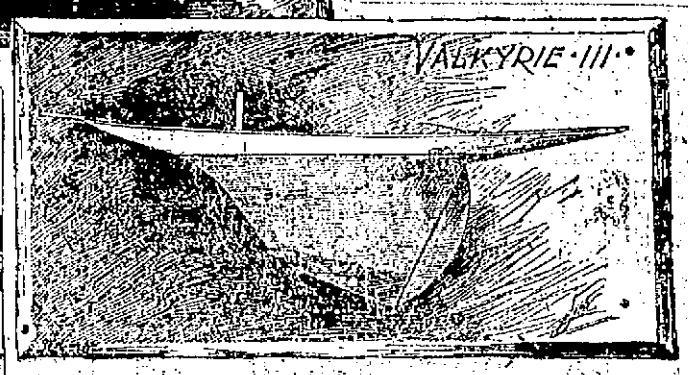
A CLOSE VIEW OF THE GREAT PALACE AT WOODSTOCK OVER WHICH KINGS HAVE QUARRELED AND UPON WHICH KINGS' RANSOMS HAVE BEEN SQUANDERED.



AMERICAN MILLIONS HAVE FITTED OUT THIS GREAT HOUSE WITH ALL THE MODERN MARVELS OF ELECTRICITY. TELEPHONES, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND STEAM HEAT NOW MAKE IT COMFORTABLE FOR ITS AMERICAN MISTRESS AND HER AMBITIOUS YOUNG HUSBAND.

THESE DIAGRAMS SHOW THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALKYRIE II AND VALKYRIE III.





THE VALKYRIE III UNDER WATER.

SKATING RINKS ON THE ROOF.

Like Roof Gardens, They Seem Impossible at First and Dangerous.

The roof garden now looks pale and wind-blown. But in its place there is coming something else quite as interesting as the roof garden and fully as enjoyable. This is the roof skating rink, and it is planned so that it exists where the garden formerly was. Just as the skating rink of the back yard takes the place of water and mignonette.

For the roof garden the tin roof was slatted over and made into a secure floor. For the skating rink this is removed and the plain tin roof is left. Should the tin roof be more than ordinarily slippy the boards are left on it. But this makes extra work for those who tend the roof.

The scheme is this, according to a man who prepares these roof-rinks: At the first frosty night several buckets of water are carried to the roof and poured slowly over it. Next day more are added. And by this time the roof has a decided coat of ice. This is increased by having water poured on again the next night and the following day. By adding a few pails at a time a very nice smooth surface is secured. It takes about three days to prepare a roof. And when once done the ice seldom melts during the very cold weather, as its exposed position makes it very cold.

Rains, snow and very high winds act upon the roof-rink just as they do upon a lake. They roughen its surface. After a storm it is necessary for the one who takes care of the rink to go over it—as they do in large skating lakes—with watering pot filling up the cracks in the ice and removing rough places. This is not a great deal of work and repays the skaters well.

When roof gardens were first started in England by Lady Henry Somerset, and in New York by Miss Georgia Cayvan, they were ridiculed as being too dangerous for enjoyment and surely fatal to many persons who would walk off accidentally. But several years of roof gardening have failed to show the record of a single accident; and it has come to a pass now that tenants of fashionable parts of the city ask the agents of large apartment houses if there are roof gardens for use in the hot months. They insist upon them.

Of course there must be a railing around the roof. The one built for the roof garden answers nicely; and where a very fine rink is wanted there may be a little ledge built around the roof to admit of flooding it. The usefulness of the draft pipes is not interfered with, as there is an ornament built around the opening or a rustic chair left from summer is placed over it. Chimneys and ornamental structures upon the roof are made the cosy nooks where a cup of tea can be obtained and where biscuit and thin sandwiches are dispensed. Chinese lanterns shed light upon dark nights and a fir tree or two makes the scene very fairylike. If the plans of certain young women living near Central Park, New York city, are carried out, "New York from the house tops" will be as charming in winter as in summer.

CLOCKS IN BIG BUILDINGS.

Occupants of high buildings are annoyed by the frequent stoppage of their pendulum clocks. It is caused by the shiver, the constant vibration of the buildings. Many a pendulum clock that has kept accurate time for years in old, low structures has refused to move when removed into one of the new, tall buildings. On the lower floors of the buildings the clocks run fairly well, but, higher up in the buildings they become whimsical, and on the top floors they will not run at all. A St. Louis man has a pendulum clock in the tower of a tall building which has not done an honest day's work since he moved in the new offices. The pendulum swings continually, but only from the vibration of the building, as the clock has not been wound for weeks. Useless to wind it, for it would not keep time.

THE SCIENCE OF CLEOPATRA.

Reading the Foot by the Shape Has Become a Society Pastime.

A shaded lamp sent up a steady, clear glow toward the ceiling of a student's rooms, evidently a student of human nature, for, around the room underneath the ceiling, ran a narrow shelf, and upon this shelf were casts of hands and feet, of arms and heads, of limbs and spinal columns—all the parts of the human frame, as though a search was being made among them for the secrets of the inner self.

At the table where the lamp stood sat a student, busily writing. "I'm writing for posterity," he said, as a friend was shown into the room. "I'm getting up a new science. Ask for it in the book stores six months from now. 'Pediatry, the Science of the Foot,' and you will be handed a bulky volume.

"What will be in it? The first steps and the ultimate workings of a science as exact as that of palmistry. They say palmistry is lost to us now. Pediatry is newly found. It was an art in the days of Cleopatra when the Queen extended her dainty sandal to be read by the wise women of Rome. It will be an art again.

"Listen while I read you extracts from one of my chapters, condensing as I go along. You will wonder when I tell you that a society woman always has a short, fat foot. If she is ill her foot may be thin to sympathize with her body. But it will still be fatter in proportion than it ought to be to fit A Vénus de Mile statue. The short, fat foot denotes good nature, delicate emotions and grace. The shorter the foot the better the social qualities of the woman. Short-footed women are quick, pleasing talkers. They are accomplished. They are good home women and they have the peculiar facility of looking pretty. They are womanly women. Mrs. Cleveland's foot draws a 'C' width, but can be crowded into a three length.

"Not so the straight-footed woman. She is the woman of talent. Her foot looks beautiful in a shoe, for it fits flat along the sole and refreshes you when it peeps out from her gown. But this long, narrow foot means talent, and the owner has a more or less amiable disposition according to how the wind is that day.

"Actresses have these feet. Bernhardt's is not wider than two straws. You wonder that stage women walk so gracefully and present such bewitching glimpses of foot from under their flowing robes. It is because they have the long, supple, talented foot. It can glide like a cat's foot. The talented foot can and should wear the sandal.

"Lazy women seldom have little feet. Their feet draw a long shoe, but it is because of the selfish big toe. This too is much longer than the other toes and denotes great thought of self. Such women can wear pointed-toe shoes, for that big, big toe sets well into the point of the shoe. Their feet look smaller than they really are. You will often see a selfish woman with a foot 'pulling' a nine-inch last; yet so pointed are her toes that her foot passes for a trifling little affair. This opinion she promotes by declaring that the long, pointed toes of her shoes are stuffed with cotton.

"As an aside, but a proof of this assertion, I will cite a case upon the medical records of New York city. A woman with such a foot applied to a surgeon to have her big toes cut off. She said, with them removed she could wear a No. 2 shoe. At present she required a four. The surgeon refused to perform the operation. The third doctor to whom she applied cut them off; and, after learning to walk, the woman proudly sallied forth in No. 2 shoes. This illustrates the vanity and selfishness of a big-toed woman.

"The useful women have flat feet, rather broad. Like horses' hoofs they are spread for working purposes, and have great endurance. They are prosaic and lacking in sentimental emotions, though capable of a dog-like affection. Such feet never rest. The peculiarity of the working foot is that the heel is smaller than the rest by comparison. A narrow heel that slips in the shoe and a thin instep generally go with a broad working foot. These feet do not take the very large shoes of the stores. They need the wide ones but not the long ones. Ellen Terry has the broad foot.

"The athletic foot is to my eye the loveliest of all. It has the grace of a fawn's leg. The foot is a continuation of the ankle and calf, so narrow and delicate is it in its slopings.

"The athletic foot is the one that calls for the No. 6 shoe, but if athletic women would have their shoes made to order for them they need not wear such big ones. The athletic foot is very long, but its heel is straight. Most shoes have a rounding heel extending back of the foot. The athletic foot is chopped off, as it were, at the back. With a shoe made to fit this peculiarity that immensely long look would disappear.

"The athletic foot is, unfortunately, for pointed-toed shoes, pretty even as to the length of toes. It is an Aphrodite foot, and might easily be fitted to a Greek statue. Women who have these feet are not very domestic, though extremely pleasant companions. The eccentric ankle, as broad as the instep, shows lack of conventionality.

A NEW YEAR PICTURE OF THE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG DUCHESS.

WEALTHIER THAN THE FIRST DUCHESS—AND MORE BEAUTIFUL—SHE HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO EXERT A GREATER AND BETTER INFLUENCE UPON ENGLISH SOCIETY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Having obtained a legal separation from my wife, Mary Hayes, I hereby notify all dealers that I will no longer be responsible for any bills of her contracting.

Jan. 30, 1899. THOMAS A. HAYES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 13 Appleton street.

A BIG SUGAR DEAL.

We have made a big contract with the sugar trust. 10 pounds of the best granulated sugar for $1 and 100 pound bags or over at wholesale prices. Dickson Bros., 18 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Poems, Novels, 15 cents at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 16 Thorndike St.

WANTED—An intelligent Catholic young lady. A good talker to take orders. Address D, Sun office.

Reduced prices on suits, overcoats and trousers at Gorman's and Sullivan's, tailors, 25 Palmer street.

John A. Tyrrell of 481 Lawrence street has been recently appointed a licensed auctioneer and appraiser.

NEXT WEEK SATURDAY IS QUARTER DAY AT WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT. 273 CENTRAL STREET.

Don't pay $50 or $60 for a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine on instalments when you can buy one for $20 cash at Harris', 10 Appleton St.

Mr. J. T. Noble of this city, well-versed in textile matters, appeared in Boston, to-day, before the State legislature, speaking in the interest of the Lowell Textile school of which he is a warm champion.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Thos. C. Lee & Co., the well known insurance firm will remove to 52 Central street over the hardware store of H. H. Shattuck & Son, Feb. 1st. In addition to their extensive fire insurance business they will carry the additional lines of employers' liability and boiler insurance, as well as furnishing bonds for persons in positions of trust.

ALDERMEN SOLEY

DIED FROM INJURIES RECEIVED YESTERDAY MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Alderman John Soley of Chelsea, well known about Boston and vicinity as a building mover, died at his home in Chelsea last evening as the direct result of an injury he received during the morning at Lockwood's pier in East Boston.

Mr. Soley was engaged with a gang of his men in lifting some heavy machinery and placing it aboard the new city ferryboat, Noddle Island. During this work, a heavy rope snapped under the great strain and the flying end knocked Mr. Soley's feet from under him. He struck heavily upon the back of his head and was rendered unconscious. Later he revived and was driven to his home in Chelsea in a carriage. He was able to walk into his own home and a physician who was called declared he would probably be all right in a few days. Late in the afternoon he suddenly became worse and relapsed into unconsciousness. He died about 8 in the evening.

SALARIES REDUCED

MAYOR QUINCY NOTIFIES HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Mayor Quincy in a letter sent to heads of departments yesterday said: "I desire distinctly to disclaim any intention of expressing or implying the opinon that the scale of compensation now paid by the city is too high or that it can be reduced with justice or with real advantage. My position is merely that this measure of reduction is necessary under the financial conditions which confront the city. You are, therefore, directed to proceed at once to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all salaries paid in your department of $1000 a year or more and of 5 per cent. in all salaries amounting to $700 a year and not exceeding $1000, and also to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all wages amounting to $3.25 per day or more, and of 5 per cent. in all wages not less than $2.50 a day and not exceeding $3.25 per day.

"It is expected that the reductions above called for will be made on the next pay roll upon which it is practicable to make the necessary alterations in compensation. While I have no legal authority to order the reduction of salaries paid to heads of departments and established by statute or by ordinance, it is obvious that the same considerations which require the decreases above mentioned also demand a voluntary reduction, in the same ratio, in the salaries received by such officials. They are, therefore, requested and expected to have their own rate of compensation placed upon the pay roll with a reduction of 7½ per cent.

Yours respectfully,
JOSIAH QUINCY, Mayor.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 51 MERRIMACK ST.

L. A. W. MATTERS

Will It Drop Racing Next Season?

SPECULATION ON THIS QUESTION.

What the Leaders Say on the Matter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Judging from the widespread interest that was taken last week in the bicycle show, the opinion prevails that cycling will experience a marked popularity this season over the somewhat depressed conditions that prevailed last year, when the bicycle lost ground. Undoubtedly the war had its effect and both the recreative and sporting sides of cycling suffered an appreciable loss of favor with the public. Should the L.A.W. wisely decide to retire from the racing game, allowing the N.C.A. unobstructed progress, the pioneer organization, by devoting its entire time to touring, road improvement, cycle path construction and matters of that sort, would accomplish much to revive and stimulate action in the ranks of the many thousands who evince only a passing regard in the competitive form of the pastime.

What will be done at the National Assembly at Providence, on February 8th, is of more vital import to the L.A.W. than to the N.C.A. The logic of this, in view of recent happenings, is such as to commend itself to the serious thinking members who have the real welfare of the league at heart. The line of argument on which the racing faction of the league is expending its ammunition consists of trying to convey the impression that, under the existing situation, it looks as though the league were retiring under fire and with colors dragging.

While it may appear that the league in surrendering racing, is admitting defeat, it should also be remembered that three years ago I. B. Potter strongly advocated the divorce of the sport from the league, and in the Baltimore National assembly the New York division voted as a unit on a proposed amendment to this effect.

Ever since the league leaders in this state have shared this idea with the pro-racing element gradually has been practically eradicated. At the December session of the Board of Officers, the state racing board was abolished and following the policy which was instituted at Baltimore, the Empire state delegation at Providence again will fight for what it considers to be the best advantage of the league.

In many other states, similar ideas prevail, and there is scarcely any doubt that a majority of the delegates at Providence will go there intending to vote for the divorce of racing. Whether the specious arguments of the pro-racing contingent composed, for the most part, of those will be benefitted financially by the league's dabbling in racing, will have any effect in the discussion of Sterling Elliott's amendment remains to be seen.

What success the league would have if it continued to bother with the sport is problematical. That it might contribute a battle of some pretensions is admitted even by the N.C.A. adherents, who, however, do not fear but that it will be a case of the survival of the fittest. The league is not constructed for permanent government of racing control and its jurisdiction in the past has been considered by many as being a matter of necessity and not of real desire.

In England and France the big cycling organizations have nothing to do with racing and there is no reason why the same plan could not prevail in the United States. The N.C.A. is organizing cycle sport and a season of racing will demonstrate whether or not this body will prove competent to meet the requirements. Should it fail, then there would be a willing return to league direction a year hence.

LOWELL MAN

TO INVESTIGATE SOMERSWORTH MACHINE COMPANY AFFAIRS.

The creditors of the Somersworth Machine Company which failed a short time ago as the result of the previous assignment of the Sawyer Woolen Mills Company, have appointed Charles H. Fish of Dover, N. H., R. M. Boutwell of Lowell, and J. O. Henshaw of Boston a committee to investigate the affairs of the company, to report as soon as possible. Figures which have been submitted to the creditors show that the liabilities of the company aggregate $298,115, and the assets $148,955. This does not include real estate, which is entered upon the books as valued at $103,182, but upon which the assignee is unable to place any value at present.

The creditors have authorized Assignee B. Frank Nealley to operate the stove department of the plant, if he deems it expedient to do so.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Just a Cough

Not worth paying attention to, you say: Perhaps you have had it for weeks.

It's annoying because you have a constant desire to cough. It annoys you also because you remember that weak lungs is a family failing.

At first it is a slight cough.
At last it is a hemorrhage.
At first it is easy to cure.
At last, extremely difficult.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

quickly conquers your little hacking cough.

There is no doubt about the cure now. Doubt comes from neglect.

For over half a century Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been curing colds and coughs and preventing consumption. It cures Consumption also if taken in time.

Keep one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs if you cough.

Shall we send you a book on this subject, free?

Our Medical Department.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Home club of Lawrence and a picked team from this city calling themselves the Belvideres and captained by John Mellen whose aggregation of bowlers have startled Lowell and Lawrence also for the past several years, played a highly interesting game on the Palace alleys in Lawrence last night and the latter team was beaten by 10 pins. The first string opened with strikes for Wilson and Dow and McCormack and Horn spared. Robinson and Campbell broke and the Home club finished in the lead for the frame by Day and Pond striking and Fee breaking and Mellen missing. This made things about even and neither gained any great advantage in the other nine boxes at the end of the first string, the score being 740—740. The second string was fatal for the Belvideres, who went 56 pins below their opponents in score and they could not overcome the lead sufficiently in the third to win although they rolled a higher total in the third string than the Lawrence team. The score:

Home Club—Dow, 474; Horn, 437; Robinson, 432; Day, 505; Pond, 474; totals, 2322.

Belvideres—Wilson, 549; McCormack, 402; Campbell, 476; Fee, 460; Mellen, 447; totals, 2332.

A continuation of the inter club contests of the Highland and Vesper clubs last night pushed the Highlands ahead o the Vespers. Kittredge was high roller.

The first and second teams of High school boys played at Les Miserables alleys yesterday afternoon and the former team won by 68 pins. Kelley broke Harmon's individual record of 488, going it nine pins better. The score:

Team One—Kelley 488; Harmon, 433; Conant, 390; Davis, 379; Brady, 246; totals, 1936.

Team Two—Bagley, 348; O'Brien, 420; Church, 436; Bruce, 315; Loughlin, 359; totals, 1878.

Mr. Charles Tyrrell of Gorham street is recovering from his recent indisposition.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE WOMENS CLUB

Miss Thompson Lectures on Teutons.

THEIR CHARACTERISTICS AND INSTITUTIONS.

Second Lecture of the History Course.

Miss Anna B. Thompson delivered the second lecture in the course on history before the Middlesex Women's club, yesterday afternoon. She spoke of the race characteristics of the Teutons and the world, their earliest decus as seen in contact with Rome.

American history of today, said Miss Thompson, is simply a play on the ancient history of Rome. There is a great historical wave passing over the world, that is of the masses. It was begun by the German philosophers in the last century. It shows us that God appears as the evolution. It is the teaching of evolution, the one important thing to study in the phenomenal world. Yet history does not give us concrete rules, for conditions are never the same. It simply shows us the direction the world is tending. There has been no fitting history written for the elementary schools of the day. Woman is not recognized as the political unit. The intellectual study should show us where the world is tending.

American history should be our first duty. We should study carefully just what our station is in the world. To fill it adequately, the aim of our lives. What is our station in life? We are a wandering people, and God has given the world into our hands. We are living in the earliest age of migration. The first epoch was the Grecian and then the Roman, then the Columbian and fourth the American cause. We are still colonizing Africa, the islands of the Pacific, and in the next 1000 years there will be no more places to colonize. The problem then will be economic and social and how to get food.

The Gaelic war was one of the shaping forces of the world. Not only did Caesar conquer the Gaul, but Romanized him as well. This was one of the turning points of the world's history. The customs of the early Greeks and the Teutons were next compared, showing the greater simplicity of the former. But the latter believed in a greater personal liberty and all their institutions show it. The fundamental problem of the hour is how much shall I give to the development of my own personality. The Greeks and Romans cared more for the state than for the individual. Modern history teaches us that Jesus preached the immortality of the soul. Individuality is the special task of the Teutons, not art, science or conquest. The Czar of Russia in his recent proposition for a disarmament of the nations of the world is the first step in the one great unity that is prophesied to be one of the results that is to come. We Americans are not wide awake enough, and far from being the equal of the Greeks. Morally we are the highest that the world has yet seen.

The lecture proved decidedly interesting and instructive and besides this Miss Thompson kindly consented to stay over one train and thus the club members were given an added pleasure of a chance of asking any and all questions at the conclusion of her delightful talk.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY DISCUSSED ANNEXATION RESOLVE.

The North Chelmsford debating society connected with the Congregational church of the town last night discussed in the church the resolve "That the annexation of North Chelmsford to Lowell would be detrimental to the town." About 75 young people were present and listened attentively to the arguments of the affirmative and negative sides.

Arthur Salmon led for the affirmative and Principal Trueby of the North Chelmsford school said:

It is not a question simply for entertainment, he said, but it concerns the whole welfare of the community. On a rainy, muddy night would it not be to our advantage to have good sidewalks and well paved streets? With our dark streets compare this town with the well lighted streets of yonder city. Take it in summer when it is warm weather would it not be better if we had the ideal sewerage of the city? Would not this town with the addition of city conveniences become the ideal residence section of the enlarged city? Would not the young men and women have advantages now denied them? I might mention the educational advantages in the schools and city library. If we were a part of the city of Lowell how long would it be before that bridge would be built? The resolution speaks of the future most particularly. It is the future we care for even as we do for the present.

Among those who spoke on the question were D. D. Swain and Rev. R. W. Dunbar. The latter although he favored the negative summed up the situation in a few words. He said "we believe that annexation would be beneficial to the town, but Lowell's debt we want out of the way, before we go in. We don't want to saddle their taxes and dirty politics on us." On the vote on the merits of the question it was the unanimous opinion of the members that the resolution under discussion was sustained. The negative side was voted the merits of the arguments.

CANDLEMAS DAY

WILL BE OBSERVED ON THURSDAY NEXT.

Candlemas Day, observed on Thursday next, in its ecclesiastical meaning, is the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary. This festival is very strictly kept by the Roman Catholic church, there being a procession with many lighted candles, the candles required for the services of the ensuing year being consecrated on that day. Hence the name "Candlemas Day." In Scotland this day is one of the fourterm days appointed for periodical annual payments of money, interest, taxes, etc., and of entry to premises—the three other term days there being Whitsunday, Lammas and Martinmas. An old document at the time of Henry VIII, preserved in the archives of the society of Antiquaries, London, concerning the rites and ceremonies in the English church speaks thus of the custom of carrying candles: "On Candlemas Daye it shall be declared that the hearyinge of candles is done in the memorie of Christe, the spirituall lyghte whom Simeon dyd prophecye ("a light to lighten the Gentiles") as it is redde in the church that daye. But an older and heathen origin is ascribed to the practice. The Romans were in the habit of burning candles on this day to the goddess Februa, the mother of Mars; and Pope Sergius, seeing it would be useless to prohibit a practice of so long standing, turned it to Christian account by enjoining a similar offering of candles to the virgin. The candles were supposed to have the effect of keeping evil spirits away from the persons who carried them, or from the houses in which they were placed. An order of Council in 1584 prohibited the ceremony in England. There is a tradition in most parts of Europe to the effect that a fine Candlemas day portends a severe winter. In Scotland the prognostication is expressed in the following distich:

"If Candlemas is fair and clear,
There'll be twa winters in the year."

Christ's Presentation, the Holiday of St. Simeon and, in the north of England the Wives' Feast-Day, were names given to Candlemas Day.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Cook, Taylor & Co.
CENTRAL STREET.

We have decided to close out our entire stock of

BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS AT ONCE.

Notice the prices we quote and you will see that we mean busines

Comforters that sold at 69, 75 and 89c, at 49c each.
Those that sold at $1 and $1.19 at 89c each,
Those that sold at $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 at 98c.
Our $1.75 and $2 Comforters at $1.49 each.

BLANKETS

$1 Blankets, slightly soiled, at 63c a pair.
$1.50 Blankets, all perfect, in white or gray, 98c pair.
All Wool Blankets, that sold at $3.50, at $2.50 a pair.
We have about 30 pair All Wool Blankets that are slightly soiled that sold at $4, $5, $6, $6.50, $8 and $10, which we now offer at $2.98 $3.49, $3.98, $4.19, $4.49 and $4.98 a pair.

The First Great Catch
SINCE THE BIG STORM.

The great and mighty deep has given of her abundance to the people of Lowell.

Live Cocktail Haddock 3c. lb.

"THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME."

Banner Market Grocery
GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE,
68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.

GEN. WOOD, Military Governor of Cuba.

Wait! Pause! Linger!

—FOR THE—

GREAT CONSOLIDATION SALE

TWO STOCKS IN ONE, AMOUNTING TO THOUSANDS.

The greatest price reducing, value smashing sale ever held in Lowell for up-to-date honest goods to be sold for about 60 cents on a dollar. Mr. Charles M Dickey has purchased the stock and fixtures owned by the late Mr. E. F. Bowers, and will add the stock now owned by him to the one just bought, and THURSDAY MORNING next, at 9 o'clock, will commence a sale of

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, GLOVES, MITTENS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

At STAR POINTER prices. Look thro' your own eyes—seeing is convincing. Of course, the early callers get the fruit. Bargain hunters and misers welcomed. Mr. Dickey says "sell quick and cheap so I can open up a complete new stock in March." The price on every article has been re-marked to lower figures than they can ever again be sold for. Lookers treated as well as buyers—they will help push the sale. Get in the push. Mingle with the crowd. Remember

Thursday Morning, 9 O'clock, No. 411 Middlesex Street is the Time and Place.

J. W. WRIGHT, Manager.

THREE EDITIONS.

Do you know that there are three editions of The Sun printed every day? 2 o'clock, 6 o'clock, and 8 o'clock editions are distributed on time to all the agencies, newsstands, and newsboys of the city. Get the latest when you are buying.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY'RE WELCOME.

We don't steal the news, we buy it and pay for it while it is news. After we print it, the fake sheets are welcome to it. By the time they set it up, print it, and distribute it to their deluded readers, it ceases to be news.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1899. | 8 PAGES, 1 CENT.

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

DEMAND MORE PAY

Fall River Textile Council Passed Resolution.

Calling for Restoration of Old Scale of Wages the First Monday in March--Manufacturers Will Not Confer With Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 31.—The executive committee of the Manufacturers' association of this city has refused to grant the request of the textile council comprising delegates from all the textile unions, for a conference. The conference was requested for the purpose of discussing a request for an advance in wages. Secretary Rounseville of the manufacturers' association states in his letter to the textile council that the present condition of the industry does not warrant an increase in wages and the time for consideration as to restoration of the reduction has not arrived and cannot at this time be considered. The textile council met immediately upon receipt of the communication and adopted the following:

"That we recommend to the several organizations that we request the manufacturers to restore wages to the scale paid previous to Jan. 3, 1895, the same to take effect on and after the first Monday in March."

After the various textile unions have met and acted on this recommendation another meeting of the council will be held at which action will be taken in accordance with all the unions affiliated with the council.

HAD TWO FAMILIES

Richard C. Combs Maintained Both of Them.

HIS INSURANCE AMOUNTING TO $2,000.

Will be Divided Between the Families.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 31.—A decision rendered by the supreme court brings to light another story of one man's two families.

Richard C. Combs died in 1897 and left two families one in Burlington and one in Wichita, Kansas. The Burlington family was the legitimate one, but Combs had maintained both for twenty years, and lived most of the time just prior to his death with the Kansas woman and three children whom he recognized. Her name was Miss A. C. Dunn. Combs, who was a travelling man, had a policy of life insurance for $4000 in the Iowa Legion of Honor. The money was paid to the Burlington woman and suit was begun by the guardian of the Kansas children to recover from the Burlington family or the Legion of Honor, the mother of the Kansas children having died. The court holds that the Burlington family must divide with the Kansas children, since their father recognized them as his.

LOWELL YOUNG MAN

AND NASHUA GIRL IN A RNAWAY ACCIDENT AT NASHUA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, Jan. 31.—A young man from Lowell, whose name could not be learned came to this city Sunday evening to take a Nashua young woman out for a drive. They were returning from their drive when their horse became frightened at the electric cars and dashed into a telephone pole at the junction of Temple and Armory streets. The occupants were thrown out and the horse ran along Armory street until the carriage struck another pole and was badly wrecked.

The driver and the young woman were taken to the City hotel, where it was found that neither was injured and will not suffer beyond severe shaking up. The horse was captured later and the young man returned to Lowell via the electric cars.

EIGHT HOUR DAY

WILL BE ASKED FOR BY UNITED MINE WORKERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Jan. 31.—District No. 13 of the United Mine Workers of America which includes the state of Iowa and particularly southern and western coal fields, has decided to ask for an eight-hour day. The Legislative Committee has called a convention of miners and operators for February 22 in this city for the purpose of considering this matter and also for signing the scale for the coming year. The present scale is 35 cents a ton the year round. The secret delegate meeting of miners from the camps in above fields will be held here the day preceding the convention.

DR. BERRY FELL DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Rev. Charles Albert Berry, D. D., chairman in 1897 of the Congregational Union of England and Wales and first president of the national council of evangelical free churches fell dead today while conducting a funeral service of Dr. Tetherlicks, a Non-Conformist minister in a chapel at Bilston, Staffordshire.

REVISION BILL

NOW IN HANDS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF DEPUTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The committee of the chamber of deputies which was entrusted with yesterday's revision bill met this afternoon and the minister of justice, M. Lebret, communicated to the committee the report of M. Magnu, first president of the court of cassation, on the charges brought by M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, former president of the civil section of the court of cassation, against the members of the criminal section of that court. The committee before examining the report, decided to maintain absolute secrecy, concerning it until the members of the committee arrived at a decision regarding the bill and the publication of the documents in the case. An official report of the proceedings will be published daily.

STEALING COPPER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 31—John Hallin and Arthur Daught have been arrested on a charge of stealing copper and brass from Mare Island navy yard. Hallin was captured by marlens at Mare Island in the act of looting the yard. Daught was caught in this city. More than a ton worth as high as ten cents a pound which they had stolen from the government was found by detectives. It had sold as wreckage from the steamer Columbia. The pirates admit having taken other stuff along the shores of the bay.

BURIED IN A SNOWSLIDE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COKEVILLE, Wyo., Jan. 31—A Snow slide a mile long near here buried several men and ten teams. All the men were taken out alive with the exception of Burt Handy who was dead when found.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Weather 8.30 a. m. Cloudy; temp., 20; north to northeasterly winds.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 31—All records of ice travel on the Yukon have been broken by the recent feat of the mounted police of the northwest territory in bringing a big shipment of mail from Dawson to Skaguay in nine days and ten hours. The mail left Dawson on the morning of January 15, and was in Skaguay before noon last Tuesday. The record was made by the Canadian officials, it is said, to show that they could greatly reduce the time being made by the United States mail contractors.

MILL SHUT DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 31—The fur set brick mill of the G. G. Wood Manufacturing company at Quinapexit, has shut down, making the third satinet mill of the company to close. The finishing department for all the Wood departments is still in operation.

THOMAS SAVAGE DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MALDEN, Mass., Jan. 31—Thomas Savage, a prominent lawyer, died at his home in Maplewood this morning from injuries received by falling from an electric car in Boston last Friday.

Mr. Savage was 47 years of age.

POWERS HAVE AGREED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAIRO, Jan. 31—All the powers have agreed to a prolongation of the mixed tribunals for a year from tomorrow.

A BIG LOAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31—The St. James Gazette says the French government is negotiating with French and British financiers for a loan of 8,000,000 pounds sterling to 10,000,000 pounds sterling, to be devoted to army and navy purposes.

STEAMER SIGHTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Yanavira, Captain Weston, which sailed from Baltimore last Thursday for Havre, passed in by Sandy Hook at 10 oclock today, evidently in trouble.

ENGLAND IN FEAR

Over Disastrous Possibilities of Our Trade Competition

SO REPORTS CONSUL HALSTEAD.

Trade Paper Tells About American Trade.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31—Consul Halstead of Birmingham, England, reports to the state department that there is a great awakening going on among English manufacturers over the disastrous possibilities of American trade competition. A new trade paper there has met with a most cordial reception, he says, and the news columns of both daily and trade papers are filled with facts about American trade while the matter is given serious editorial discussion which in English papers means much more serious consideration than the same editorials pay to a devoted subject in the average American newspaper. In this week's issue of the particular trade paper referred to, Mr. Halstead says that fully twelve 900-word columns are devoted to American trade matters, about one-half taken from the American consular reports.

LITERARY CLUB

FORMED BY PROMINENT FRENCH-AMERICAN RESIDENTS.

Several of our prominent French fellow-citizens are organizing a new literary club whose sole object will be the culture of fine arts and sciences for the especial benefit of its members. These will be carefully selected among the genuine scholars in French literature and their number will be necessarily limited. The first meeting was held in Dr. Bellehumeur's office, Merrimack street, and the prospects are very encouraging. The only opposition to the proposed organization comes from certain members of Le Cercle Garin who object that their fellow-members belong to the new club, as their respective interests will conflict. It is a well known fact that Mr. Arthur Beauenge, president of Le Cercle Garin and the winner in the recent debate between his club and the Pawtucketville Social Club, is one of the prominent organizers of the new literary association and the members of Le Cercle Garin are after him.

The founders of the new French literary association are all well known French-Americans of this city; among others: Dr. Bellehinneur, Arthur J. Smith, editor of L'Etoile; Delon J. Bourre, assistant editor; Dr. J. A. Gagnon, Dr. J. B. Hurtubise, J. B. D. Jacques Esq., Charles R. Daoust, George Crepeau, and J. W. Morin. The organization will soon be perfected.

TRADES UNION

EXPECTED TO UNITE IN PETITION TO PROTECT THEMSELVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 31.—The trades unions of this city are expected to unite in a petition to secure a hearing before the insurance committee of the legislature for legislation to protect them against the losses which will follow the decision of the insurance commissioner that insurance by unions against sickness, death, loss of tools and loss of work is illegal.

Secretary Tansy of the carders' association said to-day that under the laws of the state labor organizations cannot become incorporated, but the insurance given by the organizations was purely a charitable feature. The unions do not desire to become incorporated, chiefly because associations of labor are voluntary, and as their work does not partake of a commercial nature.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—COTTON.—Futures opened steady at the decline. Feb. 608; Mar. 610; Apl. 612; May 616; June 617; July 617; Aug. 620; Sept. 604; Oct. 604; Nov. 604; Dec. 604.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—FORECAST FOR NEW ENGLAND.—Threatening weather and snow tonight and Wednesday; light to fresh northerly winds.

At the meeting of the Old Residents Historical Association tonight, at 7.30 o'clock, Hon. Frederick Lawton will read an historical sketch of the Middlesex Mechanics Association. Considerable important business will be transacted.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables,
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

FOUND—A pocketbook containing a small sum of money and grocery checks. Owner can have by calling at 301 Adams street.

MONEY DEPOSITED
On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK.
will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.
£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps

SHOE WORKERS

Will Center Their Interest in Whitman.

WORKMEN APPEAL TO THE GOVERNOR.

For Investigation Into Evidence Offered.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WHITMAN, Mass., Jan. 31.—The interest of the shoe workers is likely to be centered at Whitman for the next few days, at least, to ascertain the outcome of questions at issue between the Commonwealth Shoe Company and the employes in the lasting department over the matter of wages. The State Board of Arbitration gave a decision yesterday in regard to the prices to be paid for lasting, which the men claim to be a reduction of about 25 per cent. from the rate now paid, and that the finding is not in accordance with the evidence submitted at a hearing recently held here, and the workmen have appealed to the Governor for an investigation.

A list was posted in the factory last November after the collapse of the Brockton strike, and some question arose about certain of the details. The whole matter was left with the State Board of Arbitration, but their decision was not rendered until yesterday.

The appeal to the Governor is as follows:

To His Excellency, Roger Wolcott,
Governor of the Commonwealth:

We, the undersigned, a committee, representing the Laster's, employed by the Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Company of Whitman, and Laster's Union, No. 69, of Whitman, do hereby petition Your Excellency to cause to have investigated the evidence upon which the Honorable Board of Arbitration rendered their decision in the petition of the Laster's Union and the Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Company of Whitman.

We believe that an investigation will prove that the evidence will not warrant the decision which said State Board arrived at, that the decision is unjust, unfair and manifestly prejudicial and we further petition that a hearing be given at which a committee appointed from the General Court or from any august body which Your Excellency may appoint, be present.

We respectfully request that you give this petition your earnest consideration, as it involves the welfare of the shoe workers not only of this commonwealth but of the entire country.

(Signed.) Committee.

ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 31—Postal Inspector J. J. Larmour, of Chicago has left here, having in custody W. C. Simmons, who is accused of embezzling $3,000 from the government while acting as postmaster at Hesperia, Mich. Simmons has been wanted since 1893. During his wanderings over the Pacific coast and Hawaii he has been accompanied by his sixteen year old son. Simmons was arrested at Anacortes on Sunday.

Mr. John McDonald of Lowell was the guest of Officer Joe Mack of Haverhill Saturday and Sunday.

The Busiest Place in Chalifoux's

Just at present is the Shirt Department. Everyone of the shirts sold is a lasting advertisement for us.

See our Shirt Window on Central Street.

38c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's Madras Negligee Shirts, excellent patterns.

50c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's White Body Fancy Bosom Shirts, all sizes.

50c., Men's Laundered Percale Shirts, with collar and cuffs attached, spring designs.

45c., Men's Soft Body Percale Shirts, with two separate collars, cuffs attached, all new goods.

44c., for 1-2 dozen four-ply Linen Collars.

69c., for 1-2 dozen Cuffs also.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
Central and Middle Streets.

Open for Business at our new store, after Thursday, Feb. 2. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 227 Central St. Look for the sign of the gold T.

CORDIAL WELCOME

Was Extended to the Philippine Commissioners

ON ARRIVAL AT VANCOUVER.

Several Addresses Presented to Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 31.—Those who witnessed the reception given last night to Professors J. G. Schurman and D. C. Worcester, Philippine commissioners, must have been impressed with the cordiality that now exists between the United States and the rest of the English-speaking nations. The two commissioners arrived last evening on the delayed Canadian Pacific express, and despite the rain there was a representative crowd of citizens at the station. After a cordial welcome at the depot, the distinguished travellers went aboard the steamer Empress of Japan, where addresses were presented and replies made.

Secretary Stein of the board of trade, read an address expressing the gratification of the members at meeting the commissioners at this western capital of the British empire. The board reminded the commissioners that their duties would lead them close to a spot forever hallowed by the action of an American commander who 43 years ago went to the succor of a British admiral and assisted in the rescue of British sailors lying wounded on the mud flats at the mouth of the Pei-Ho, intervening against a friendly power and defending his action with the memorable reply: "Blood is thicker than water." Such an act could not be forgotten and was cherished in the memories of those who were anxious, the board believed, in certain eventualities, to be able to pay the debt. The board prayed that the labors of the commissioners might have a successful issue.

FUNERALS.

SMYTHE—The funeral of the late Minnie E. Smythe will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Chelmsford street church.

FARMER—The funeral of Jeremiah Farmer took place this afternoon from his late home in Pelham and was largely attended. Rev. Augustus Berry officiated. The interment was in the cemetery at Pelham.

FLYNN—The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Ellen Flynn of 22 Jewett street, were held this morning at 9.30 o'clock at St. Michael's church. The service was attended by many people besides those who attended the funeral. Rev. Richard Holand celebrated the mass and the choir rendered the Schmidt requiem. At the conclusion of service and as the cortege was leaving the church, Miss Bessie O'Neil sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and following were the bearers: Hugh McGinn, James Purcell, John Cox, John Corby, Cornelius Crowe and Bartholomew Conway. Undertaker Davey had charge.

SCANLON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Scanlon of North Billerica, occurred this morning. A mass was celebrated in St. Andrew's church by Rev. Fr. Paquette, who also performed the services at the grave. The bearers were James Bradley, Patrick Mahoney, John Coughlin, John Higgins, Dennis Lyons, John Reardon. Undertaker Rogers had charge.

RICHARDSON—The funeral services of Mrs. Anne B. Richardson held Sunday afternoon at her late residence, 105 Nesmith street were attended by friends and relatives. Rev. C. M. Billings of the Unitarian church officiated. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery and Hon. C. D. Palmer had charge of the arrangements.

DEATHS.

LANGDON—Pauline, daughter of Peter and Esther Langdon of 92 Crosby street, died this morning at her parents' home, aged two years and seven months.

HAYDON—Doris R. Haydon, aged 2 years and 5 months, daughter of Dudley E. and Gertrude Haydon, died on Monday morning at the home of her parents, 68 South Loring stret of membranous croup. The funeral services were held at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, Rev. Mr. Craig officiating. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

BATEMAN—Mrs. Julia P. Bateman, aged 82 years, widow of A. P. Bateman the well known lumber dealer, died Sunday morning at her home, 5 Stevens street. She leaves two sons, John P., and Luther C., of Auburn, Me.

The funeral of Mrs. Julia P. Bateman will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 oclock from the late residence of the deceased, 5 Stevens street.

JOSLYN—William H. Joslyn, an old and respected resident of Lawrence, died at his residence 359 Haverhill street, Saturday evening of Bright's disease, aged 57 years, 7 months and 8 days. He was born in Lowell in 1841, and went to Lawrence with his parents five years later. For the past twenty-five years he had conducted the Merrimac Iron foundry, succeeding his father, the late Elbridge Joslyn, in the management of the foundry. Friends viewed the remains from 11 to 12 a. m. today. Interment took place today in Bellevue cemetery. He was a member of Tuscan Lodge, F. A. and A. M.

McNULTY—Mary E. McNulty, infant child of Charles and Catherine McNulty, died this morning at the home of the parents, 25 Winter street.

ENGINEER'S QUICK ACTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 31. — A Rio Grande passenger train had a narrow escape from destruction about a mile from Red Cliff yesterday.

Engineer Russ saw a slide coming down the mountain side and reversed his engine in time to save the train, though the engine was derailed, the tender demolished and the fireman slightly hurt.

A farewell reception will be tendered Rev. J. H. Paradis and family of the French Methodist Mission at Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow night.

SHERIFF CUSHING

And Guard Contradict Each Other.

WHEN QUESTIONED BY MAYOTTE'S SISTER.

Now Here to Demand an Investigation.

Mrs. Charles Meunier of Montreal, sister of the late Charles W. Mayotte, is in this city investigating the circumstances of his death. She is a highly educated and intelligent woman and is going into the facts connected with his death in a manner that will bring out the guilt of those who are responsible for the neglect which caused his death. Already she has confounded the sheriff and his guards.

She called this morning at the jail and asked to see Sheriff Cushing. The sheriff promptly responded and received her very courteously. Mrs. Meunier asked him a number of questions regarding her brother's condition on his arrival at the jail.

The sheriff stated distinctly that he had no intimation whatever that Mr. Mayotte had been drinking; that he was received at the jail as any other prisoner without any notification that he had been threatened with delirium, or in fact that he had been drinking at all. He considered that if there was anything serious the matter with the prisoner, the police would notify him personally or otherwise.

In reply to the question whether the bed clothing and pillow had been removed from the cell in which Mr. Mayotte was locked, the sheriff replied in the negative, stating that the clothing was not removed, because nobody considered that there was any reason for removing it.

Mrs. Meunier further inquired if Mr. Mayotte had received any food, and the sheriff answered in the affirmative, stating that he had received a large mug of coffee, but nothing was said about the wormwood, referred to in the previous interviews.

The sheriff went on to say that certain outside parties implying certain newspapers had secured the freedom of certain prisoners who misrepresented the facts outside and whose stories he claimed to be false.

Mrs. Meunier asked the sheriff how it was that her brother's cries had not been heard during the night when they were heard on Railroad street and by neighbors at different points around the jail.

He stated that it was impossible that the prisoner could have made such an outcry. He said had he made any audorable noise, the other prisoners would have rapped on their cells with their dippers and that the guard who sleeps in the tower would have been on the scene instantly. He said the prisoners near Mr. Mayotte's cell heard the latter talking in a low tone as if he was driving a horse.

The sheriff denied that the medical examiner had decided that Mr. Mayotte died of delirium tremens, stating that it was alcoholic convulsions which caused his death. The distinction is one which the public will like to hear explained and it probably will be thoroughly gone over at the investigation, which is now practically certain to come off at an early day.

Mrs. Meunier then asked to see the guard who received her brother from the police wagon. The sheriff consented and soon the guard was brought into Mrs. Meunier's presence. She asked him if he had been notified that her brother was drinking before he was brought to the jail. The guard answered him in the negative.

"Did you remove the bed clothing, such as quilts and pillows from his cell?" she asked. The guard replied in the affirmative, stating that he had removed everything of the kind.

This reply was an open contradiction of the statement made by the sheriff and it made the sheriff very nervous. She further asked: "Why did you remove the articles of clothing from the cell?"

"Lest he might use them to commit suicide," was the answer.

"Then you must have realized that he was in a dangerous condition," said Mrs. Meunier.

He replied in the affirmative stating that the prisoner's condition was quite apparent on his admittance to the jail.

At this point, Mrs. Meunier asked to be permitted to see the cell in which her brother died and here Sheriff Cushing offered no objection. With a smile he said: "Do you think it will add to your comfort to see the cell in which your brother died?"

Mrs. Meunier replied that she had been crushed by sorrow as much as she could be and she was not now looking for comfort but for justice, and that she did not think her request was any occasion for laughter on the part of the sheriff or anybody else.

The sheriff finally consented to let her see the cell but in its present condition there is no trace of the sad scenes which were enacted in it on the night her brother died. It had been completely renovated since then, and were several of the other cells and portions of the jail in anticipation of an investigation.

Mrs. Meunier goes to Boston today with John W. McIlvoy, Esq., to arrange for the investigation.

ENGAGEMENT OF PRESIDENT'S NEPHEW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 31—The engagement is announced here of Miss Viola Doelrick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Doelrick, of this city, and Mr. William McKinley Duncan of Cleveland, a nephew of the president. The wedding will occur in the spring and the young couple will make their home in Cleveland, where the prospective groom is engaged in the practice of law.

Mr. and Mrs. Norbert Montmarquet, who were married at St. Patrick's last Thursday returned last night from their wedding trip and will hereafter reside at 16 Robert street, Pawtucketville. They will give a grand reception to their friends this evening in their new residence.

Putnam & Son

We couldn't do it without your help.

You wouldn't help if the goods weren't right.

3000

of our new high-class Collars sold in a week from the lot of six thousand advertised. These are exceptional goods, made especially for us from an entirely new fibre and are offered in every leading shape.

In appearance, in finish, in workmanship, they are equal to any 25 cent collar shown: We warrant them to wear as well. What more can be asked for of a collar? Hundreds who have tried them have come back for dozens: why don't you try them?

9c. each.
6 for 50c.
Cuffs 15c. a pair.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

CLEVER CAPTURE

Boston Officer Caught Two Bold Thieves

WHO ENTERED A JEWELRY STORE.

One Man Caught in the Store.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Two out-of-town thieves made one of the boldest breaks that has occurred in Boston for many days at a late hour last night. At 11.45 as Patrolman James McDevitt of Division 1 was on Hanover street, his attention was attracted by the crashing of glass near the corner of Washington and Hanover streets. As he rushed to the place, a man ran out of the doorway of Franklin F. Place's jewelry store at 81 Hanover street and made a dash for Elm street.

The officer started after him and caught him just around the corner. On returning to the store with his prisoner he discovered another man on the inside. He called for assistance and with other officers captured the second man. At the station house the prisoners gave the names of John Rafferty, 22, of New York and Wm. Scanlon, 23, of Nashua, N. H. They were locked up charged with breaking and entering.

When searched, six silver and five gold-filled watches, all apparently the property of customers, and three nickel watch cases were found in their pockets.

The large lower window pane of the door was smashed. In the store there was a quantity of other material, which the thief on the inside had laid out ready to carry off when interrupted. Patrolman McDevitt was warmly commended at the station by his brother officers for his double capture.

WITH THE POLICE

Many Coat Thefts Have Been Reported.

TAKEN FROM DOORS AND HALLWAYS.

Another Bogus Check is Reported.

Sarah Carp, 124 Gorham street reports at the police station that someone stole a lady's skirt, blue figured with plain belt and corduroy binding from outside her store door.

Mrs. Edward Martel, 521 Merrimack street, reports that her boy's overcoat was stolen from the French College this morning. It was light gray, box cut, light lining, two buttons off on one side.

P. H. Goldman reports that someone stole a lady's skirt from his store about 9 o'clock last night.

David R. Boynton, the grocer of 605 Merrimack street, reports that on Saturday a bogus check was passed on him by a man described as follows: About 5 feet 7 inches in height, rather slim built, 25 or 30 years old, dark complexion, smooth face, had on a black derby hat, black overcoat, long. Think there was a scar or mole on right cheek, quiet and slow talking. He bought a bill of goods amounting to $5.53 and tendered a check purporting to be drawn on Charles Gee, Traders' National bank for $11.40 getting the balance in change. The police believe that he is the same man who worked a check on C. L. Rexford.

John A. Healey, living at Graniteville and attending the Immaculate Conception school, reports that his overcoat was stolen from the school hall. It was a boy's dark blue overcoat, velvet collar, light colored, containing one pair of mitts, one pair of gloves and silk handkerchief. It was taken by a man about 5 feet 6 inches dirty face, light colored trousers, short overcoat, brown stiff hat.

Adelard Blair, of 101 Chesver street reports that he had his leather jacket stolen at Daniel Gage's ice house yesterday.

Rev. Thomas A. Norris, formerly curat at the old St. Peter's church under the pastorate of Rev. Peter Crudden, was in Lowell today. He is now stationed in Boston.

DR. HUNTER RECOGNIZED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The State Department has been informed that the President of Honduras has formally recognized Dr. Hunter as United States Minister to that country. This is the last chapter in a series of petty diplomatic incidents resulting from the formation and dissolution of the Greater Republic of Central America. The outcome is regarded as abundantly justifying the course of the State Department in consistently ignoring these quickly formed unions before they had established a reputation for stability.

BOUND FOR PHILIPPINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Traveling in five sections over five different roads the Third Regiment, United States Infantry, Col. John H. Page commanding, passed through Chicago today on its way to Fort Snelling to the far away Philippines. On arrival at Chicago the entire five detachments were transferred to the Lake Shore road. With the Third Battalion, 17th United States Infantry, they will embark at New York on a government transport early next week and the long journey through the Straits of Gibraltor and the Suez canal will be begun.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BOSTON PARTIES

Buy Out the Lowell Electric Light Company

DEAL WILL BE SETTLED TOMORROW.

Small Stock Holders Will be Protected.

The Lowell Electric Light company is about to pass into the hands of Boston capitalists, the change in management to take place as soon as the company's charter shall have been looked up and found flawless. The capitalists in the deal are represented by the well known firm of Stone and Webster.

A Boston lawyer came here this morning and looked up the charter. He will report tomorrow and if his report is favorable, the immediate transfer of the stock will follow, payment for which will be made on the Shawmut bank of Boston.

Messrs. Stone & Webster will own a controlling interest in the stock, which they will buy at par. This fact indicates their confidence to manage the interests of the Lowell Electric Light company at a profit. They are men of recognized experience and ability in this particular business, and in consideration of their previous success there are quite a number of the present stockholders who will refuse to accept offers made to them for their shares. They do not constitute the majority, however. At least 1501 shares will be under the control of Boston capital, a condition which will of course, be accompanied by a general shake-up in the officials of the company, and probably a material change in the present methods of operating the system.

W. A. Ingham, the largest stockholder in Lowell denied emphatically last night the report that the present deal was arranged to operate as a freeze out of minor stockholders. "It is absolutely at their own discretion whether they sell or not," he said. "I have advised my most intimate friends to hold their interests in the company, for I believe that it is going to prosper under the new management. The men who are taking hold of the property are shrewd and experienced and the future of the Lowell Electric Light company is anything but gloomy.

"The desire on the part of many of the stockholders to dispose of their interest in the company's affairs, is accounted for in the fact that there was no sale of the stock for six months. The lack of progress financially was caused by the handicap resulting from the necessity of a supervision of our securities by the gas commission before they were issued. This has crippled us to a great extent."

Another stockholder said last night: "I do not know just what the transfer of stock means. It may have been started by one of the directors who was obliged to sell his holdings to realize at this time. I signed a paper that was circulated recently among stockholders asking for a change in the management because it was said to be in the interest of the small stockholders."

ANNUAL REUNION

CO. C. ASSOCIATE TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The 39th anniversary of the "battle of the deserted house" was celebrated last evening by ye members of ye olden Co. C., Sixth regiment tenth annual reunion. The celebration was held in Post 183 hall during yesterday afternoon and the local veterans of the Civil war in company with friends observed the day with as much vigor as in days gone by. The business meeting was held previous to the observance and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Albert Hamblett; vice president, W. H. Dorr; secretary and treasurer, G. W. King; executive committee, Joel Knapp, C. A. Donaghue, A. G. Parkhurst, H. W. Allen and James Murphy.

Among those present were G. W. King, J. S. G. Sweatt, Albert Hamblett, Joseph Murphy, C. A. Donaghue, H. W. Allen, A. G. Parkhurst, J. A. Richardson, R. A. Derby, B. T. Freeman, William H. Dorr and Joel Knapp.

Among the guests were Lieut.-Col. Bell of Lawrence, J. S. G. Sweatt and wife of Medford; Albert Hamblett and wife, Dracut; A. G. Parkhurst and wife, West Chelmsford and R. A. Derby of Hudson.

Mrs. James E. Wilson of Chicago, wife of a disabled comrade was also present.

Mayor Crowley, Dr. Pinkham and Major Stott were among the guests invited but the first two named were unable to attend. The major, however, contributed greatly to the number of speeches made reminiscent to the Civil war. Supper was served.

SERIOUSLY BURNED

THE CONDITION OF MRS. MARGARET ROWE IS SERIOUS.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—While preparing the evening meal at her home at 50 Cary ave., Chelsea, last evening, Mrs Margaret Rowe, the well known sprinter, was severely burned about the face and hands.

Her screams were heard by Hudson L. Hall and a Mr. Rice, who were passing. They rushed to her assistance and extinguished the flames which were fed with fat, with a bag of flour.

Medical attendance was then summoned and Mrs. Rowe removed to the Frost hospital. Her condition is serious.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The committee on fire department will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

Going will will be gone tomorrow. Vale, Going; Salve, Fagan; likewise, Andrew Gray.

"How is it that Saunders runs to The Sun with his explanation?" asked a republican official of The Sun reporter this morning. The reason is obvious. Saunders knows that an explanation in The Sun will reach everyone, for everyone reads The Sun.

James Kiernan, well known in Lowell and Billerica, is seriously ill at his home in East Chelmsford. He is a brother of Hugh Keiren the "old time" pedestrian.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies suited for the sick room

JOHN B. CROWLEY, The Efficient Officer, Whose Weather Eye is Always on Alert for A Crook.

A GOOD CAPTURE

Made by Officer J. B. Crowley Last Night

IN ARREST OF JOHN McMAHON.

Wanted for Burglary and Pocket Picking.

Another very clever capture is added to the long list to the credit of Officer John B. Crowley, day guardian of Merrimack Square, in the arrest last night of John McMahon, a young and it is alleged, clever pickpocket who once blacked boats for a living in Bell's barber shop.

Officer Crowley was in the crowd that was emerging from the performance of John Drew's company last night and the crowd was large and fashionable. Officer Crowley, who was in civilian attire, noticed McMahon dodging in and out of the crowd in a suspicious manner. Officer Crowley knowing McMahon, watched him closely and as the latter continued to act suspiciously, he lost no time locking arms with him, inviting him to walk with him to the nearest patrol box.

As they walked along, McMahon began to fumble in his pockets and when the officer objected there was quite a tussle for McMahon, though not very big, was game enough to put up a fight. The two immediately had it out on the ground, but is was all up with McMahon in a very few minutes and when he was subdued a pocketbook containing over $12, and bearing the name of Mrs. Kate S. Martin was taken from him.

At the police station he registered as John McMahon aged 21 years, residing on Church street. He is fairly good looking and dresses well.

The police know McMahon of old and it was later learned that Officer Crowley had made a more than ordinary capture, for McMahon is wanted for alleged breaking and entering a store, July 9, 1896. A warrant has been at the police station since that time, but McMahon stayed out of town until shortly before Christmas when he returned. He was also in court a few years ago for drunkenness.

The first knowledge that Mrs. Martin had of her loss was after she had read the morning papers. Upon arriving home last night she put her dress away in its usual place, believing the pocketbook to be in the pocket. Upon reading the papers, she went to the dress and found the pocketbook gone. She immediately went to the police station and identified her property.

As McMahon has been indicted by the grand jury for alleged burglary of Allen's box shop he will probably be taken on a capias. His partner in this break was James McDonough, who while being taken to the house of correction by a deputy sheriff to serve two years, slipped the handcuffs and made his escape. He was afterward recaptured and served his sentence.

After court this morning, McMahon was "mugged" for the rogues' gallery, being taken by inspectors Donaldson and Laflamme to Powers' studio.

JOHN McMAHON ORDERED IN $500 FOR ONE WEEK FOR TRIAL.

John J. McMahon, the young man arrested by Officer John B. Crowley last night, and the particulars of which appear elsewhere, in The Sun, appeared before Judge Hadley in police court this forenoon charged with the larceny of a pocketbook and its contents, the property of Mrs. Kate Martin. He pleaded not guilty. The government called for a continuance of the case for one week which was granted the defendant being held in $500 until Tuesday next for trial. Of the four drunks one was released by court, one was continued and two fined, the latter being Albert Boulanger, $2 and Peter McCawley, $3.

FROZEN TO DEATH

SWEENEY STARTED TO WALK FROM ELLSWORTH TO BANGOR.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Jan. 31.—Sheriff Lewis F. Hooper of Ellsworth, received word Sunday morning from Arno Hooper, proprietor of a small boarding house on the line of the Maine Central railroad, 15 miles from this city, that he had found the body of a man named Sweeney at the railroad station a short distance from the house. He had frozen to death while spending the night on the station platform.

Hugh Sweeney and John McCann were discharged from the Hancock county jail at Ellsworth, Saturday morning after having served a sentence of 50 days for drunkenness.

As soon as they were discharged they set out for Bangor on foot. McCann is about 60 years old and Sweeny about 40. Sweeny was warmly dressed and in good health when he left the jail, Sheriff Hooper says. On their arrival at the Lake house station, it is thought Sweeney volunteered to let McCann, who was much the older, go to the house and get put up while he stayed at the station.

Sunday morning McCann and the proprietor discovered the unfortunate man's body at the station an immediately notified the sheriff.

McCann was a native of New Brunswick. Sweeney's home is not known. The two had been employed on the construction work of the Washington county railroad during the summer and fall.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

Miss Mary Kehoe and the Misses Powers, three charming daughters of East Boston, were the guests Sunday, of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLaughlin of Sixth street. In their honor a little gathering of friends was entertained at Mr. McLaughlin's hospitable home Sunday evening.

WERE JUSTIFIED

The Hamilton Strikers in Going Out

SAYS MILL MAN TO SUN REPORTER.

Gives Facts and Figures Proving Same.

A well known mill man in conversation with a Sun reporter last evening stated that in his opinion the young girls who went out on strike in the Hamilton mills were justified in the course pursued by them. He stated that the facts in the case will show that the girl strikers' demand is a just one. Prior to the New Bedford strike in the hosiery yarn mills of the Whale City, Lowell mills now making this kind of yarn were engaged in the manufacture of print cloths. The strike was, as has been since learned, an unfortunate one to New Bedford, inasmuch as the manufacturers of that city have never recovered from it, having brought into the hosiery yarn field new competitors from Lowell the Hamilton mills being among the number. At the time of the strike, several Lowell corporations realizing the immense profit in hosiery yarn, equipped their plants with modern machines from England and soon found themselves in possession of a field lost by the New Bedford concerns. This simply goes to show what a strike may do. The present may not accomplish anything; it is always the after effect. To show the public that the little girls in the Hamilton are right, let us glace at figures. Contrast the profit in hosiery yarn and print cloth and then observe the price of cotton in its state of crudity. Cotton costs six cents per pound by the bale. Convert this into print cloth and each pound will produce seven yards of the manufactured product which sells at 2¾ cents per yard. Hosiery yarn sells at 21 cents per pound. Besides the immense profit made as shown in the above figures, the corporations save all the profit in the dressing and weaving of print cloth, which does not enter into the production of hosiery yarn. Now we ask which is right, the young girls who ask to be paid for the waiting time for which they are not responsible or the corporations? Again, the corporations if they will can pay fair wages to spoolers, which they do not now receive.

PRIVATE GAUDETTE

RETURNS HOME AFTER AN HONORABLE DISCHARGE.

A few days after the declaration of war against Spain, Joseph A. Audette, one of the most popular members of L'Association Catholique of this city, went to Boston on May 6 and enlisted in the regular army. He was detailed to Camp Thomas, Chickamaugua, where he was enrolled as a member of Company D, 7th U. S. Infantry.

This regiment was part of the 5th Army Corps and was one of the first sent to Santiago, under the command of Major-General Shafter. The men took part in the battle of El Caney on July 1, and all subsequent engagements until the 17th of the same month.

After the suspension of hostilities the regiment returned to this country, remained a few weeks in the South and was later sent to the North. Four companies among which Company D, were ordered to Fort Brady, which is located at Sault-Ste-Marie, Mich.

Private Audette had obtained in September last a month's furlough and spent his vacation at his father's residence, Salem street, in this city. His father being very ill he obtained a second month's vacation, but had to report on November 18. Three days later his father, Mr. Louis Audette, died, and Private Audette had not the satisfaction of being present at the time of death, or at the funeral, being already in Michigan.

When Mr. Audette died, he left a sorrowing widow, two daughters and another son, younger than Mr. Joseph Audette.

Ever since November, the family have worked through influential friends in Washington to obtain Private Audette's discharge from the army and finally succeeded, the discharge being granted two weeks ago to-day. But Audette had to wait several days in the fort for his pay.

He reached home yesterday evening and met with a hearty reception.

When seen this morning by a Sun reporter he stated that he regretted deeply the unfortunate circumstances which compelled him to leave a service which he really liked. But he understood that his duty called him here to provide for his family. He intends to resume his old trade as a tanner as soon as possible.

His discharge is "honorable" and reads, among other remarks: character—excellent; service—always earnest and faithful; campaigns—war with Spain in 1898; battles, etc.—El Caney, July 1, 1898 and all subsequent engagements at Santiago till July 17, 1898. He has served eight months and eleven days.

All Private Audette's friends will be glad to see him once more at home.

Joseph Audette was born in Quebec in June, 1863. In 1885 he took part in the Northwest Rebellion being a private in the 65th M. V. M., of Montreal. He was a member of Company 7 commanded by Lieutenant (today Judge) Doherty and did garrison duty in Fort Saskatchevan. He was honorably discharged from the Canadian militia in the fall of 1885. He has been a resident of Lowell for several years and is highly esteemed by all who know him.

DOUBLE MURDER

THROAT CUT AND HEADS BEATEN TO JELLY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGMAN, Ariz., Jan. 31.—The bodies of two men have been found murdered near Hackberry, a small town east of here. The throats were cut and the heads beaten to a jelly with stones. The remains have been identified as those of James Dowd, a miner, and John Blake, a Mormon teamster of Utah. Blake leaves a wife and children. Both men had been drinking for several days and on Thursday night disappeared. Three Mexicans have been arrested on suspicion of having committed the murders. There is talk of lynching.

FATAL FALL

OF A FALL RIVER MAN—THOMAS NEVILLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 33. Thomas Neville, aged 36, fell down stairs at about 2 o'clock this morning near his home on Fenner street and died soon after from the injuries received. It is supposed he took the place where he was found for his own home and becoming confused in the darkness, lost his footing.

OFFICE TO LET—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

The Latest Picture of RUDYARD KIPLING.

Rudyard Kipling, whose very latest portrait is presented in today's Sun will soon again be in the midst of the "great pie belt of New England," the discovery of which has contributed no small share to the fame of Britain's most popular poet and story teller. Kipling sailed from Albion's shores on Wednesday and therefore was in time to be caught in mid-ocean by the full force of the past week's semi-hurricane. Kipling, after his last visit to this country, proceeded to trample all over some of the pet corns of the Yankees, and many were the dire threats uttered throughout the pie belt against the witty Britisher in case he ever came back. It may have been as a sort of propitiatory offering that the ringing message of "The White Man's Burden" came flashing under the waves to the American public at the same time that Kipling was possibly paying tribute to old Neptune on the storm tossed surface. Some of Kipling's most remarkable literary efforts have found their inspiration amid New England surroundings. The poet's family accompanies him and the literary set of the Hub probably will see more or less of him before his tour is ended.

It is quite probable that he will lecture before the Middlesex Women's club, although a rival club in this city is endeavoring to secure him.

SHARKEY'S BOUT

The Sailor Easily Knocked Out McCormick.

6000 PEOPLE SAW THE BOUT.

Sharkey Will Cover Fitzsimmons' Money.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—Tom Sharkey made his first appearance in a ring contest in this city last night, when he met Jack McCormick, a local heavyweight in what was to have been a six-round go. As matters turned out, the bout lasted but a trifle more than one round. McCormick received his quietus with a right hand uppercut on the jaw which laid him flat on his back. About the largest crowd that ever attended a boxing show in this city assembled at the arena. When the two principals appeared more than 6000 were present. Many well known sports were seen around the ring, and there was quite a little betting on McCormick's ability to stay the limit.

Four preliminary bouts preceded the windup and they were only fair. When the stars appeared there was scarcely standing room. Sharkey was first in the ring. His wonderful physique caused a murmur of astonishment. He appeared to be in as good condition as when he fought McCoy a few weeks ago.

McCormick is quite as large as the sailor but the strong, hardy appearance is lacking in the local man. McCormick insisted on his opponent removing the bandages around his hands. McCormick danced around in lively fashion and Sharkey remained almost stationary. Mac led a left which landed full on Sharkey's jaw. He landed two others which fell lightly on the sailor's neck. Sharkey then got near and poked a hard left under Mac's ear. The latter continued circling and got in a few jabs; one was a stiff left on the body. Sharkey was cool and did no rushing. The round ended with both standing off Mac started the second round with a rush and got in two-handers twice, but his fatal habit of leaning his body forward was to prove his undoing. Sharkey saw this and waited his chance. It came with the round gone only a few seconds, a left straight, over bringing Mac forward for a clinch. Sharkey uppercut with his right, which landed on Mac's stomach, and down he went. He arose before the 10 seconds were counted and Sharkey repeated his former movements, only this time his right went plunk on the jaw and McCormick was lifted off his feet and landed on his back stretched out. Sharkey helped carry him to his corner, where after a few minutes he revived sufficiently to leave the ring. Sharkey made a speech, in which he said Fitzsimmons' money would be covered next week.

A horse belonging to A. E. Wilson the coal dealer, fell several times on Varney street yesterday and severely scraped both front legs about the knees. Dull calks on the shoes was the cause of the accident.

Hood's Pills
Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Buy Your PIANO
From the Manufacturer.
Avoid the dealer; save $100. Go direct to
DOLL'S, 216 Merrimack St.
4 Uprights slightly used, at half price. Square Pianos $10 to $100.
CALL AND HEAR THEM.

GRANGE INSTITUTE

TEWKSBURY TOWN HALL SCENE OF TO-DAY'S SESSION.

The Grange Institute opened session at 10 o'clock this morning in the town hall with a large attendance and everything at this meeting argues for a successful meeting. The exercises which began in the early forenoon will continue until late in the afternoon. The first number on the program was an opening essay on Leaks on the Farm. This was followed by an address by Senator Patch who spoke in a very able manner on the workings of the grange. At noon an excellent turkey dinner was furnished by the Village Improvement association of Tewksbury. The exercises of the afternoon were of a varied character, interspersed with singing and reading. The meeting was an open one the public generally having been invited. A large number attended from Lowell, the Billericas, the Chelmsfords and Dracut.

Essex County Pomona will meet at Merrimack next Thursday. There are a number from Tewksbury, Dracut and other towns that will attend this meeting. The grangers of Andover have chartered a special electric from Lawrence.

TRUE TO NAME

G. WASHINGTON POORE WILL BE ALWAYS WITH THEM.

The republican city committee will hold its annual mix-up to-night in its quarters in Wyman's Exchange when a chairman and several other officers will be elected. There are a couple of candidates for the position of chairman but a prominent member of the city committee informed the writer that it is safe to bet that George Washington Poore would get the empty honor as he seemed to be the only one who wants it badly enough to make a fight for it. There is no salary, no thanks, and little if any honor to the office. As to the influence or prestige going with the job, note the candidacy of Chairman Poore for postmaster and later for city solicitor. Still I hope he'll win.

WAGES CUT

AT HARRIMAN'S SUSPENDER FACTORY WHERE NEW SCHEDULE WENT INTO EFFECT YESTERDAY.

At Josiah Harriman's suspender factory, another cutdown is reported, the weavers being the sufferers. The price on double looms was decreased from 40 to 30 cents, and on single looms from 35 to 30. The operatives claim that on double looms it will make a difference of about $1.50 per week and about $1 to those operating single looms. The new schedule went into effect yesterday, but no resistance has been made, although a bad feeling has been aroused, as the weavers claim that the cut is not necessary but that the management is taking advantage of the crippled condition of the union as the result of the recent strike.

PETITION DISMISSED.

Judge Lowell in the United States district court at Boston yesterday, dismissed the petition of William A. Ingham, Chauncey L. Abbott and Daniel W. McKenzie of Lowell asking that the Bates Machine Company be adjudged a bankrupt.

Great changes are being made in the heating apparatus at St. Peter's church.

Open For Business
THURSDAY, FEB. 2.
EXTRA
Friday and Saturday we will serve free a cup of our best coffee. Everybody is invited to call and try it, and examine our stock.
O'Brien Bros.,
TEA DEALERS,
227 Central St. Telephone Conn.
Look for the sign of the Gold T.

TRUANT SCHOOL

One Remonstrant Appeared at Yesterday's Hearing

OPPOSING PETITION FOR MORE LAND

Committe on Counties Visit School.

Only one remonstrant, Jerome F. Manning, Esq., appeared before the legislative committee on counties yesterday to oppose a petition for an appropriation of $12,000 with which to acquire additional land made necessary by the rapid growth of the institution.

The petition was presented by Ex-Mayor Bennett and others and is explained in the following two sections of the bill accompanying it:

Section 1—The county commissioners of the county of Middlesex are hereby authorized and empowered to acquire for the uses and purposes of the truant school at Chelmsford, in said county, additional land in said town of Chelmsford, and may take, by purchase or otherwise, such adjacent land as may be necessary for such purposes, not exceeding fifteen acres.

Section 5—In order to meet the expenses incurred under this act, said commissioners may borrow from time to time, upon the credit of said county, a sum not exceeding in the aggregate, $12,000. Said indebtedness shall be paid out of amounts received for taxes at the rate of $3000 each year, commencing with the year 1900 until the whole indebtedness is discharged.

The petitioners put up a strong case at the hearing on January 17th.

Yesterday's hearing took place at the Truant school at North Chelmsford, the visitors from Boston arriving shortly after noon. In the party assembled were the following:

The committee on counties:

Senators A. A. Maxwell, Boston; chairman; F. W. Dallinger, Cambridge; W. S. Leach, Raynham; Representatives E. E. Wentworth, Cohasset; David Neale, Dedham, clerk; N. A. Bugbee, Monson; J. F. Carey, Haverhill; W. R. Davis, Cambridge; F. W. Francis, New Bedford; T. Mackey, Watertown; M. M. Mansfield, Lowell; C. Muleham, Cambridge and these others: Reps. A. S. Apsey of Cambridge, Hayes of Lowell, Quigley of North Chelmsford, Ex-Rep. Raper, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Col. Ripley, North Chelmsford; Keeper Fairburn of Cambridge jail; Secretary Hill of state board of education; Rev. Mr. Dunbar of Chelmsford, Rev. C. L. Merriam, Lawrence Cummings, J. F. Manning and County Commissioners Gould, Upham and Bigelow.

The visitors upon arriving found the entire school enjoying itself on the small improvised pond in front of the building. After an inspection of the school the visitors sat down to dinner at which Chairman Gould of the county commissioners presided and Rev. C. L. Merriam invoked divine blessing and at its conclusion a hearing was given to Mr. Manning, the only remonstrant to the petition. Mr. Manning agreed that the county was overburdened with expense and could not afford any additional appropriations. He then sailed into the Court House addition as a glaring instance of woful extravagance and talked more of the court house than of the truant school. When he had concluded the committee and guests were given seats in the large school room in which 60 of the neatest appearing boys that the writer has seen in a long time were seated at the desks. When all had been seated the boys opened the exercises with the singing of "America," showing vigorous, good voices and excellent training. Then Chairman Gould made a brief address and introduced several speakers in turn, among them being Senator Maxwell, Rep. Apsey, Sec. Hill of the State Board of Education, Rev. Mr. Merriam, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Lawrence Cummings and others. Some of the speakers were inclined to talk over the heads of the youngsters while others hit the boys just right. Sec. Hill and Rev. Mr. Merriam both with a happy faculty of winning the attention of children, making particularly pleasing addresses.

Between the speechmaking the boys rendered several songs in chorus, the young lady teacher who presides over the musical portion of their education showing commendable judgement in selecting songs like "Climb Up, Children, Climb," "My Gal's a High-Born Lady," and similar popular-ballads in which children always take an interest and sing well. The deportment of the boys was excellent throughout and even Mr. Manning, it is believed, was inclined to modify his views ere he departed from the school.

The visitors left Lowell on the 3.41 train.

SUPT. WARREN'S REUORT.

Apropos of the hearing on the Truant school matter The Sun prints below the annual report of Supt. Warren, the indefatigable principal of the institution for the past year.

The report in its entirety is as follows:

Middlesex County Truant School,
No. Chelmsford, Mass., Jan. 1, 1899.
To the Commissioners of Middlesex County:

I hereby submit the following report for the year ending December 31, 1898:

There were 93 boys in the school December 31, 1897.

Admitted during the year 61
Discharged during the year 57
Remaining Dec. 31, 1898 107
Average number for the year........101

Of those committed, fifty were habitual truants, twelve had wandered about the streets, one had violated the rules of school and one was a neglected child.

Of those released, forty-two were discharged at expiration of sentence, five by order of the court and four on probation.

Of the number committed, forty-eight could read and write, four could only read and twelve could neither read nor write.

The current expenses for the year amounted to $15,857.99, or $3.00 per capita per week.

The amount collected and paid to the county treasurer from cities and towns for support of truants was $8,951.26 and from sundry recipts, $19.80.

Am't due from cities and towns $149.28
The total income was 9,111.31

By act of the last legislature, the amount charged cities and towns for support of pupils was cut from two dollars to one dollar per capita per week, reducing the income derived from this source by one-half.

This act also obliged the state board of education to visit the truant schools of the state and annually report to the legislature their condition. This act is heartily approved by your superintendent as it gives us the benefit of advice and criticism from trained and experienced educators, putting us more in touch with the public schools of the state.

The family building which was in process of erection at the time of my last report, was completed and occupied in March last. At the opening exercises, there were present the committees on education and counties from the legislatures and many invited guests. They were welcomed by your chairman, Levi S. Gould, and addresses were made by Hon. Alfred S. Roe, chairman of the committee on education, Mr. Bosworth and others.

The building was completed within the appropriation, and is occupied by a family of fifty boys.

We close the year with one hundred and six pupils, a gain in number of thirteen pupils for the year. In my opinion, the increase for the time to come will be at least ten per cent. annually, and the condition of additional room will soon have to be met. I recommend that the unoccupied land lying west of the school and extending to Princeton street, be taken by purchase or otherwise. It is needed for tillage purposes, and in the future, if it should be considered wise to add to the capacity of the institution, the extra space would be necessary.

The land can probably be bought at a less price now than later, as upon the completion of Princeton street extension by the state highway commission, it will be put into the market for building purposes. It would not be for the best interests of the school to have land so near (within twelve feet of our building) built upon by others.

I would also recommend the erection of a central heating plant, with sufficient storage room for a year's supply of coal. At the present time the buildings are heated by a boiler in the basement of each. The saving in labor and fuel would be large and a lower price for coal obtained could we purchase a year's supply, instead of, as now, having to take from time to time, only the amount we can store.

We were enabled upon the completion of the new building to grade the schools, and thus save very much time given to individual work. When you consider that eighteen per cent. of the children admitted during the year could not read a simple sentence you will recognize the need of such work.

The health of the children has been uniformly good throughout the year. We have had but one case of serious illness, that of pneumonia, from which a good recovery was made.

Owing to the wet season, the crops upon our most productive land were largely failures, particularly root crops. A larger quantity of berries was raised than ever before.

The boys have been employed through the season in the necessary farm work, and in grading the ground around the new building. Many cubic yards of earth have been moved in wheelbarrows, gutters paved, ditches excavated, etc. If more land is not acquired there will be but little outside work for so many boys after this year.

Classes in sloyd have been maintained throughout the year with good results.

Our annual excursion day was celebrated by a boat ride to Nashua. All holidays have been observed in the usual manner.

Religious services have been held each Sabbath; Protestant services have been conducted by various clergymen, and Catholic services by Rev. J. J. Shaw of Chelmsford. We wish to thank all for many kindnesses.

Thanking you for your wise counsel and support, I am,

Respectfully Yours,
—M. A. Warren, Supt.

Ages of boys committed during the year:

Between 3 and 4 years, 1; between 7 and 8 years, 1; between 8 and 9 years, 4; between 9 and 10 years, 8; between 10 and 11 years, 8; between 11 and 12 years, 7; between 12 and 13 years, 13; between 13 and 14 years, 14; between 14 and 15 years, 7; between 15 and 16 years, 1; total, 64.

Committed from cities and towns during the year:

Cambridge, 18; Lowell, 25; Somerville, 7; Newton, 5; Chelsea, 3; Malden, 1; Marlborough, 1; Waltham, 1; Woburn, 1; Revere, 1; total, 64.

Birthplace of boys committed during the year:

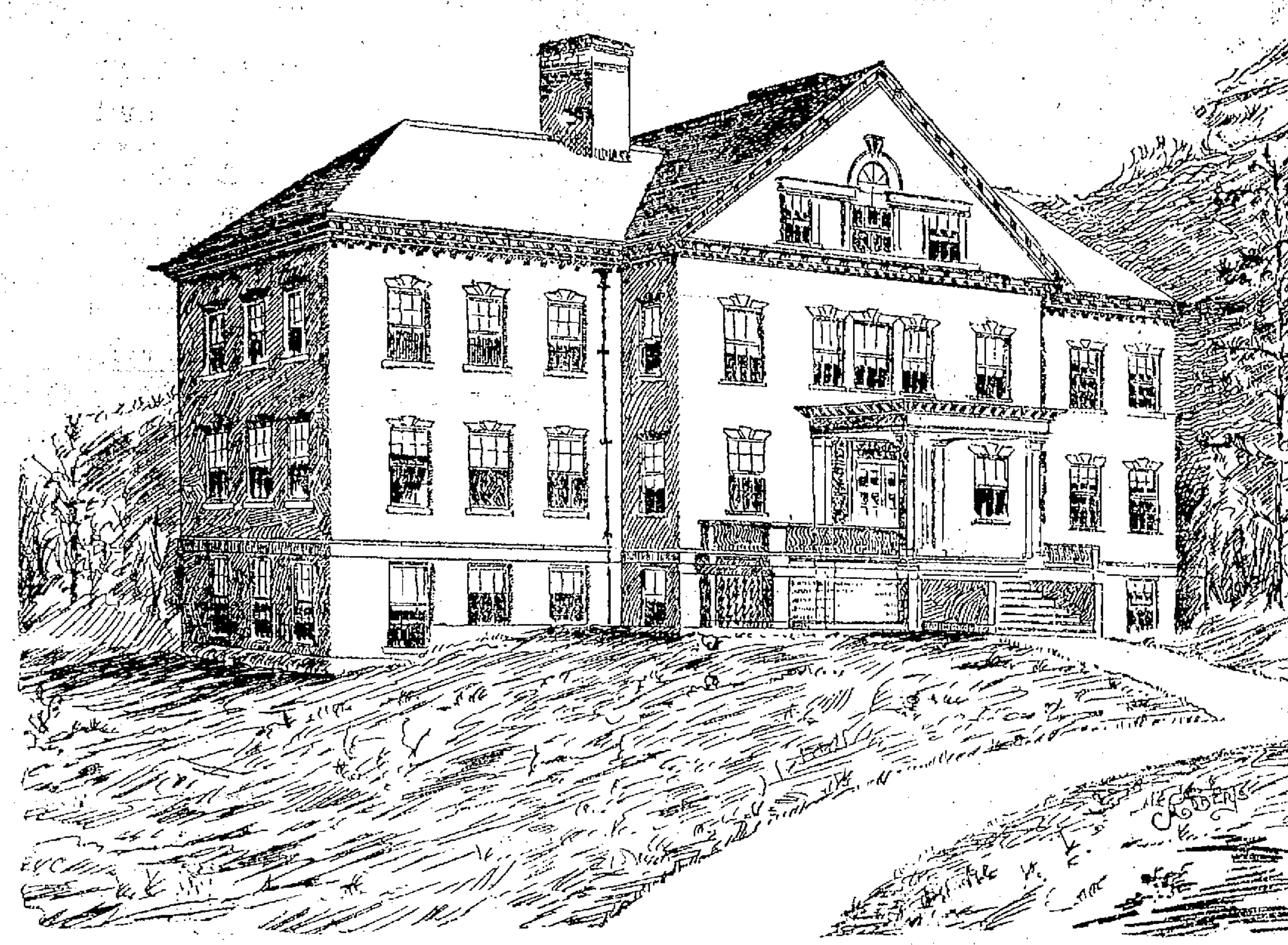
Massachusetts, 41; Maine, 1; New York, 2; Connecticut, 1; Canada, 5; New Brunswick, 1; Nova Scotia, 1; Virginia, 1; Portugal, 1; England, 1; Italy, 1; Germany, 1; Prince Edward Island, 1; Unknown, 5; total, 64.

Domestic condition of boys committed during the year:

Father dead, 16; mother dead, 10; both parents dead, 4; parents separated, 4; total, 33.

Nativity of boys committed during the year:

Father born in United States, 11; father foreign born (including 11 in Canada) 43; unknown, 7; mother born in United States, 16; mother foreign born (including 14 in Canada) 42; unknown, 6.



THE MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT OF THE TRUANT SCHOOL AT NORTH CHELMSFORD.

PASSED THE EXAMINATION.

James G. Hill, Jr., Wilbrod Lemoine, Thomas G. Robbins and George H. Spalding of this city have successfully passed the examination for admission to the bar.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Gideon McKay of Nashua, N. H., and Miss Cora Dow of this city were united in marriage on Saturday, by Rev. George F. Kengott of the First Trinitarian church at the bride's home, 224 High street.

A robust, manly son and a cooing baby-girl nestling in her bosom — what more can any womanly woman ask? It is a boon that Heaven intended should be granted to every woman.

Thousands fail of this because they have neglected to look after their health in a womanly way. The health of a woman's babies is dependent upon her own health during the period of prospective maternity. The prospective mother cannot be too particular about her physical condition. If she suffers from local weakness, nervousness or loss of vigor and virility, her children will be weak, puny and sickly. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only unfailing cure for all weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the brunt of maternity. It makes these organs strong, healthy, vigorous, virile and elastic. It makes the prospective mother strong and cheerful. It robs maternity of its perils. It insures a baby constitutionally strong. It is the invention of an eminent and skillful specialist, who has had thirty years' training in this particular branch, during which time he and his staff of physicians have prescribed for many thousands of women. Medicines dealers sell it and an honest dealer will not urge upon you an inferior substitute merely for the little added profit he may make thereon.

"I am the mother of a nice baby four and a half months old," writes Mrs. J. B. Clough, (Box 29.) of Lisbon, Grafton Co., N. H. "I cannot give too much praise to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good."

BOYS GET $10,000

Verdict for $5,000 for Each

FOR INJURIES BY SHIFTING CARS.

Against the American Sugar Refining Company.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—In the second session of the Superior Court yesterday the jury awarded two South Boston boys $5000 damages each against the American Sugar Refining company. The boys are Stephen Flaherty, aged 11, of 6 Granite street, and Patrick Lee, aged 11 of 1 Granite street. Both were injured at the same time by alleged negligence of the company in the shifting of freight cars.

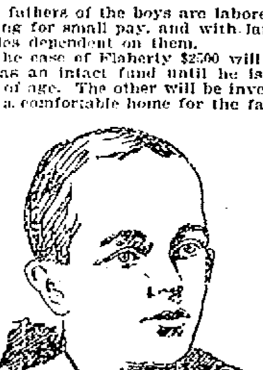
Stephen Flaherty received a gash on his head, in which it was necessary to take forty-four stitches. He also received bodily injuries and is lamed for life. His health has been very much impaired as a result of the accident.

PATRICK LEE, South Boston, aged 11, who is warded $5000 damages against the American Sugar Refining company, for loss of his leg.

Patrick Lee had one of his legs taken off.

The fathers of the boys are laborers, working for small pay, and with large families dependent on them.

In the case of Flaherty $2500 will be kept as an intact fund until he is 21 years of age. The other will be invested in a comfortable home for the family. The boy will be given a good education as he will probably not be able to earn his livelihood when he grows to manhood by manual labor.



STEPHEN FLAHERTY, the 11-year-old South Boston boy, who was given a $5000 verdict against the American Sugar Refining company.

The Lee boy will also be educated. His father speaks with intense pride of his boy's ability in the acquirement of knowledge, and will leave no stone unturned in giving the lad good training.

HE MADE MONEY

That Was Bad and Passed It.

YOUNG HATCH ADMITS HIS GUILT.

Police Think He Had Some Pals.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

REVERE, Jan. 31.—Chief of Police Ray is somewhat puzzled over the case of Carl E. Hatch 17, of this town. According to the story, he told Chief Ray he is a counterfeiter. He was arrested in Malden for the Revere police last Sunday, and is charged simply with having counterfeit money in his possession.

Hatch is the son of William I. Hatch, a house painter of Lynn street in North Revere. He is a bright young fellow, and his ready and pleasible stories have bothered Chief Ray and his men.

Chief Ray has secured four or five boys of the town as witnesses against young Hatch. They all claim to have seen the prisoner with from 15 to 20 counterfeit dimes and nickels at different times.

When Chief Ray went to Malden to bring Hatch to Revere, the boy told him then that he had made the counterfeit money himself. He said that he had pounded a dime and a nickel into pieces of lead pipe until he had obtained a perfect impression of each side of the two coins. With a nail he made an opening for the molten metal to flow into the mold he had thus made.

The sample of the counterfeit money which Chief Ray has in his possession, would almost warrant belief in the tale told Chief Ray. The counterfeits are certainly not such as to deceive anyone, giving them more than a casual glance. They are of lead and are much thicker than the genuine. The weight alone is sufficient to tell of what they are made.

After young Hatch had been taken to the Revere lockup, his mother called to see him. She exhorted the young lad to tell the truth about the matter and he replied if he did so, he would get out of the matter. By his answer he implied that there were others interested in the matter.

Chief Ray seems to be of this opinion. He thinks that there may be certain persons making the coins and giving them to boys to get rid of. Today he intends seeing the U. S. authorities and request them to take charge of the case.

Today he had young Hatch in the Chelsea police court on a charge of having counterfeit money in his possession. The lad was simply arraigned and the case continued.

Now Chief Ray says that if the U. S. authorities will take charge of the case he will ask to have his charge against the boy dismissed in the Chelsea court.

Though only charged with having the money in his possesion, the police claim to have evidence which will show that Hatch passed some of this bad money in Malden in exchange for a loaf of bread and that he also passed a coin in North Revere.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies impart strength and vigor.

MILL GIRL'S LUCK

A Lawrence Operative Inherits $20,000

SARAH INGLESON RECEIVES THE FORTUNE

From Her Uncle Who Died Recently.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 31.—Through the death of her uncle Sarah Ingleson, an Everett mill's weaver, falls heir to about $20,000.

Thirty years ago William Ingleson and his wife came to Lawrence from Lancashire, Eng., and found employment in the Pemberton mills, he a loom-fixer, she a weaver. Both worked hard and steadily, and in course of time became real estate owners, purchasing land on Merrimac street. This street was at that time little more than cleared ground which could be purchased at the rate of a cent a foot.

Mr. Ingleson bought several large lots. As time went on and the city grew, four tenement houses sprang up on the Ingleson lots, and then a pretty home for the hard working couple.

Five years ago, by the death of his wife, Mr. Ingleso nwas left alone in his home, there being no children, and he began to wonder what he should do with his hard-earned money. There were relatives in New Jersey and Philadelphia, and the old man decided to pay them a visit before making a will in their favor.

He decided to go in the disguise of a poor relation.

"If they treat me well I'll give them my money, if they don't—" and the old man smiled grimly.

He visited them all and came back to this city. He was chary of information concerning the reception he met but he made no will in favor of those particular relatives.

Last fall his niece Sarah came from Stockport, Eng., to try her fortune in the states. She took up her abode with he raged uncle and obtained employment in the Everett mills. A widowed sister-in-law of Mr. Ingleson's kept house for the pair, until a few weeks ago she sickened and died.

Sarah left her work in the mill to nurse her aunt through her last illness, and then announced her intention to retur nto England.

"Bide a bit lass," said the old uncle. "I shall not be long here, now, an' my word for it, ye'll not regret it."

Last Saturday William Ingleson died, having lived to be threescore and fourteen years of age.

To the niece he had known for only a few months he left his houses and lands and much money in the banks. It is her intention to dispose of the property, in accordance with the old man's advice, and return at once to her home in England.

M. Charles Ward, the genial clerk at the post office, is to chaperon a theatre party to Boston Washington's birthday.

John Green, the well known baritone, attended the Tewksbury Grange meeting today.

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prevent it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The liver gets lazy and sluggish sometimes, and then you have biliousness and bad complexion.

LIVER

Hostetter's BITTERS livens up the liver, clears up the complexion and makes you well again.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, physicians advocate them.

Reduce, Reducing, Reduced

That is just what we have done with our prices on

Oil Heating Stoves and Parlor Stoves.

We are determined to close them out at reduced prices, rather than carry them over.

If you have use for a heating stove, either for coal, oil or gas, come and see our stock. We know we can suit you.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street. 132 Tel.

What's the Use of doing all the work of cleaning, when Ivorine Washing Powder will do the biggest part? What's the use of fretting and wearing your life out on the dishes and the silverware, the pots and the pans, when Ivorine will do the work? There's a cake of pure Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package.

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY

MME. LE CLAIR'S FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY

Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 2 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeCLAIR PILL CO., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.

Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

Many Men Are Supremely Happy

of the wearing qualities of our Famous $3.00 SUNLIGHT SHOES. These shoes are made expressly for us.

Made by expert workmen.
Made on the latest lasts.
Made to stand the test.
Made as good as any $3.50 shoe in Lowell. We warrant every pair to give satisfaction, or your money back. It's easy to match these shoes. It's hard to match their sterling qualities.

Sold only in Lowell at the

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 Central Street.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY.

PROMPTING ENDEAVORS.

The natural law of suggestion and example is the contagious spirit of progress, showing superiority of teaching Business, Shorthand and English—day and evening—at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass. W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. [illegible], Man.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The citizens of Lowell now look to District Attorney Weir for an inquest upon the death of Mr. Mayotte and that of Mary A. Leonard.

Still it seems that Senator Quay is unable to command the necessary number of votes to land him in the United States senate. It would require an expert corruptionist like Hanna to fix the opposition so as to elect Quay.

The Boston city government budget for the ensuing year amounts to the vicinity of fourteen million dollars after having been reduced by about two millions and this is considered inadequate for the various projects being started up in the interests of the city.

The Citizen attacks Councilman Saunders for not voting when City Messenger Fagan was elected but it has not a word to say against republicans who voted for Mr. Fagan. It is afraid to single out the councilman who elected Fagan, yet it pounces upon Saunders.

Company M of Lowell is a unit in testifying to the inferior quality of the beef furnished to the army during their campaign in Cuba. They did not go so far as to say it was embalmed beef, but the majority of them say it was rotten. That being so, it would seem that even the embalming process proved an utter failure.

It is about time that Mark Hanna had cleared up that bribery case by which he was elected to the United States senate. One of the men who received $1700 of the bribe money has let the matter out and now he is called on to produce the money. This is the only case in which Hanna ever bribed a man who let the cat out of the bag.

President Kiley of the Boston common council wants a general cut-down of wages in that city. He is a republican and most of the office holders being democrats, he wants to reduce wages. If the office holders were republicans, this officious statesman would probably advocate an increase in the wages.

At last, the police of New York have discovered the man who mailed the poisonous package to Harry Cornish. Upon this particular case, the New York police seem to have been utterly helpless. Now that they have a definite clue, it is to be hoped that they will eventually solve the mystery and bring the perpetrators to justice.

It is gratifying to know that it is now quite probable that an inquest will be held on the death of Charles W. Mayotte, and at the same time we suggest that an inquest be held on the death of Mary A. Leonard who was killed on her way to work by being run over by a milk wagon. There are witnesses to this fatality and the whole matter should be cleared up in order to ascertain whether the driver of the team was criminally negligent. It is due to the public of Lowell that there should be an inquest in order to satisfy the citizens as to the dangers they may expect on the public streets from reckless driving or other causes.

General Eagan has been found guilty, and his sentence is dismisal from the service. Owing to the plea of temporary insanity made in his behalf, a great deal of sympathy has been felt for him since his trial, and as the sentence bears a recommendation for mercy, it is quite probable that President McKinley will show clemency. There is no doubt whatever that General Eagan is honest, and no doubt that if embalmed beef was furnished to the soldiers or if other frauds were perpetrated it was wholly without his knowledge. In dispensing supplies to the value of $50,000,000, it is stated that General Eagan has never been benefited directly or indirectly and at the present time that he is practically no richer than when he started. He may have made mistakes during the war but he was probably guilty of no intentional neglect of duty. The only offence of which he is convicted is his attack on General Miles and in that he made the greatest mistake of his career. Again General Miles has triumphed and today he is stronger with the country than ever before.

It is very remarkable how many bills have been introduced in the legislature affecting the city of Boston, and few of them coming from any popular demand within the city itself. They have been introduced by petty politicians who hope to get the legislature to assist them in making Boston a republican city. The main object is to overcome the democratic majority by trickery and fraud. Governor Wolcott in his inaugural message cautioned the legislators against this very evil, but it seems that his good advice has been thrown away upon them. It remains to be seen whether the legislature as a whole will prostitute its power to the extent of passing these corrupt measures in any form.

While superintending the arrest of a number of men on Dummer street Saturday evening, Lieutenant Brosnahan showed his sense of duty by ordering one of the officers to go into a house from which the prisoners were taken, and get the clothing of one man who had been placed in the patrol wagon without hat, coat or shoes. The officer rather reluctantly obeyed the order but it was a very proper one, considering the cold night. It would have been sufficient to give the man pneumonia to ride in an open wagon on Saturday night without the articles of clothing mentioned. It appears that some of the police officers, at least, are learning to be more considerate in the treatment of prisoners.

It appears that the textile workers of Fall River have formulated their demands for higher wages. They want a restoration of the wages which they received before the last cut down and in this demand they are joined by the operatives of Lowell, Lawrence, and New Bedford. Now that business is improving in every direction and particularly in the mills, it is to be hoped that the manufacturers will endeavor to do justice to their operatives. They have already confessed that their decision to cut wages as a means of helping the business was a total failure, and that a curtailment of production would have been very much better. For this reason it is doubly incumbent upon them to make amends by restoring the old schedule of wages.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Worcester Telegram—That senator who said Rear Admiral Schley ran away from Cervera at Santiago, in face of the report of the commission that told how skilfully he manoeuvered to avoid being rammed and to get into a better position for chasing Cervera, will soon tell the committee that Dewey ran away at Cavite because he got short of ammunition and stopped to fill up the ammunition and his men.

Milford Journal—It's no use—you can't choke 'em off. Congressman Barrows of this state, who goes out with this session, is a reformer and can talk very prettily about "the office should seek the man" etc., etc., etc. but this doesn't stop him from pushing for the lucrative position of librarian of congress, almost before the flowers have faded on the grave of the deceased incumbent, John Russell Young. If a low, groveling spoilsman had done this what a howl of righteous indignation there would have been from the goody goody fellows who are too pure for the sordid scenes of earth.

New Bedford Standard—The Spanish-American treaty will be ratified when the senate gets around to it and there is no necessity for worriment about the delay. Least of all is there occasion for continual throwing up the bugbear that until the treaty is ratified, the state of war continues. Technically, it may be, the nations are at war. Practically, there is about such a state of war as would exist between a rabbit and a tiger which had half killed it. Even if the treaty should fail, all that would happen would be that another treaty would have to be made. That is the plain common sense of the matter. The fidget about a possible renewal of hostilities is a piece of ridiculous affectation.

Washington Post—Between the Cubans and the Ohioans the administration will be kept busy handling out the offices.

Providence Journal, Ind.—If Senator Quay was not so unfortunately strong, politically, some of the arguments put forward in his behalf by his friends would have defeated him before now.

Possibly Senator Chandler's disclosures will not add to his strength in the next session of the state legislature, but the people of the state ought to be very thankful to him for informing them how their campaigns are being managed, even if in so doing he could be convicted of "telling tales out of school."

New York World, Dem.—If a collision shall unfortunately occur in the Philippines, can there be any question as to who will be responsible? Who would have been responsible for further bloodshed in this country in 1783 if France, having whipped England at home, had forced a "cession" of the American colonies and sent an expedition here to demand submission to her sovereignty?

Boston Post, Dem.—The key to the situation is the passage of the House resolution, or the amendment of the treaty, giving assurance to the Filipinos that the purpose of the United States is not conquest, but liberation. The ratification of the treaty will not cure the trouble in the Philippines; it will make it worse. The adoption of the resolutions now pending will smooth the way for the United States in that archipelago.

Indianapolis Journal, Dem.—One thing is certain with the election of senators by popular vote, there would never be a deadlock; a state would never be without two senators; men of the "Gas" Addicks type would find it very difficult to secure nominations; bosses like Quay and Platt and Hanna would not easily climb to position; legislatures could be elected with sole reference to state questions.

Chicago News, Ind.—Like the lumber men, the mine owners are catching the trade expansion fever. They are no longer afraid of the pauper coal mines of Canada. They want to get their share of orders from Ontario which is the industrial centre of the Dominion. With the tariff removed they can more than offset the 700,000 tons of Canadian coal which were shipped to this country last year; indeed their present shipments do that now.

Springfield Republican, Ind.—The librarian of congress should be a man of large size in education, culture, administrative talent and experience in modern library methods. Yet the place is being scrambled for by a lot of party hacks and journalistic adulators of the president. Congressman Barrows of this state seems much more fitted for the place than any of the other political aspirants yet why should the choice be limited to men with party claims? The library of congress is the greatest in the land and it deserves a great librarian, not an office-seeker, as its head.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

The February Cosmopolitan has an array of able articles on a variety of topics, mostly those which in a great measure absorb public attention at the present time. One article of great importance to parents is that by F. Gardner upon the need of "Utilizing Boy Waste." Our new colonies receive considerable attention from the contributors and John Brisben Walker writes an humorous article upon "How an Empire is Built," dealing with facts of history that appear new under his masterly treatment. There is a variety of articles on social, industrial, scientific and literary subjects all readable, instructive, timely and interesting.

The Catholic World for February has a very valuable and instructive article by an Augustian priest on life and missionary work in the Philippines. It has a variety of fiction which shows the people at their daily labor, in their homes and surrounded by the luxuriant bloom that abounds in those tropical regions. The writer shows that the injustice of Spanish rule brought a great deal of opprobrium upon the missionaries who were supposed to be in sympathy with the home government. This is one result of a policy which makes the church a state establishment. Were it otherwise the church would not be held responsible for the sins of the Spanish government. Among the other leading articles are the following: "Riches Unused" by Rev. George Lee C. S. Sp.; Sheila's Presentiment, Clara Mulholland; Music as an educational factor, Marcella Reilly; the old churches of Ruen, by Emma Endres; The Problem of Personality, by William Seeton, L.L. D.; Chiquita, by John J. A. Becket; The Italian Government, by Rev. George McDermott. Rose Hawthorne Lathrop writes a beautiful illustrated article upon New York, its sights and scenes of busy life, its gayieties and its miseries, its charities and its restitution and sets forth the claims to consideration of the poor suffering from uncurable cancer. She has already established a home for such patients and the public has shown a willingness to help in the work while the number of patients applying is more than can be accommodated.

SUCCESS.

The latest issue of that ideal journal for ambitious youth Success is full of articles of absorbing interest on the life studies of successful men, showing how success has been attained under the most adverse conditions. The types presented are such as can be safely followed by the young and the illustrations are profuse and artistic. There is also a variety of instructive reading bearing upon the general run of the ambitious and altogether the publication is one of the best that can fall into the hands of young people. Public men of the day as well as the men who have distinguished themselves in the past are treated as examples to be followed by those who aspire to success. There are also encouraging helpful articles for young ladies. One article touches upon the movement for advancing and improving the condition of the 100,000 women stenographers of this country. It is headed by Miss Gertrude Beeks and is rapidly growing. The issue of January 28 (Success is published weekly) has an interesting article from the pen of Henry Clews, the well-known New York banker, telling country boys how to get along in a great city. He advises every lad between the age of fifteen and twenty to learn some foreign language for its benefit as a means of mind training, and also stenography and typewriting.

CAKE WALK

HELD BY PROSPERITY CIRCLE, C. OF F. LAST NIGHT.

Prosperity Circle, Companions of the Forest held a grand cake walk and sociable in Forester's hall, last night. The attendance was very large and among those present were visitors from Nashua and Lawrence. Hibbard's orchestra played for the dancing, and the occasion was one of great enjoyment. At the first intermission, the six couples were called out for the cake walk. After a march around the hall, the first couple John Martin and Josephine Trudell did a walk that was immense and "caught on." They were followed by Thomas Armstrong and Mamie Nestor, J. Conroy and partner, Mr. Harper and Jennie Bullis, Mr. Lampscot and partner, Mr. Gregoire and Miss Eveline Dupont.

The judges were unanimous in their decision giving the gentleman's prize to John Martin, but there was some question about the lady's prize, there being a division between Jennie Bullis and Eveline Dupont. Finally the prize was awarded Miss Bullis.

The officers of the dance were as follows:

General manager, Mary E. Santwere; assistant general manager, Della Bussiere; floor manager, Katie Maurier; assistant floor manager, Maggie Donoghoe; chief aid, W. H. Stafford, aids Minnie Donahue, Nellie Torley, Rose A. Gallagher, Minnie Keelan, H. C. McCoker, Gertrude Meloy, Angelina Gaudette, Josie Brussure, Lizzie Murphy, Maggie Sheridan, Annie Gorman, Delia Daley, James J. Donahue, James H. Hickey, Owen O'Neil, John E. Maguire; reception committee, John J. Cassidy, chairman; Rachel Campbell, Ann Brennan, Alexander J. Campbell, Delia Gallagher, Mary Tristan, Rosie Perrault, Josie O'Connor, J. Cotter, Della Murphy.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

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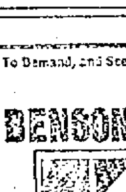

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The most successful remedy against Coughs, Colds Grip and Chest Troubles, now so prevalent. Clean, safe and sure. Inure for fails. Price 25c. All Druggists. Of m'f'rs, Seabury & Johnson, N.Y., if unobtainable.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

To be Enlarged to Accommodate Students.

MEETING OF THE SCHOOL BOARD LAST NIGHT.

"Teacher" Coughlin's Resignation Accepted.

The regular meeting of the school board held last night was very late in being called to order, the members holding a convention behind the doors of the private room previous to the open meeting. It was 9 o'clock when the chairman opened the meeting. The committee on teachers reported in favor of a new piano for the Training school and that Miss Agnes Courtney of the Lakeview ave. school be transferred to the Morrill school. The latter recommendation was adopted and the purchase of a piano was referred to the committee on music.

Mr. Thompson for the committee on high school presented a report recommending that the school committee petition the city council to grant a hearing on the subject of providing increased accommodations for the High school.

Speaking to the recommendation, Mr. Thompson explained that at the beginning of the present term, there were about 60 more pupils than could be provided with seats. The manual training school gave some relief but certainly, he said, at the beginning of the next school year, the seating capacity will be insufficient, to the number of 60 or more pupils. He hoped there would be an early hearing, that the board would attend and would impress upon the city council the pressing need in this matter. The idea is to put a new building upon the land that the city now owns near the present High school building, which will furnish accommodations for some time to come, and which will be simply a completion of the present High school building. It is proposed, as explained in answer to a question by Mr. Thomas J. Murphy, to bring the manual training school under the same roof, also a drill shed, and one or two extra class rooms.

She report was accepted and adopted and on suggestion of Supt. Whitcomb, the board voted full power to the committee on school houses and hygiene to add to the seating capacity of the Highland school hall and also to put sinks in the Varnum school. The committee was also given full power in the matter of sanitary regulation in kindergartens.

On motion of Mr. Schoolcraft, leave of absence for an indefinite time, was granted to Miss Laura H. Farmer of the Kirk street school.

Mr. Everett called attention to the fact that the floors of the Colburn school are in a worn condition and that the doors need looking after. The matter was referred to the committee on school houses and hygiene with power to confer with the superintendent of buildings.

Supt. Whitcomb then presented the resignation of Miss Ellen F. Coughlin teacher in the Morrill school. In presenting her resignation, Miss Coughlin expressed her appreciation of the many courtesies extended her by the committee, past and present, during her 46 years of service as a teacher in the city schools.

Mr. Thomas Murphy as a former pupil of Miss Coughlin, and her sub-committeeman, spoke of her faithful work, and moved the acceptance of the resignation.

Superintendent Whitcomb said that Miss Coughlin's case is so remarkable that he was unwilling to allow her resignation to pass, without a further word of comment. "She is known and honored and loved in that section of the city by two generations as is the case with scarcely any other teacher in Lowell. We have never had in Lowell a more faithful, zealous teacher than Miss Coughlin. She has had but one interest and that was the welfare of the school."

The resignation was accepted, and on motion of Mr. Murphy, a rising vote of thanks was given Miss Coughlin for her long and faithful service and the secretary was instructed to notify her of the action of the board.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

NEW ADDITION TO ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The new addition to St. John's Catholic church is now nearing completion and when finished will accommodate about 150 more people. This will give a seating capacity of about 1000 to the church, which the growing needs of the village has emphatically demanded to, some time past.

There was a very pleasant surprise party Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Maude Downs in Tyngsboro. The affair was under the management of Harry L. Downs, who presented a handsome tea set to the estimable woman in behalf of the many visitors present. There was a large delegation from North Chelmsford. A supper was served after which the evening was given up to games, music, readings and dancing. Mr. Arthur Blodgett, with his violin, and a piano for accompaniment, furnished the music for the dancing.

Mr. Cornelius McDonald of Lawrence, is in town, visiting at the home of Mr. Abner Hemlow.

The Westford B. B. club will hold their annual ball in the town hall in Westford next Friday evening. A large number of North Chelmsford people will attend.

The members of the Clover Social club are making great preparations for their annual ball which occurs Friday evening, Feb. 10, in the town hall. This will be the seventh annual ball of the club and the event is loked forward to with great interest by the younger portion of the townspeople. The boys say that this event will eclipse all former ones, as many tickets have been sold already to both local and out-of-town parties. The members of the above club are developing some clever checker experts this winter. Mr. John Brennan seem to be able to do anything and everything that comes his way, and the boys are trying to get him to visit Lowell and take a whack at some of the crackerjacks in the Spindle City. Mr. William O'Neil, a popular member of the Clover club, and also well known about town, has opened a fish market in the village.

Tomorrow evening the North Chelmsford Dramatic club will present the drama, "The Great Catastrophe" in the town hall. The Misses Manuel of this village, and Mr. M. J. Mahoney the well known delineator of Shakesperian roles, will have the piece in charge, which is enough to say that a good entertainment awaits all those who attend.

G. O. TAYLOR WHISKIES

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MUSIC HALL.

The Bruns and Nina high class vaudeville Co., appeared for the first time last evening at Music hall and met with an enthusiastic greeting, each and every act being warmly applauded.

The olio consisted of an acrobatic act by Humes and Clayton, which was very good; Dennella sang some very catchy songs; Bruns and Nina give an exhibition of paper tearing and made several pretty designs; they also introduced the singing dog, Fritz. The Zeeraeth trio were very clever and made a pronounced hit with the audience; Will White and his dog Bill delighted the audience with their cake walk; Baldoano and Cleo made the hit of the evening in their spiritualistic act; Ned West treated the audience to a good laugh with his singing and dancing. The performance ended with Nina, the electric picture dancer assisted by Harry Bruns, who sang popular songs which were illustrated upon her dress, while the dance went on; several of the leading men and women were also pictured in the same manner. The company will appear tonight and tomorrow matinee and evening.

Bryant and Watson's Australian Beauties consisting of 25 ladies and 10 comedians will be the attraction at Music Hall for three nights commencing Thursday, February 2 with the usual Saturday matinee. The popular comedian Harry C. Bryant heads the organization and will be seen in two up-to-date reviews entitled "The Type-Writer's Wedding Day," and "The Duke de Monte Carlo." Prominent in the list of vaudeville stars are Smith O'Brien, Williams and Adams, Sheehan and Kennedy, Hazleton and Vedder, May Rhea and Ruby Marion, and the Lavelles, French whirlwind dancers.

M. C. McGowan and J. W. Lachance representing the Artisans association of Montreal, Canada, visited city hall Monday, and after a short stay in the assessors office were shown about the building by Assistant Assessor A. Bourbonniere. They greatly admired the building and were much interested in the several departments.

DR. WILLIAMS'

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

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DOWS'

MENTHOL CREAM

CURES COLD IN THE HEAD QUICKLY, PERMANENTLY.

Place a little in the nostrils. It dissolves—goes up at once—not down—reaches the seat of the trouble and—you're cured.

10c. tube, 25c. box. All Druggists.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Props.

Lowell, Mass. (3)

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edmond H. Duprez to the Central Savings Bank, dated July 9th, 1891, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of the County of Middlesex in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in Book 255, Page 71, and for breach of the condition therein contained and for the purpose of foreclosing said mortgage will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the eighth day of February A. D., 1899, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day at Rivet & Hamel's office, No. 65, on Merrimack street, in Lowell, in said County, all and singular the following premises described in said mortgage as follows, namely: A certain tract or parcel of land containing thirty seven hundred and fifty (3750) square feet, situated on the southwesterly side of a private way called Ward street, in said Lowell and bounded, viz—Beginning at the most easterly corner of the premises on the southwesterly side of said Ward street at a stake which is distant two hundred and seventy five (275) feet northwesterly from a stone bound at the intersection of the southwesterly side of said Ward street, with the northwesterly side of a private way called Tucker street; thence running southwesterly at right angles to said Ward street seventy-five (75) feet to a stake; thence at a right angle northwesterly fifty (50) feet to a stake at land conveyed by the proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river to one Hiram Whitney; thence at a right angle northwesterly on said Whitney's land seventy-five (75) feet to the southwesterly side of said Ward street; thence southeasterly on the southwesterly side of said Ward street fifty (50) feet to the point of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed to me by said proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river by their deed dated June 26th, A. D. 1831, and recorded herewith, and this conveyance is made subject to the same conditions, restrictions and reservations in said deed mentioned or referred to. Said premises were conveyed to me under the name of Edmond H. Duprez, which should be Edmond H. Duprez.

Terms $1500.00, to be paid at the time and place of sale; other terms made known at sale.

Lowell, Jan. 17, 1899.

JOSEPH L. CHALIFOUX,
Assignee of said mortgage.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CATHERINE SPENCER, late of Lowell, in said county deceased, intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court, to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to John W. Spencer of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the seventh day of February, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

FIRE SALE.

You don't want it! It is damaged goods! Great mark down sale! You don't want that! It is shopworn and out of style goods!

IN NEED OF MONEY SALE.

To pay for the latest style goods lately bought. That's what you are after.

Ladies' Beaver Jackets worth $5.00; in need of money sale, $1.75.

Ladies' Buckley Jackets, all silk lined, worth $9.00; in need of money sale, $3.75.

Ladies' Kersey Jackets, all silk lined, worth $10.00; in need of money sale, $4.71.

The best Jacket in the market, lined all through, sleeves and all, with fancy taffeta silk, never been sold elsewhere for less than $24.00; in need of money sale, $11.00.

COOPER'S COSY CLOAK STORE,

(Opposite Car Waiting Room.)

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W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Jan. 30, 31 and Feb. 1, with usual Wednesday Matinee. The Big City Show,

Bruns and Nina

High class vaudevilles. 10—all feature acts—10.

Nina The Great Electrical Picture Dancer. Something entirely new. An entertainment for all classes.

Feb. 2, 3 and 4, with usual Saturday Matinee.

THE REAL THING.

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35—PEOPLE—35.

Seats now on sale.

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Golden Cream India Pale Ale AND PORTER.

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FRANL JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED).

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, †2.00, 4.25, †5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.49, 6.23, †6.45, w6.50, 7.04, *7.20, *7.28, 7.83, *7.43, w*8.15, *8.57, †9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a m; w12.05, 12.10, w12.45, 1.48, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.17, w4.05, 4.28, w5.10, 5.22, †5.43, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.40, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.23, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, a m, w12.05, w4.05, 4.28, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.

For Lawrence, 6.23, w6.50, z7.83, w8.60, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w†11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w9.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.

For Salem, Mass, w6.28, 7.31 a m; w12.05, 1.03, w5.10, 5.53 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.83, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.

For Exeter and Dover 6.28, 6.50, z7.83, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 6.20 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.

For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.83, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 6.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 6.10 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Dear Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland); discontinue for the season.

For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12.05, 6.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.22, 7.04, 7.53, *7.43, 11.03 a m; 1.40, 4.28 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.41 a m; 4.25, 5.53 p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 6.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—3.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a m (to Nashua only), 3.06 a m; 2.00, 6.25, 8.10, 8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.40, †*8.10 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.40 p m.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, *†8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.10 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*6.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m., †*8.40 p m.

References: *Express; †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. § Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 16, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:

For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.

The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line for New York city, the south and west.

SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 6.30 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

C. PETER CLARK, G. S.
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A.
I. N. MARSHALL, S. E. D.
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NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.

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A line of

LADIES' SHOES

embracing Kid and Cloth Top Button Shoes. $2 would be a reasonable price for the quality of stock and workmanship. Our price to move them quick is

$1.25 A PAIR.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.

COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.

CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

The Wonderful New Drink.

"Gloria"

You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby adding pleasure to wealth.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Give you strength to earn your bread;
Dream not of the frightful tale,
of Satan's imps all out on bail;
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.

A very useful family beverage. Please try case, 5 cents a glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $34 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.

Corner Willie and Broadway.

WELCOME NEWS

Better Times.

Lower Prices.

Best Salt Ribs, 6 lbs., - 25c.
Roast Pork "Fresh," - 7c. lb.
Fresh Shoulders, - - 7c. lb.
Smoked " - - 7c. lb.
Legs Lamb, - - - - 10c. lb.
Shoulders Lamb, - - - 7c. lb.
Strips Bacon (Morrell's) - 10c. lb.

We guarantee that the above goods are No. 1 standard or no sale.

Central Cash Market

Cor. Central and Charles Sts.

Telephone 606-3.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to

3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,025 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.

Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars, sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey } Clerks { H. Gervais

THE POWELL CLUB

Much Indigation at Over Officious Police.

MEMBERS OF RESPECTABLE PARENTAGE.

Father's Forcible Statement to Sun Reporter.

Great indignation is being expressed by parents of boys composing the Powell club at the morning organ of the police department, in trying to show that a fight was pulled off on Friday night last.

A member of the club states that the whole scheme of a raid was hatched up in a certain grocery store for the purpose of "having some fun with the boys and the 'authorities bit.'"

In the first place the boys who were boxing are sons of prominent Lowell business men and the father of one of the boys is an alderman.

The charge to the oyster supper was but fifteen cents, just to simply clear expenses. The boys prepared the supper themselves which accounts for it being served at a late hour, they not laying claim to being experts at serving "quiet lunches" as the police organ would have them.

Not only were the parents of many of the boys invited, but an invitation was sent to the Sun reporter to be present. The latter happened to be not at home when the messenger called. And it may be parenthetically stated here that on two previous occasions the Sun reporter was invited to social gatherings of this club and a full report of the initial supper appeared the day after in The Sun which goes to show that the boys were not secretive in their doings.

A father of one of the boys who is engaged in business in a Merrimack street store, had the following to say today, in reference to the matter to a Sun reporter: "It is a good thing that the unfortunate boy over at St. John's hospital is not my son, for I would make matters quite interesting for the police who seem to have become rather lax of late in many matters. Two of my boys were present at the supper and they and a neighbor's boy invited me to attend offering me a supper ticket. I would have gone if I had not had a prior engagement. The boys, I am told, were tardy in getting the supper ready, having had to prepare it themselves only to find that the police officers were among those who partook of it and without an invitation either. The question arises in my mind, can officers go into a place in the manner they did and help themselves to what they find. One of the boys felt so aggrieved that he afterwards exclaimed: "I would rather have seen the cops starve to death than have a bit of our supper. "Again for the benefit of the morning organ of the police department I will give another reason," said the speaker, "why the supper was so late in being served. Owing to the smallness of the room two tables had to be set; when one table of diners had concluded their repast the table was cleared off and reset. You might say in the Sun I approve of the Powell club and of the boys who belong to it. I much prefer to have my boys where I know I can find them when I want them. I know they are not on the street and if they want to engage in boxing or any other athletic exercise I assent. The police are many times over-officious where they ought not to be and at other times conspicuous by their absence when they ought to be round."

TWO COL HD TO COME

BOXING GOSSIP.

Jeffries, an aspirant for a meet with Sharkey is in New York and wants a fight, he says. Thomas Sharkey was another of the big stars who arrived in New York Sunday. The sailor came from Providence and met Jack McCormack in a six-round bout at Philadelphia last night. Immediately upon his arrival in New York, Sharkey took a run around the park. He thinks his daily bout with his sparring partner has kept him in good condition, but he only took the jaunt to help his wind. McCormack was at one time Sharkey's trainer, and although he is on to the sailor's curves, he is not in the able seaman's class. Sharkey has not yet made up his mind to cover Fitzsimmons' money and from present indication it would appear that Jeffries will have first call for a match with the champion, unless Fitz finds a club which will offer a purse equal to that guaranteed by the Lenox A. C.

The boxing bouts for the week are as follows:

Wednesday—Tom Sharkey vs. Tommy Ryan, Syracuse.

Thursday—Dick O'Brien vs. J. Bonner, Sammy Myers vs. J. Dever and Jennings vs. Mangon, Hartford. H. McWinters vs. Black Griffo, Scranton. Billy Gordon of Hartford vs. Tod Ware Whitechapel, Eng.

Tom Hogan, vs. J. McClelland, Wilkinsburg, Penn.

H. Forbes, vs. Ritchie, Chicago

FRIDAY

Ed Kenedy vs. Dave Hill, Pittsbrg.

J. Murray, vs. Joe Frede, Hot Springs.

J. Bernstein, vs. Young Pluto, Glenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

SATURDAY

Joe Wolcott, vs. Jim Ryan, Cincinnatti.

Jack Bennett vs. Jack Everhardt, Detroit.

M. McCue, vs. J. O'Brien and Paddy Fenton, vs. Tom Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

William A. Brady, when informed that Sharkey said he would fight Jeffries for a side bet of $10,000, he replied: "That suits us perfectly. We are out for fight and any condition at all will be agreeable. If Fitzsimmons does not sign with Jeffries by Saturday, Sharkey may consider the match on. I have just been waiting to hear from Sharkey to state his position with Jeffries and now that he has put himself on record to fight any man for $10,000 he will have to accept or crawl."

HIS MIDDLE FINGER.

Engineer Frank Ames, of locomotive 194, Western division of the Boston and Maine railroad injured the middle finger of the left hand, yesterday, by a chest cover falling on to the digit. The injury, though painful does not incapacitate the genial engineer from getting up the usual amount of steam.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Josiah Butler, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Goodell, celebrated his sixth birthday at the home of his parents in Foster street, yesterday afternoon. About 15 of the little fellow's friends were present and they enjoyed themselves to their hearts' content. Lunch was served in the evening by the D. L. Page company.

Rev. J. M. Greene, D. D., pastor of the Eliot church, remains at the Lowell General hospital. He is resting well, and hopes are entertained for his early recovery.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

FOR A FRANCHISE

Hearing In Billerica Centre Yesterday Afternoon.

NEW ROUTE FOR ELECTRICS TO BOSTON.

Five Cent Fare to Bedford Wanted.

The board of selectmen of Billerica gave a hearing yesterday afternoon in the town hall at the Centre village on the petition of the board of directors of the Lexington and Boston Street railroad company for a single track location within the town limits beginning at the Bedford line on Bedford street, thence over Bedford street to the junction of Main and Andover streets. Electricity is to be the motive power, and the petition makes the usual request for permission to lay tracks and string wires.

There was no opposition from any of the citizens, though there was a persistent agitation for a five-cent fare to Bedford as a condition of the franchise. The railroad company was represented by Directors M. A. Coolidge and Alfred Pierce and the Boston and Maine by C. A. Hight. Manager Sullivan of the Lowell and Suburban was present.

Selectman E. E. Haskell presided and opened the hearing by the reading of the petition and the order for the hearing. Then followed an informal discussion about the proposed road. It was explained by Mr. Coolidge that the tracks will be laid on the side of the road and that the fare to Boston will be twenty cents. The last part of the ride will be from Arlington to Boston over the Boston Elevated Railway company's surface tracks. The fare to Bedford will be ten cents from Billerica.

The Billerica people, were, as already stated, unanimously in favor of the new road, their only objection being to the ten cent fare to Bedford. The present train facilities from Boston to Billerica are inadequate and always have been, while from Bedford to Boston quite the reverse is the case. For that reason, the new road would be used very largely by Billerica people, who desire to avail themselves of the train facilities from there to Boston. For that reason the townspeople feel that they are entitled to a five cent fare to Bedford. It was stated during the discussion that a committee of the citizens had once asked the Boston and Maine to give the town better train service, but instead of being treated with consideration, they were treated with contempt.

The selectmen held a meeting after the hearing and discussed the matter with the representatives of the company. No decision was reached, but the selectmen intimated that they would insist on a five cent fare to Bedford before they would grant the franchise.

Mr. Hight, the representative of the Boston and Maine, said his company would object to a grade crossing on the road below the cemetery.

It is acknowledged to be the intention of the Reading and Wakefield company to abandon their tracks from Wilmington if the new location is granted to the other company, on the ground that such part of their road is not paying. The new route would be more direct to Boston.

After Mr. Coolidge had made his preliminary remarks, Joseph Jaquith and several others favored the side of the road location. Mr. Jaquith said he would rather have the road on his side of the street.

Mr. Coolidge said there might have to be some straightening done in the roadway, but the company would attend to that.

L. T. McKenney asked if there would be any expense on the town for the straightening of the route and was told that there would not. He had been told that in Bedford this company asked that the town pay one-half the cost of straightening. The chairman said that the town of Billerica would not stand one dollar of expense.

Mr. McKenney said: "The service of the Boston and Maine was so poor that a committee went to the president and called his attention to the fact that we had paid $20,000 and asked him if we could not have better accommodations. The committee instead of being treated with courtesy was treated with contempt and the president told them the $20,000 had nothing to do with the matter."

To Mr. Jaquith, Mr. Coolidge said that school children would be carried for half fare. Mr. McKenney said the fare to Bedford ought to be five cents, because the Billerica people can take the train from there to Boston.

Manager P. F. Sullivan was invited to express his views. He said: "We have a little pasture of our own, and we don't want other people's cows in it. The first thing to be determined in a case of this kind is whether or not public necessity and convenience require the road, and then to see if the promises of the company are made in good faith. The danger of the grade crossing is a question with which the selectmen have nothing to do, but is a question to be passed upon by the railroad commissioners.

"The tracks of the Boston and Maine cannot be crossed without the consent of the commissioners. If they withhold their consent, the company can seize land to avoid the grade crossing."

Sidney Bull had no doubt that the people of Billerica would favor the road if they were given the privileges they think they deserve. He thought five cents was enough to pay from Billerica to Bedford.

To Mr. Bull, Mr. Coolidge said the company would run cars as early and as late as possible in the day but the whole operation of the road rests with the selectmen.

Several others spoke in favor of the five cent fare to Bedford and one or two of them ridiculed the ten cent fare to Lowell.

G. P. Greenwood wanted to know if the petitioners are in this thing for a scheme, or do they really intend to build a road.

Mr. Coolidge responded that if the franchise is granted the company will begin work in the spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground and the road will be built by the fourth of July.

This statement brought out a vigorous round of applause and the meeting then adjourned.

A CHALLENGE.

At the cake walk recently held by the Hammer club, many disagree with the judges who decided Mr. Curry was the winner of the gentleman's prize. The friends of William Riley say that he was much Mr. Curry's superior as a cake walker. Now Mr. Riley is willing to meet Mr. Curry or any other of the competitors who appeared in the Hammer club's recent cake walk and finally decide which is best.

SWEAT SHOPS

OF NEW YORK VIOLATING THE LAW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A committee representing the Garment Workers' Union and the Brotherhood of Tailors have made a tour of the East Side sweatshops in search of evidence to present to the Legislature that the law in regard to the sweatshop labor is constantly violated.

The tour disclosed the pitiful life of the workers in tenements, who labor long hours for sums barely sufficient to keep away want. On the committee were Herman Robinson, John T. Lawrence and Samuel H. Jacobson.

In the ten by fourteen kitchen of the first tenement visited were found four persons huddled together sewing on coats in a dim light that taxed the eyes of the visitors. It was the home of Elias Horowitz, No. 346 Madison st., himself a contractor.

The price received by Horowitz and the men is thirty-five cents a garment, and by working long hours a man can finish four coats a day. There was no certificate of inspection displayed and nothing to show that Horowitz had not violated the law prohibiting the employment of laborers in a tenement workshop.

At a sweatshop occupying three floors in the rear of No. 190 Delancey street the committee climbed to the workshop by the fire escape, the only means of ingress or egress. Here many were employed, and on the third floor was a gallery on which was bed clothing etc., which went to show that it was the sleeping apartment of the workers. There was an inspection certificate dated November 14, 1898, conspicuously displayed.

In the rear of the tenement in Division street, in a room eight by ten feet, the committee found three men at work sewing coats in a half light.

The men said they received forty-five cents for making a coat, and that by working twelve and fourteen hours a day could make from $1.25 to $1.60 a day.

The committee visited other places. I nall were found the distressing marks of the sweatshop.

The investigation will be continued today.

A LOWELL MAN.

Says the Haverhill Gazette: Judge Abbott had another stranger before him Saturday morning and the stranger got the worst of it. His name was Donovan and he hailed from Lowell. Officer Frank McLaughlin made the arrest and he told the court that the prisoner was following him about with the evident intention of getting arrested. Frank accommodated him and in default of the payment of the fine Donovan will go half way home.

REP. SCATE'S BILL

To Regulate the Privileges of Persons.

SEEKING INTERVIEWS WITH EMPLOYES.

Other Business in the State Legislature.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—In the House today Mr. Scates, Social Democratic, Haverhill, presented the following bill "to Regulate the Priveleges of Persons Demanding Interviews with Employes." The bill is as follows:

"Any corporation, co-partnership, person or persons employing any person for hire or otherwise, shall at any and all times during the hours of such employment, upon request or application for a private interview or conference with such employe at the place of his employment shall forthwith grant such application or request by directing and permitting him to go to the place where the employe is employed or by summoning the employe to some suitable place provided by the employer where such employe and the person making the request or application may privately hold an interview or confer together.

"Any corporation, co-partnership, person or persons violating the provisions of the foregoing section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $100 and for each succeeding offence shall be punished in the House of Correction for a term not exceeding three months or less than ten days.

Among the petitions presented were the following:

From John S. Sanborn and others, that Andover, North Andover and Methuen be annexed to the Judicial District of the Lawrence Police Court and that its name be changed to District Court of Northern Essex; from Walter R. Sears of Boston for the establishment of free employment offices; from Massachusetts Eye & Ear Infirmary for $25,000 appropriation.

The following bills were presented: Mr. White of Somerville, to limit medical experts as witnesses in the superior court to one competent physician to be agreed upon and examined by either party; Mr. Donovan of Taunton, that the Superintendent of Streets be elected by popular vote; Mr. Donovan of Taunton, for yea and nay vote in elections by city councils; Mr. Judd, Holyoke, to extend time for filing petition for re-count to seventh instead to third day after elections.

BLIZZARD IS RAGING

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Jan. 30—A terrible blizzard has been raging in Rawlins county. With the wind blowing 60 miles an hour the snow has drifted badly. The storm will be severe on stock as the snow is crusted, preventing sheep from securing feed.

INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS
CURED TO STAY CURED BY
SEMIT
TABLETS
BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.
ALL DRUGGISTS
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
MAILED ON RECEIPT OF PRICE BY
SEMIT CHEM. CO.
BROCKTON, MASS.

GENERAL BUTLER

Heard In Regard to Affairs in Havana.

TELLS OF A RECENT CLASH

Between Spanish Soldiers and the Cubans.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—General M. C. Butler was given a hearing by the senate committee on military affairs today in regard to affairs in Havana, where he has been recently stationed as one of the evacuation commission. He gave a detailed account of a recent clash in that city between the Spanish soldiers and the Cubans. He expressed the opinion that General Brooke's order forbidding participation in the evacuation ceremonies by the Cubans was a necessary precaution and that if it had not been issued there would have been trouble. He thought the Cubans should be treated liberally and allowed to participate to a considerable extent in the conduct of public affairs. He believed that the Cuban soldiers could be utilized. He dwelt at some length upon the excessive taxes imposed under the old system. General Butler expressed the opinion that in time the Cuban people would be capable of self government, but that they should be given an opportunity to quiet down and get used to a more liberal administration than they had ever known.

THE KEELY FRAUD

Fake Experiments Performed by Mr. Kinraide.

WITNESSED BY J. RANSOM BRIDGES.

Bridges Was Not Bound to Secrecy.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—J. Ransen Bridges of this city, whose name appeared in connection with that of Charles Hill in an alleged expose of the Keely motor secret in Boston and New Sunday papers, and who was accused in a statement issued last night by T. Burton Kinraide, who is supposed to be the sole possessor of the late inventor's secret, of breach of faith, today issued a statement in reply to Mr. Kinraide in which he states that in making the expose, he did what "in his most deliberate judgment seemed the wisest and fairest course for all concerned."

In answer to Mr. Kinraide's accusation, Mr. Bridges states that the knowledge of the fraud was imparted to him without solicitation or request and that he made no promises of secrecy and was under no obligation to keep silent. Mr. Bridges says:

"In addition to the evidences of fraud which I saw in Mr. Keely's laboratory in Philadelphia, I also have seen since Mr. Keely's death, the most important of the fake experiments performed by Mr. Kinraide himself at 38 Spring Park avenue. Mr. Kinraide has told both Mr. Hill and myself that the plain evidences of fraud covered every experiment done by Mr. Keely and as we had had occular demonstrations of the trick, we should not doubt the statement."

ADVERSE REPORT

ON THE NOMINATION OF JUDGE EWART.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The senate committee on judiciary today made an adverse report on the nomination of Hamilton G. Ewart to be United States District judge for the western district of North Carolina. Judge Ewart was appointed during the recess and now holds the position. An effort will be made in the senate to have Ewart confirmed notwithstanding the adverse report.

CHARGED WITH THEFT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 30—Special dispatches from Dresden say that a man named Reiff has been arrested there on the charge of stealing diamonds worth 20,000 marks. It is stated that he was formerly a newspaper man of New York, from which he is said to have eloped with a young lady.

WENT THROUGH THE ICE

WILLIAM PARISH TRIED TO SKATE TO THIS CITY.

A young man giving the name of William Parish took the electric early in Lowell at 5 o'clock at Belle Grove Saturday afternoon. He stated that in attempting to skate from Lawrence to Lowell he got upon rotten ice a short distance below Belle Grove and broke through. He had quite a struggle to extricate himself. At Belle Grove he was warmed and a change of clothing was given him after which he went on to Lowell.

SCHOONER WATERLOGGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HIGHLAND LIGHT, Mass., Jan. 30.—The schooner Cathie C. Berry, which went ashore recently at Vineyard Haven and which was being towed around Cape Cod last night became waterlogged when off Peaked Hill bars about midnight and the tug Pallas which had her in tow was obliged to abandon her after taking off her crew. The schooner drifted ashore of the bars later, where she now lies filled with water.

HEARING GRANTED

THE NORTH CHELMSFORD TRUANT SCHOOL BY STATE AND COUNTY OFFICIALS.

The county commissioners, the legislative committee on counties are at the North Chelmsford truant school this afternoon to consider the expediency of granting the petition of the school for additional land. An appropriation of $12,000 is asked for and the extension it is thought, will be of great benefit to the institution.

MILLS START UP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, R. I., Jan. 30.—The Caroline woolen mills which have been idle because of the collapse of one of the mill buildings, were started up today. The plant employs 130 hands.

VERY RICH STRIKE

Gold Ore Will Run $500,000 Per Ton.

TAKEN FROM THE ISABELLA GROUND.

The Vein is Growing Wider and Longer.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 30.—A special from Cripple Creek, Col., says of the recent strike in Isabella Ground: "Your correspondent saw chunks of sylvanite that were three inches thick and solid metal and chunks of the oxidized ore of the same width that he whittled with his pocket knife. No assays have been made on the rock; it is not necessary, but pieces of the free gold ore, if ore it can be called at all, run over $500,000 per ton. The Mollie Gibson never produced any ore that carried more ounces in silver per ton than this Isabella ore does in gold. With every hour's work, the streak is lengthening and widening. Joining this metallic body there is six feet of quartz that will run from $1,000 to $2,000 per ton."

Manager Kilburn said to your correspondent: "I do not like to say anything that will excite the people any more than they are at present. The metallic ore body has doubled in size both ways since yesterday morning. Some of the pieces of ore are 80 per cent. gold. I never saw such material and I don't believe that its like was ever mined in this or any other camp in the world."

KILLED BY TRAIN

ALBERT P. PARSHLEY COULD NOT GET OUT OF ENGINE'S WAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 30.—Albert J. Parshley, a well-known insurance man of this town, was killed by a train on the Boston & Maine railroad, this forenoon. Mr. Parshley stepped on to the track at the Wakefield street crossing in spite of the protestations of a boy who was with him, and who saw the train coming, and before he could get off the engine struck him, causing instant death. Mr. Parshley was 72 years of age. He leaves a widow and four children.

GREAT DAMAGE

CAUSED BY THE BURSTING OF A FLY WHEEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 30.—Two men were injured by the bursting of a two-foot fly wheel in Sylvans wood yard, here, this forenoon, and considerable damage was done to the plant. The fragments of the wheel tore off the roof of the building in which it had been in operation and large pieces were thrown a great distance. Peter Perry, who was sawing wood in the yard, was seriously cut by the circular saw which was thrown from its table. Mr. Sylvan also was badly cut about the head.

HE DROPPED DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, R. I., Jan. 30.—James Graham, aged 45, of 44 Pine street, Pawtucket, dropped dead this morning on the 6.10 o'clock train on the Consolidated railroad bound south at Davisville. Dr. Davis of Nowport stated that the cause of death was hemorrhage of the lungs.

BLAZE IN NEW YORK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Fire early this morning in a five story flat house at Nos. 214 and 216 Clinton street, Brooklyn, did $7,000 damage. Some of the tenants were cut off from the stairway, but got out through a skylight to the roof. No one was injured.

HELD IN $8,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Jan. 30.—Dr. William H. Bailey of this place was arraigned to-day on a charge of performing an illegal operation upon Mrs. Anna M. Neilson, who died at her home this morning. He was held in $8,000 for a hearing on February 9.

A FIERCE WIND

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WICHITA, Kas., Jan. 30—Snow began falling today, accompanied by a fierce wind. A severe blizzard extends over southern Kansas and Oklhaoma.

PLEASANT DROPPED ON SUGAR.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, internal or external. The real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Could a remedy have existed for almost a century except that it possess extraordinary merit for many family ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to a greater extent than this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic virtue while generation after generation have used it as a Universal Household Remedy from Infancy to good old age.

Our book "Treatment for Diseases," mailed free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

THE BILL PASSED

Asking Information as to Mortality Among Soldiers.

Congressmen Johnson and Payne Had a Lively Setto Which Led to a Cry of "Too Much Johnson."

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A house joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to admit to West Point military academy as a student Andres Ponte Ruego of Venezuela was adopted at the opening of the senate's session today.

Mr. Mason (Ill.) called up his resolution offered Saturday afternoon and presented a resolution in an amended form as follows:

"Whereas, a large number of the sailors and soldiers of the United States, are now in the Philippine islands or on their way there.

"Whereas, there are differing newspaper reports as to the condition of the health of the soldiers and sailors and,

"Whereas, it is reported by the press that there is a large percentage of those who are made sick by reason of the climate of said islands, and,

"Whereas it is stated upon good medical authority that during the late years as high as 50 per cent of the soldiers unaccustomed to that climate have died by reason of the said climate; therefore be it

"Resolved, that the secretary of war be directed to furnish for the information of the senate, a statement as to the percentage of our soldiers who are sick and have been sick, and the number of deaths in army by reason of the sickness caused by the climate in said islands and to set forth when, according to the generally accepted term, the sickly season begins in the said islands.

Mr. Hawley (Conn.) did not see the usefulness of the resolution. It could only furnish food for the sensational press.

The resolution was adopted.

A bill to declare the construction of the act entitled: "An Act to Provide for the Adjudication and Payment of Claims Arising from Indian Depredations" was passed.

Mr. Allison (Iowa) called up the pending Indian appropriation bill and asked the Senate to proceed to its passage.

Mr. Allison that he had no desire to interfere with any matters pertaining to the treaty, but in the absence of formal notice of any senator to speak today, he thought it an opportune time to take up the Indian bill.

IN THE HOUSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—At the opening of the session of the house, Mr. Hopkins (rep. Ill.), reported the census bill and gave notice that he would call it up next Monday. The house then resumed the consideration of the army reorganization bill under an agreement that if the bill was completed today under the five minute rule, the time tomorrow before 5 o'clock be devoted to general debate. This arrangement was made to give the leaders on each side an opportunity to close. The first amendment offered today was that of which the committee had given notice authorizing the president to enlist only sixty men in a cavalry troop and sixty in an infantry company. Mr. Marsh (rep. Ill.) who offered the amendment said that this would reduce the enlisted force to $50,000 if the president exercises the discretion it conferred upon him.

The exact form of each amendment was as follows: "Provided the President in his discretion may enlist only sixty men in a troop of cavalry or reduce the number of enlisted men in a troop of cavalry to be organized as far a snon-commissioned officers are concerned under regulations of the war department."

Mr. Hay (Dem Va.) of the minority of the committee, protested to the house that it was impossible to perfect a bill on the floor of the house. He would offer an amendment, he said to have the bill provide for only sixty men in an infantry company or a cavalry troop, but give the president discretion to increase the number to 145 and 100 respectively; this discretion however, only to be exercised in time of war.

At this point a warm altercation occurred between Mr. Johnson (Rep., Ind.) and Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) who was in the chair, the former claiming that the chair refused to recognize him. Mr. Payne explained that Mr. Johnson had already consumed much time and he had felt constrained to recognize other matters.

"Too much Johnson," shouted Mr. Tawney (Rep., Minn.) amid laughter.

Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) objected to the amendment on the ground that the discretionary power was to be exercised in the wrong direction. The bill, he contended should provide for only 50,000 men and that the president should take the responsibility of increasing it to 100,000. It should not be 100,000 and give the president discretion to reduce.

Mr. Marsh's amendment relating to the cavalry troops was adopted—105 to 32.

Omega Oil

The POWERFUL LINIMENT

Omega Oil comes from the other side of the Atlantic Ocean. It's a powerful green-colored liniment. It is for the outside of the body only, and must not be taken internally. Other liniments are usually worthless because they are made weak enough to be swallowed. You can't cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiff Limbs and Joints, Swellings, Pains and Aches with weak mixtures. But you can cure them with Omega Oil, because it goes down deep and reaches the bottom-most roots of pain. It cures. Try it and see.

At drug stores for 50 cents a bottle.

If your druggist doesn't keep it, don't take a substitute, but let us know.

(I) The Omega Chemical Co., 29 Central Street, Boston, Mass.

ENGLAND'S WISH

In the Nicaragua Canal Matter.

SHE WOULD LIKE AN ALLIANCE FIRST.

Other Questions on Which She is Interested.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—There are four subjects of first importance that will engage the attention of Ambassador Choate as soon as he has reached his desk at the American Embassy in Victoria street and has been received by Lord Salisbury and the Queen.

Chief among these, of course, is the question of the building of the Nicaragua canal. Those who are close to Salisbury and who are supposed to know his intentions in the matter argue that he will not listen to any abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. He will insist, they declare, that the building of the canal be left to private corporations and point to the Suez canal as an example. If the United States proposes building this great waterway as a government property, England will still insist that it be not fortified. The fortification of the canal, Englishmen declare, would no longer leave it neutral, and again the Suez canal, unfortified, is pointed to as a parallel.

This is undoubtedly the attitude of England on the Nicaragua Canal question. But in discussing it English statesmen are careful to say nothing of the fact that Great Britain owns $20,000,000 in the original capital of this well-paying canal, and that this important holding has increased in value until it is now worth a trifle over $11,000,000 and steadily paying a large rate of interest. They also fail to mention the further interesting fact that England is in possession of Egypt making a mere puppet of the Khedive and able by her authority to close the canal as she likes.

By a convention signed on October 29, 1888, the Suez canal was exempted from blockade and vessels of all nations, whether armed or not, under that agreement are allowed to pass through it in peace or war. What would happen in the event of a conflict between England and any other power, however, is easy to conjecture. Even when decrepit Spain tried, during the recent war to get Camara's fleet through the Suez canal to reach the Philippines it was England that prevented her from doing so by arranging that no coal should be furnished the Spanish vessels. After the Nicaragua canal question the question next in importance will be the discussion of English trade with Porto Rico and Cuba. Already English shippers and English merchants are complaining that their business with those two islands is suffering since the United States came into possession of them. They say that the American coastwise shipping laws are diverting the trade of those two islands to the United States. When told that this is to be expected as one of the natural results of the war in which the United States was the victor the Englishman is by no means convinced that he is not being imposed upon.

The Briton has always been and still is extremely watchful of his interests beyond the seas in all parts of the globe. Nine-tenths of his creed consists of clauses protecting his shipping and he will try to convince Mr. Choate that things are all wrong in the tariff schemes of Cuba and Porto Rico as applied to the United States on the one hand and Great Britain on the other.

In this same connection the West Indian reciprocity treaty, which has been under discussion through several administrations will be taken up again. As the name implies, this seeks to gain for the products of England's West Indian possessions entrance into the states free of duty in return for similar recognition of American machinery and food stuffs in the British West Indies.

The Canadian reciprocity treaty is another one of the serial stories of diplomatic endeavor to which Mr. Choate will be expected to supply the concluding chapters. In addition to these delicate subjects are all of the important questions so fast arising in connection with the situation in the far east. Mr. Choate, may, therefore, not look for a dull time during his representation of the United States at the Court of St. James.

A PROMINENT INVENTOR

FORMER LOWELL MAN DEAD AT AMESBURY.

The death of John Pettengill, one of the oldest and best known citizens, of Amesbury, occurred at his home at Rocky Hill Sunday evening at the age of 79 years and 3 months. Death was due to paralysis of the brain, caused by grip. Mr. Pettengill was born at the old Pettengill homestead at Rocky Hill, Salisbury (now Amesbury). When a young man he moved to Haverhill, where he learned the trade of contractor and building. In 1843 he came to Lowell, where he engaged in business for himself. In the early seventies Mr. Pettengill returned to Amesbury, where he engaged in the manufacture of brick which he continued for a number of years. He held several town offices for the old town of Salisbury and was for a number of years superintendent of the Sunday school of the Christian church at Salisbury Point. Mr. Pettengill was twice married. In 1845 he married Miss Lady Jane Pillsbury of Shapleigh, Me., who died in 1863. Four children blessed the union, two of whom are now living. Miss Ella J. of Amesbury and Walter J. Pettengill of Boston. The late Austin Pettengill of Great Falls, N. H., was also a son. In 1866 he married Miss Esther Frost of Lowell who died in 1869, having borne him one son, who died while quite young. Of a very inventive mind, the deceased invented the first metallic chimney cap ever made in the United States, for which he received a gold medal from the Mechanics' fair in Boston, many years ago.

Inspector Frank Goodwin is suffering from rheumatism and finds putting on his overcoat a difficult job.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

TOOK THE PRIZE

A Shoemaker Won 300 Francs.

FOR HIS FAMILY OF SIXTEEN.

Oldest 22, the Youngest 16 Months.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—All sorts of odd competitions are witnessed from time to time in the French capital, but one has just drawn to a close here which is of peculiar interest on account of the proverbial scarcity of large families in France.

M. de Reverdy, a philanthropist, who died not long ago, left a legacy, the interest of, which, amounting to, 1,500 francs annually, is to be given every 2 years to the father of the most numerous and best trained family among the workingmen of Paris.

The first competition for the 3,000 francs prize took place recently, and not less than sixty-eight candidates presented themselves who together boasted of having 566 living children. The Municipal Committee selected a shoemaker named Vandenbrouck as the most exemplary pater familias.

Vanderbrouck has sixteen children, and it would be difficult to find a healthier lot of youngsters gathered in one family. The oldest child is a girl, twenty-two years old, and the youngest is also a girl, in her fifteenth month.

Not long since Vanderbrouck was compelled to vacate the little shop, with its back rooms, where he had worked for many years. The neighbors complained that his lively brood was too noisy. During his leisure he built with his own hands a neat cottage on a piece of ground which he had acquired by his frugality, and to this he moved his family last month.

His new home is far from pretentious, but it is scrupulously clean, and its furnishings display good taste. The house is two stories high. One of the bedrooms on the second floor accommodates eleven of the younger children. Four of the boys work day and night in the cobbler's shop on the first floor as apprentices.

Despite the indefatigable industry of Vanderbrouck and the parsimonious economy of his good wife the family finds it a hard task to make ends meet, and it is a festive occasion indeed when the luxury of a piece of fresh meat for every month can be indulged in.

When Vandenbrouck learned of his good fortune he was beside himself for joy. He has applied 1,700 francs of the prize to the liquidation of a mortgage on his house, and with the balance of the money he has bought stock for his shop, which is gradually being transformed into a shoe store.

DRACUT

VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT MEETING AT YELLOW MEETING HOUSE.

The Village Improvement association held a meeting Monday evening, in the vestry of the Yellow Meeting House. The meeting was called to order by the president of the association, Mr. S. R. Kitchen. Mrs. Granville Coburn, the secretary of the association, took the minutes of the meeting. The regular routine business of the hour was first transacted after which considerable discussion upon needed alterations and improvements in the village were indulged in. The subject of sidewalks, trees, streets, and street lamps was debated pro and con. The association has great plans for the raising of money for the carrying out of plans of the members and entertainments and other means of raising money were discussed. Committees were then appointed to look after the details of arranging for some events that are scheduled to take place in the near future. The following committees were chosen: Executive, S. R. Kitchen, Cyrus Udell, Mrs. Granville Coburn, Miss Jennie Fox, C. H. Stickney, R. S. Fox, George B. Coburn, William Miller and D. S. Fox; sidewalks, S. R. Kitchen, and R. S. Fox; on arrangements for entertainment to defray expenses, Cyrus Udell and Henry Peabody; shade trees, setting out, etc., C. H. Stickney and D. S. Fox; to solicit members, Mrs. Granville Coburn and Miss Jennie Fox.

The Y. P. S. C. E. connected with the Central Congregational church will hold a box party Wednesday evening at the home of Walter E. Harvey.

There will be a special business session of the Shiloh Literary Society Tuesday evening in the vestry of the Central church. A full attendance is desired as business of importance will come before the meeting.

REV. DR. CRANE

SPOKE OF SPIRITUAL CHIVALRY AT THE EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING.

The quarterly meeting of the Epworth league of St. Paul's church was held last evening and the members were addressed by Rev. Dr. Crane of East Boston, who spoke in part as follows:

"There are some people who think that the days of chivalry are past. The days of old chivalry are past but those of American chivalry are not. I am not one of those who believe in the passing of the glory of human strength, but the heroes of old are gone. He who is a hero today must be one in some other way than by his strong right arm. There are new outlets for heroism today. I want to speak tonight of the knights of the Nineteenth century.

"I would not have you for a moment think that there is anything wrong in developing your muscles. We should have come to consider these bodies as temples of the living God. A saint or scholar once had a stoop, a cough and a hectic flush. Those days are gone. The best Christians who live are men who care for their strength. I believe that the human body is divine. I believe in its resurrection.

If we could live in the altitudes where we could walk and talk with God, we might have the world under our feet. There are some benighted parts of the Christian community where people still believe that the young must be entertained to keep them in the church. The result has been a generation of grown-up babes who expect to have sweet morsels dropped in their mouths while they sit and think of nothing; otherwise they complain that the minister didn't say anything.

The memory of the greatest kings is passing away, yet the memory of one who died while He was not yet 33 years old is permeating the world. The cross of Jesus Christ can be lifted up today to soften and purify every meaner spirit with whom you come in contact."

During the evening a fine musical program was presented, several selections being rendered in chorus by the body.

BOWLING GOSSIP

The Games of This Week Will be Good.

IMPORTANT CONTESTS TO BE PLAYED

Which Will go Greatly to Decide Winners.

The past few days has been unseemingly quiet for the bowlers, who ever surprised themselves by their silence, while others stood by "harrowed with fear and wonder" at the unnatural condition of affairs with the enthusiasts of their chosen game. Last evening, however, the ball was again taken from its casing and outdid the famous sphere old spoken of by Rip Van Winkle upon his return to his home after the prolonged sleep. The pins were certainly not a match for the ball as the scores put up by the rollers at Miserables will show and the players never ceased in their efforts to roll up high totals. The new pins at these alleys, which have been the source of low scores previously, are now well "broken in" and not much difficulty is experienced in making them work according to the regulations governing the game.

The new duck pins and balls at Miserables have as yet remained untried by many who as soon as they become acquainted with the charm of the rolling of small balls will give up the game of big pins for good.

Joe McCaffrey and William Lawton are quiet adept at duck pin rolling—and there are others.

Joe Jordan's score of 118 with the duck pins at the Miserables remains unbeaten. Some players have gone to 110, while others have reached 114. A single string of 101 is frequent with some rollers who often receive that figure, but strange to relate they never go over it.

This stage of the tournament, in which local teams are interested shows the following situation:

The City League has for its leader the Live Oaks, who are folowed closely by the Favorites. The Young Fellows and Wamesits are "teetling" with the first place in their tournament at the Wamesit alleys, while hardly one of any of the teams of the High School tournament at Les Miserables know where they're at; but all are struggling to win. The Vespers and Highlands have equally good chances to win in their tournament, and the Vespers are well up in the inter-city games.

The Simpson & Rowland bowlers were the first team of players composed of members outside of those engaged in the Wamesit tournament to roll on the Wamesit alleys in a match game.

A MILLION DOLLAR ORDER.

The Stanley Electric Manufacturing company of Pittsfield has been awarded the contract to provide an entire electrical plant in Columbus, Ga. The plant is to provide motor, heating and lighting power for the entire city of Columbus. The Stanley concern secured the contract despite fierce competition from the General Electric and Westinghouse companies. The figures approximate nearly $1,000,000.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following have been elected officers of the Ladies' Charitable association of the Highland Congregational church: President, Mrs. C. E. Osgood; vice president, Mrs. W. Kimball; secretary, Mrs. E. E. Linnell; treasurer, Mrs. George Chase.

H. D. Malloy of Lowell worked the third degree on candidates at the meeting of Lawrence council, K. C., on Sunday afternoon.

John A. O'Hearn is in town after a three weeks' tour of New Hampshire and Vermont, in the interest of the Jamestown worsted mills of Jamestown N. Y. He will also represent Sondheim, Stein & Co., leading New York city manufacturers, in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

A reissue of pension has been granted Woodbridge W. Tuttle of Lowell.

ALLAN LINE

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Thursday, March 30, 12 noon. First Cabin, $47.25 to $60 single, $89.75 to $114 round trip. Second Cabin, $32.50; round trip, $61.75. Steerage, $25.50; prepaid, $24.50.

Glasgow and Boston, Via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $31.25 prepaid; Steerage, $24.00 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 92 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

BEEF, IRON AND WINE

A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,

217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—School children and news-boys earn money during spare time, selling two of the greatest discoveries of the age, one of which is needed in every household and factory in the land. Particulars at Macdonald's, 153 and 155 Adams street, Lowell, Mass.

500 MEN AND WOMEN wanted at once. To each person sanding for position, particulars and our full line of samples will be sent on receipt of 10 cents. Good average workers $35 a week. Arthur Wolforth, 203 Mulberry street, Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Horse and light team; must be cheap for cash. Address J. D., Sun office.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 454 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 82 Rock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 66 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 375 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nomen's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money and notes. Reward at 53 East Merrimack street.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farragut House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 189 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—5 acre farm on line of electrics, $10.00. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $4.50; also 5 good rooms, fine condition for $6.50. Save money by reducing rent. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel, P. O. Box 94, Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 716 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 222 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

We Sell Our
Watches
Cheaper Than Ever.
Save all that you can by coming to
LEGAULT & CO.
The Reliable Jewelers.
70 CENTRAL ST.

INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHTS

W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

NEW YORK HOTEL. 665 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c.; music; lunch 35c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No cooler, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant; rooms; popular prices; table d'hote lunch 35c.; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies Invigorate the system.

FOR SALE.

It is pleasanter to feel tip top than to feel at loggerheads with the world. Clear the head by using Dow's Menthol Cream. 10c. and 25c.

LOST—A large dog, light brown, streaked with black and white breast, large dark face. Finder will please notify L. R. Leland, 473 School St.

FOR SALE—A good lot of land on Highland avenue; 5000 feet. Lewis D. Gumb, 914 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—First class 2 tenement house on Shafter street, in good repair, 4500 feet of land. Price $2150. A. G. Beharrell, room 8, Bon Marche block.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Libby, 21 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $3500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 8 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 353 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house; good repair, large lot of land. Price $2200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 22 Middle street.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 158 Merrimack street.

ATTENTION—25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! Mrs. Dr. Florence, the eminent English palmist and spiritual clairvoyant, is in the city direct from her permanent headquarters in London, England, where her reputation is unequalled as life reader, guide and helper. To show her phenomenal power, will reduce her lowest fee to 25c up to Tuesday, Jan. 31st. Terms positively $2 and $3 afterwards. She will foretell your entire future; give full names, if marriages, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, business transactions, wills, mortgages, lost or absent friends; stolen property. Interest you, call at once on this gifted woman. She will tell you all about your business affairs, all about your love and domestic affairs. Causes speedy marriages, reunites the separated in seven days; locates buried treasures, mines and valuable ore in five days; gives you lucky days and numbers; no failure; to the sick, especially, her aid is priceless; also imparts the knowledge to every woman how to cure the drunkard in nine days. Private parlors, 153 Appleton street. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.; call mornings to avoid waiting.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to $5.00 pair.

SLEDS
For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for
25c. EACH
and upwards.

BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner, Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 166 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

Toilet Paper.
Full size—5 x 7 inches.
Full count—1000 sheets.
10c. per package.
3 packages, 25 cts.
13 packages, $1.00.
Packages either Banded or Wired or in Rolls.
This is a standard quality of stock, and at this size package is a bargain—though the prices are regular with us.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Our inventory is just taken and among other surprises

WE FOUND

3 cases of

White Domet Flannel

that we had overlooked during the season. We are going to take a loss on them, and sell them as quick as possible. They are a fine fleeced flannel that we had bought to retail 5c per yard, but we put them out tomorrow morning at

$2\frac{3}{4}$C PER YD.

That is the lowest price yet on a Domet Flannel of good quality, and it is a good bargain to start in the new business year.

Basement Dept.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

TEETH
$5 to $10 a Set
No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 26, 29, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

P. F. Devine's Branch, 82 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
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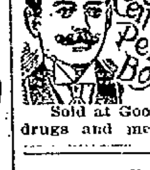

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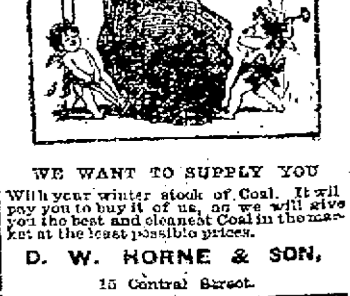

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THE LAUNCHING OF THE NEW SHAMROCK.

It Will Be Completed Time Enough to Enter Upon the Thames Races in March, and Will Try Speed with the Valkyrie III.

For deep, dark hide-bound mystery and difficulty of access there are no two places on the globe to-day that can compare with the Herreshoff yacht building works at Bristol, R. I., and the ship yards of Harland & Wolff, at Belfast, Ireland. For it is at the former place that the new America's cup defender is well under way, while in the Irish yards the challenging yacht Shamrock is beginning to take on something of the form, which, it is expected, will be powerful enough to take back to England the coveted trophy of the seas now in possession of the New York Yacht Club.

To the average man it would be quite as possible to walk up to the Llama of Thibit on a fine morning and offer to shake hands with him as it would be to enter either of the shipyards in question and take a look at either of the yachts now building for the cup races. Of course there is no end of speculation as to the various dimensions of the two craft and of the materials to be employed in their construction. But most of this is done at haphazard so far as dimensions are concerned, while as for the materials the only information usually obtainable is gained by watching the arrival of all the freight for the two yards and drawing conclusions from the size of the boxes or crates and the shipping marks upon them.

That even this is not always feasible may be judged from the care taken at the Herreshoff works where many of the consignments of materials arrive at night and even then by water that they may be landed directly at the construction docks. Similar care is taken to hide the progress of affairs at the Irish yard. And it is only by persistent inquiry and watchfulness that such information as is set forth here may be gathered.

There is one thing certain. No expense is spared in anything that concerns either of the boats; and if the owners of the challenging and defending yachts do not spend, between them, a quarter of a million of dollars in their chosen sport this season experts in yachting expenses will be very much out of the way in their guesses.

One marked difference between the first Defender and Defender No. 2—for up to the present no other name has been selected for the new yacht—is that while the former was generally regarded as a "racing machine," the boat now under way will be capable of going across and doing some racing in England and perhaps the Mediterranean after the cup races are over in these waters. On racing length, water line, the new defender, it is declared will not measure more than 89 feet 6 inches, while from tip of bowsprit to end of main boom she is likely to be 125 feet long. Her draught will be about 19 feet 7 inches.

Two sets of sails will be made as for the first Defender. Ramie cloth was among the samples received at the sail loft last month, but whether this or heavy duck is the material selected cannot be ascertained. Silk is said to be far too light, and, therefore, out of the question. One, if not both sets of sails, will be made in the new loft just created by the Herreshoffs on Burnside street. The set designed by Whitman is thought to be of the irregular, i. e., cross-cut pattern, from leech to luff, instead of from boom to gaff, as "Captain" Nat has not yet lost faith in this style which he tried against Valkyrie three years ago.

The Defender's successor, from stem to stern, will not be so long over all as the vanquisher of Valkyrie III. She will show less floor surface, a more rounded bow, a shorter stern overhang, and a bigger bulb keel.

In each successive Herreshoff sailing creation, heretofore, as the forefoot was cut away, removing weight from the bow the mast has been removed sternward to conform with the location of the lead, the greatest weight of which has been amidships. The excision in the new Defender of perhaps three feet from the overhang, which detracts from the beauty of the old Defender's bow, the bringing of more key weight forward and placing the big mast of Oregon pine about half a foot nearer the bow, is expected to allow a larger sail spread on a given length and consequently more speed.

The chief difference in the keels of the two defenders will be found more in the distribution of weight than in the shape or weight of the fin bulbs, though the Shamrock's antagonist will have more lead in her keel than was first anticipated. Present indications point to about sixty-five tons. An actual measurement of the upper part of the keel mould, now ready for casting, shows a length of twenty-nine feet ten inches, tapering, as already stated, from bow to stern.

The initial work on the actual building of the new boat, which is the casting of the lead keel, depended entirely on the progress of the work on the hull of the old Defender, which has been hauled out for repairs in the South shop. The completion of that marks the beginning of the new Defender, a great portion of the frame and plating for which are now in the yard at Bristol.

The material of which the new cup defender will be built is a subject of much discussion. As the whole matter is shrouded in mystery and known only to the chosen few, speculation is rife as to what material will be used. In view of past experiences, a number of prominent yachtsmen are of the opinion that the boat will be built of bronze.

They argue that if the boat is built, topsides, bottom and all, of Tobin bronze, there would be no danger of corrosion and consequent breakage, and, in addition, the wiseacres say, the speed of the boat ought to be added to. If Tobin bronze bottom plates lessen the skin friction, side plates ought to have the same effect. The full benefit of a minimum degree of friction where the hull alone is of bronze is gained only when the yacht is sailing before the wind.

As the question of economy does not enter into the contest in any way, it is safe to assume that the two yachts will be the best that money and brains can produce. Reasoning on these lines points to the conclusion of a bronze boat. That bronze is the best metal this country can produce for the purpose has been demonstrated by the record of the Tobin bronze Vigilant.

She has been thoroughly tried in every way, and her seagoing qualities are on a par with her racing abilities. She has crossed the ocean twice, making the trips in faster time than was ever made by any other craft under yawl rig; she has been ashore twice, and twice grounded on rocks, yet it is understood that she is today as stanch as the day she was launched. It is altogether reasonable to suppose, therefore, that the new boat will be built of the same metal as the Vigilant, and it will be surprising if she is not bronze from the top of her lead keel to the last stroke of her topsides.

Stripped of technical terms as much as possible, it can be safely said that in model the new boat will be an improved Defender, but will approach more nearly the fin-keel type. She will have about the same or possibly a little less beam, and will have a flatter floor and a more rounded side. This at once gives a boat of less displacement than Defender, and, at the same time, with more power. As compared with Defender, the new boat should show an improvement in reaching and also in work down the wind with spinnaker set. The latter point of sailing was certainly not Defender's strong one.

The new Defender should surely be faster than the old craft on her elements and in the changes made. How much, practical tests only will tell. She should be better on all points of sailing, and, with stronger rigging and construction and an increased sail area, she will be better able to stand much harder driving than the old boat in severe weather. The new yacht should be able to make the best showing ever made by a defending yacht thus far built. Twelve thousand square feet in her working sails will not be far off the area of the new yacht's clothing.

Of the Shamrock there is less definite information than may be obtained regarding the Herreshoff boat. Sir Thomas Lipton, her owner, in a recent interview, was profuse in glittering generalities about where the boat was to be built (a fact already well known), who her skipper was to be and that he hoped to have her ready by the time the British yachting season opened in April for some trial races before she sailed for New York.

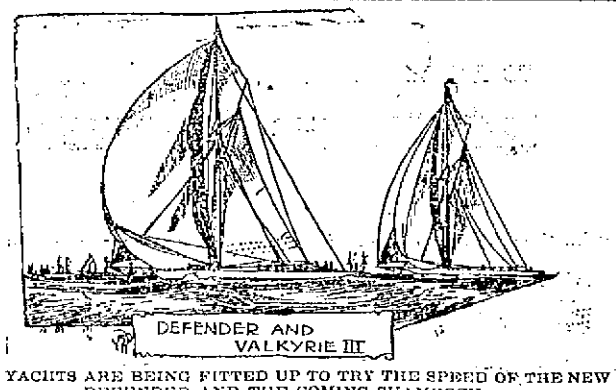
But, as for anything that will give even an approximate "line" on the capabilities of the Shamrock as compared with the new craft, Sir Thomas was as dumb as the oyster of the proverb.

The plans for the Shamrock indicate that she will be launched toward the end of March and that her fitting out will be completed early, enough in April for her to enter in the Thames matches. From there she will go around to the Clyde and then cross over to Ireland for the Bangor regattas. She will sail for the United States, during July, under yawling.

Both the new boats need "trial horses," and, for the purpose of getting a line on the Shamrock, the Valkyrie III. will be fitted out and raced against her. For a similar purpose here the old Defender will be used, taking the place occupied by the Vigilant before the cup races of 1895.

Next to the boats themselves the yachting public takes the greatest interest in the men in charge of them. Whichever boat is selected to defend the cup will be sailed under the direction of Captain "Hank" Haff, and his famous suspenders will once more be the cynosure of the thousands of pairs of eyes that will witness the races. Captain "Charlie" Barr is to sail the old Defender in the trial races, Captain Haff being at the wheel of the new boat. When the Defender is finally selected Captain Barr will assist Captain Haff in handling her.

On the Shamrock Captain "Archie" Hogarth, the former skipper of the racing cutter Isolde, will be in command, with Captain "Ben" Parker, the skipper of the Meteor, the Emperor William's yacht, as assistant. The Shamrock's crew is to number forty men. That of the American boat will probably be even larger.



DEFENDER AND VALKYRIE III

THESE YACHTS ARE BEING FITTED UP TO TRY THE SPEED OF THE NEW DEFENDER AND THE COMING SHAMROCK.

THE DUKE IN UNIFORM.

THE YOUNG DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH AS PAYMASTER GENERAL OF THE ARMY BEARS A STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO THE GREAT DUKE WHO OCCUPIED A SIMILAR POSITION.

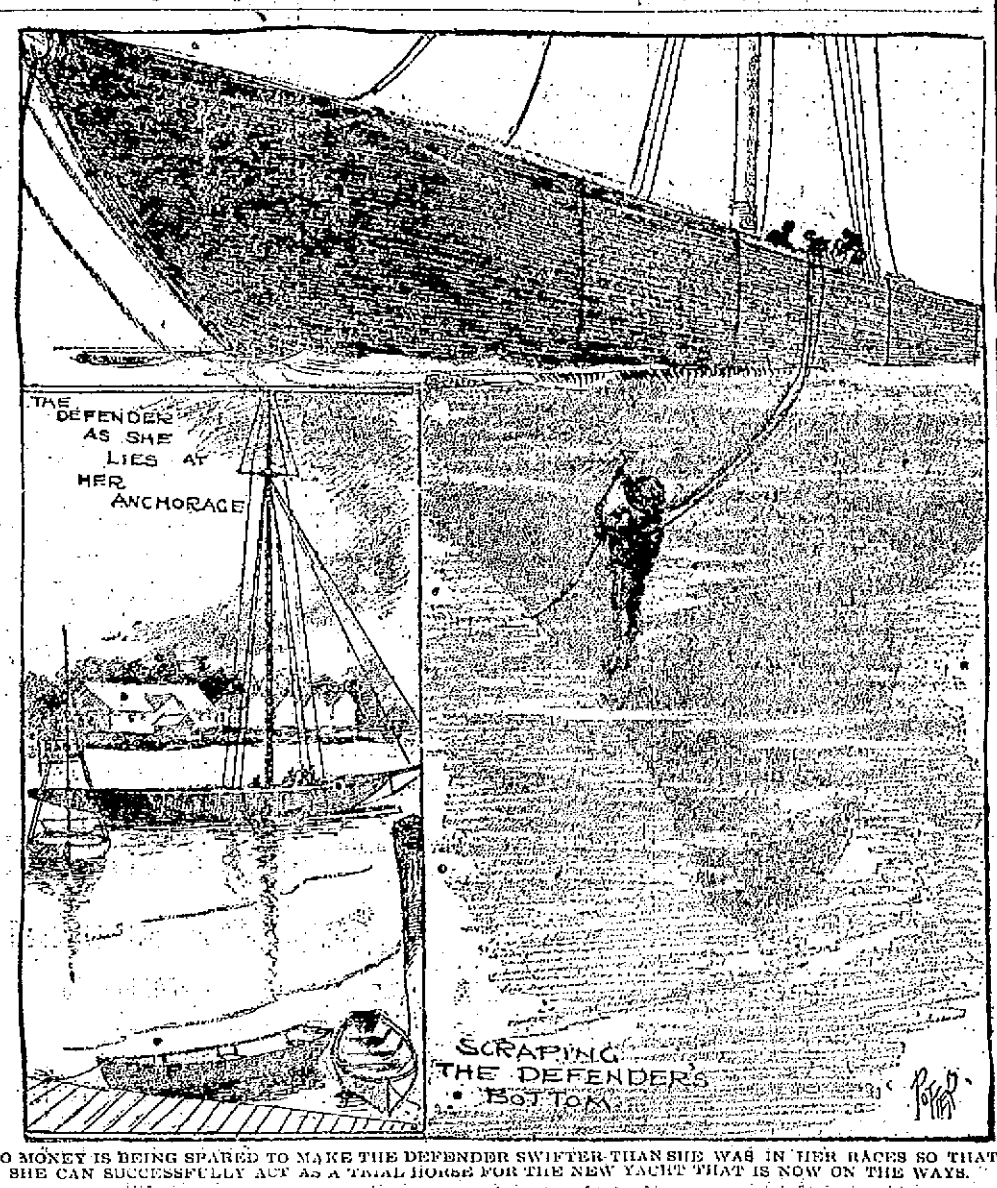
THE DECISION OF THE MARIA TERESA.

She Has, Herself, Settled the Dispute of the Students of Four Centuries.

In choosing her resting place on Cat Island the Maria Teresa has taken it upon herself apparently to settle a point which has of late years been in dispute—that is, the exact island of the Bahama group first seen by Columbus. The records of the first voyage of Columbus state that he first saw land at an island "called by the natives Guanhani, but which he named San Salvador." An island of the Bahama group called by the settlers there Cat Island was identified early as San Salvador, and until recently here that name on all maps.

Humboldt and Washington Irving both investigated the matter and both were satisfied that the island pointed out by tradition was the right one. Then came the iconoclasts who began to get up theories disproving the old and generally accepted theories. They tried to prove several islands other than Cat Island to be the original San Salvador.

Old skippers who for many years have sailed from the coasts of North America to the coasts of South America have shaken their heads and said, "No, no!" refusing to give any other explanation than that, from what they knew of the region, they thought that Cat Island was the place.



THE DEFENDER AS SHE LIES AT HER ANCHORAGE

SCRAPING THE DEFENDER'S BOTTOM

NO MONEY IS BEING SPARED TO MAKE THE DEFENDER SWIFTER THAN SHE WAS IN HER RACES SO THAT SHE CAN SUCCESSFULLY ACT AS A TRIAL HORSE FOR THE NEW YACHT THAT IS NOW ON THE WAYS.

THE STORY OF AN ENGLISH HOUSE.

The Young Duke Has Been Appointed to the Post So Long Occupied by His Great Ancestor, the First Duke.

There may never come to the present Duke of Marlborough a great deal of glory from the post of Paymaster General, to which he has just been appointed under the Government, nor very much work. But it is certain that there never will result from it such a cloud of scandal as that which has always hovered over the record of his illustrious ancestor, the great Duke, through his occupation of that same office, among many others, when he was commander in chief of the British forces of his time.

It is one of the penalties of belonging to one of the great ducal families of England that all of its members must always live in something of that white light which beats round the throne and on those near it, and it is also one of the penalties, particularly of the Marlborough family, that their finances should always be, practically, a matter of public interest.

This was lamentably true of the first the great Duke, and has been always since of the succeeding heirs to that position.

The change in the fortunes of the Marlboroughs began when the last, the eighth duke of that name, married Mrs. Hamersley, of New York, who, after his death, became the wife of Lord Charles Beresford, and they received additional help from the fortunes of the Vanderbilts, which the present duke gained by his marriage with the daughter of that house.

In discussing the financial as well as the personal character of the great Duke and the present bearer of that name, it is scarcely possible to find a greater contrast than these two men present. And it is curious to remark how in both their lives, as in almost every case, the fortunes of the several Dukes of Marlborough have been helped by the women they have married. The great Duke's reputation before the building of Blenheim began was an extremely shady one, so far as finances went, to say the least of it. And the building of Blenheim makes a long and extraordinary chapter in the history of John Churchill and his remarkable wife.

Blenheim is the only non-royal or non-Episcopal house in Great Britain which is called a "palace." The old acts of Parliament and settlements carefully refer to it as a "house," but in popular nomenclature it become, from the beginning, a palace. There are other residences of English nobles which excel it from many points of view, but they remain castles, or abbeys, or halls, while it is only Blenheim which one thinks of and speaks of as a "palace."

For the building of Blenheim, which is part of a whole royal domain that was taken bodily from the Crown and given to the victor of the Field of Ramilies as a testimonial of the Nation's regard, the great Duke and his wife got between them about $6,000,000 from the royal treasury to lay out an edifice and the estate. It is estimated from their collected savings, bribe-takings and other profits of office, the total amount of which no one has ever pretended to sum up, they devoted about $250,000 of what they called their own money to the work, as well.

Marlborough himself died before the huge structure had reached habitable stage. For nearly twenty years thereafter his widow struggled stormily with the task, fighting with her architect, robbing builders and inciting workmen to mob violence against their employers, and, on the whole, conducting as exciting and prolonged a campaign of battles, sieges and fierce surprises among the long corridors of scaffolding and in the stonemasons' yards as her husband had waged on the battlefields of the Continent.

When the old Duchess died, in 1711, she had worked herself around into a state of hostility toward Blenheim and its occupants, which was a curious contrast to her early interest in the work—a work that was practically the whole ambition of her life. And so strongly did this feeling develop that in her old age she began to divest Blenheim of everything that the law left her free to take, with a view to making the Althorp, home of the Spencer branch of the family, richer than that of the Marlboroughs at Woodstock. To this end she left all her own large portion to her young grandson by her will and every acre of land which had not been specifically entailed by Parliament, or the Duke's will, upon the Blenheim branch.

Notorious as were the previous records of the great Duke's financial dealings, they all pale into insignificance when compared with those which directly concerned the building of the palace of Blenheim by artisans under the direction of Sir John Vanbrugh, one of the most famous architects of his time.

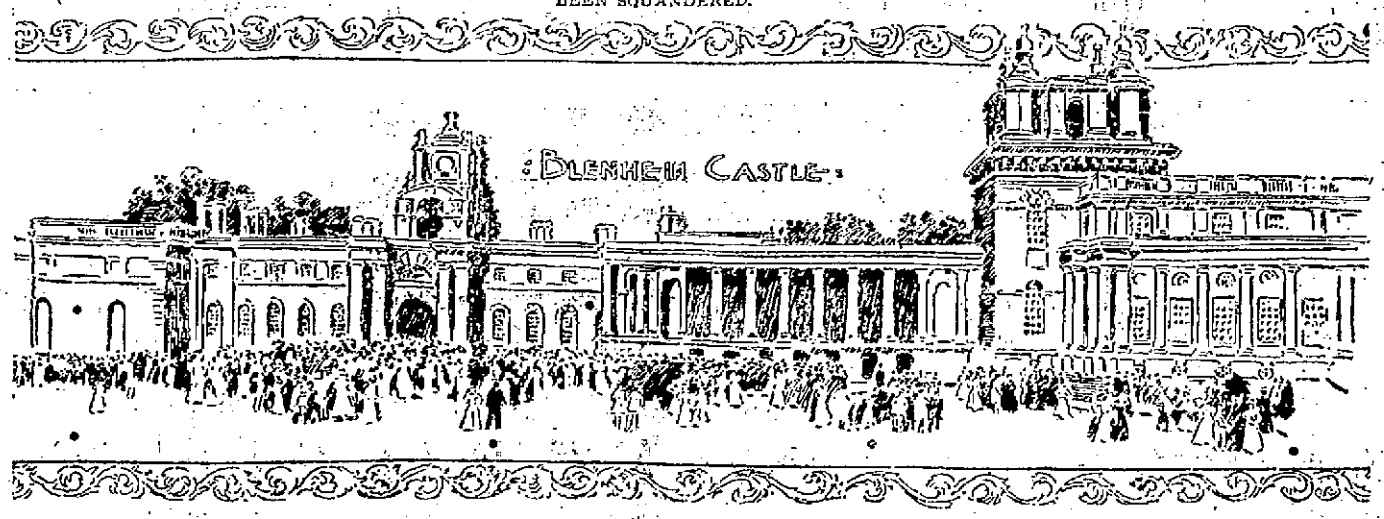
Vanbrugh has always been the reputed architect of Blenheim, but from his letters it appears that the design of the palace was suggested by the original Duke of Marlborough. There is no question of the fact that Vanbrugh did a great deal of work upon it, nor that the first scandal over the construction of the building arose from his being stopped in his work by the non-payment of the laborers in his employ.

The gossips were rolling the morsel over when George I. ascended the throne. As an evidence of the esteem in which he held the Marlboroughs, the King declared the debt of the laborers to be the debt of the Crown; and he magnificently paid for it out of the public funds. The workmen insisted on receiving the money through their employer, Vanbrugh, and, though the Duke would not hear of this at first, the workmen eventually had their way in the matter.

For a few years the work progressed smoothly, and then the laborers struck again for non-payment of wages. This time the renewal of scandal was too much for the British public, and further grants to the Marlboroughs from the public purse were out of the question. With his usual keen eye to his own pocket, the Duke compromised with the laborers for one-third the sum due them. And then he was compelled to finish the structure out of his own funds. Thus Blenheim, which was intended as a testimonial of a nation's esteem, ended by being paid for, in a certain way, by the Duke himself. It is not at all clear that any of these last debts were ever settled by the ducal builder.

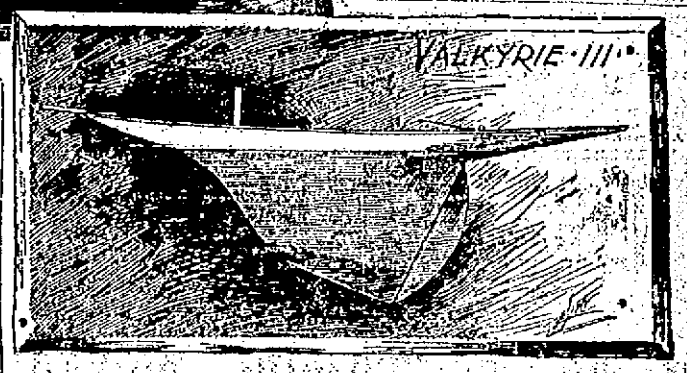
Upon this turn of affairs Vanbrugh appealed to the courts for payment of the sums due him from the owners of Blenheim. No specific sum had been voted by Parliament for the palace, and a tedious litigation ensued. The Duke died before it ended, but his shrewish wife contrived a counter plot to that of Vanbrugh's in an endeavor to turn the responsibility upon him. The amount claimed by the architect was 2,000 pounds sterling. And, though the case was decided in his favor, he never lived to receive the money due him. Enraged by his victory, the Duchess engaged Sir Christopher Wren to finish the house. At the end Vanbrugh found himself not only hopelessly ruined financially, but also with a reputation that was practically ruined. His attempt to bring ruin on the Marlborough family cost him very dearly.

A CLOSE VIEW OF THE GREAT PALACE AT WOODSTOCK OVER WHICH KINGS HAVE QUARRELED AND UPON WHICH KINGS' RANSOMS HAVE BEEN SQUANDERED.



AMERICAN MILLIONS HAVE FITTED OUT THIS GREAT HOUSE WITH ALL THE MODERN MARVELS OF ELECTRICITY. TELEPHONES, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND STEAM HEAT NOW MAKE IT COMFORTABLE FOR ITS AMERICAN MISTRESS AND HER AMBITIOUS YOUNG HUSBAND.

THESE DIAGRAMS SHOW THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALKYRIE II AND VALKYRIE III.



THE VALKYRIE III UNDER WATER.

THE SCIENCE OF CLEOPATRA.

Reading the Foot by the Shape Has Become a Society Pastime.

A shaded lamp sent up a steady, yellow glow toward the ceiling of a student's rooms, evidently a student of human nature, for, around the room underneath the ceiling, on a narrow shelf, and upon this shelf were casts of hands and feet, of arms and heads, of limbs and spinal columns—all the parts of the human frame.

At the table where the lamp stood sat a student, busily writing. "I'm writing for posterity," he said, as a friend was shown into the room. "I'm getting up a new science. Ask for it in the book stores six months from now. 'Pedistry, the Science of the Foot,' and you will be handed a bulky volume.

"What will be in it? The first steps and the ultimate workings of a science as exact as that of palmistry. They say palmistry is lost to us now. Pedistry is newly found. It was an art in the days of Cleopatra when the Queen extended her dainty sandal to be read by the wise women of Rome. It will be an art again.

"Listen while I read you extracts from one of my chapters, condensing as I go along. You will wonder when I tell you that a society woman always has a short, fat foot. If she is ill her foot may be thin to sympathize with her body. But it will still be fuller in proportion than it ought to be to fit a Venus de Milo statue. The short, fat foot denotes good nature, deliberate movements and grace. The shorter the foot the better the social qualities of the woman. Short-footed women are quick, pleasing talkers. They are accomplished. They are good home women and they have the peculiar facility of looking pretty. They are womanly women. Mrs. Cleveland's foot draws a 'C' width, but can be crowded into a three length.

"Not so the straight-footed woman. She is the woman of talent. Her foot looks beautiful in a shoe, for it lies flat along the sole and refreshes you when it peeps out from her gown. But this long, narrow foot means talent, and the owner has a more or less amiable disposition according to how the wind is that day.

"Actresses have these feet. Bernhardt's is not wider than two straws. You wonder that stage women walk so gracefully and present such bewitching glimpses of foot from under their flowing robes. It is because they have the long, supple, talented foot. It can glide like a cat's foot. The talented foot can and should wear the sandal.

"Lazy women seldom have little feet. Their feet draw a long shoe, but it is because of the selfish big toe. This toe is much longer than the other toes and destroys great thought of self. Such women can wear pointed-toe shoes, for that big big toe sets well into the point of the shoe. Their feet look smaller than they really are. You will often see a selfish woman with a foot pulling a nine-inch last; yet so pointed are her toes that her foot passes for a dribbling little affair. This opinion she promotes by declaring that the long, pointed toes of her shoes are stuffed with cotton.

"As an aside, but a proof of this assertion, I will cite a case upon the medical records of New York city. A woman with such a foot applied to a surgeon to have her big toes cut off. She said, with these removed she could wear a No. 3 shoe. At present she required a No. four. The surgeon refused to perform the operation. The third doctor to whom she applied cut them off, and, after learning to walk, the woman proudly sallied forth in No. 3 shoes. This illustrates the vanity and selfishness of a big-toed woman.

"The useful women have flat feet, rather broad. Like horses' hoofs they are serviceable for working purposes, and have great endurance. They are prosaic and lacking in sentimental emotions, though capable of a dog-like affection. Such feet never rest. The peculiarity of the working foot is that the heel is smaller than the foot by comparison. A narrow heel that slips in the shoe and a low instep generally go with a broad working foot. These feet do not take the very large shoes of the stores. They need the wide ones but not the long ones. Ellen Terry has the broad foot.

"The athletic foot is to my eye the loveliest of all. It has the grace of a fawn's leg. The foot is a continuation of the ankle and calf, so narrow and delicate is it in its stockings.

"The athletic foot is the one that calls for the No. 4 shoe, but if athletic women would have their shoes made to order for them they need not wear such big ones. The athletic foot is very long, but its heel is straight. Most shoes have a rounding heel extending back of the foot. The athletic foot is chopped off, as it were, at the back. With a shoe made to fit this peculiarity that immensely long look would disappear.

"The athletic foot is, unfortunately, for pointed-toed shoes, pretty even as to the length of toes. It is an Aphrodite foot, and might easily be fitted to a Greek statue. Women who have these feet are not very domestic, though extremely pleasant companions. The eccentric ankle, as broad as the instep, shows lack of conventionality.

SKATING RINKS ON THE ROOF.

Like Roof Gardens, They Seem Impossible at First and Dangerous.

The roof garden now looks pale and wind-blown. But in its place there is coming something delightful as interesting as the roof garden, and fully as enjoyable. This is the roof skating rink, and it is planned so that it exists where the garden formerly was, just as the skating rink of the back yard takes the place of aster and mignonette.

For the roof garden the tin roof was shifted over and made into a secure floor. For the skating rink this is removed and the plain tin roof is left. Should the tin roof be more than ordinarily sloping the boards are left in it. But this makes extra work for those who flood the roof.

The scheme is this, according to a man who prepares these roof-rinks: At the first frosty night several buckets of water are carried to the roof and poured slowly over it. Next day more are added. And by this time the roof has a decided coat of ice. This is increased by having water poured on again the next night and the following day. By adding a few pails at a time a very nice smooth surface is secured. It takes about three days to prepare a roof. And when once done the ice seldom melts during the very cold weather, as its exposed position makes it very cold.

Rains, snow and very high winds act upon the roof-rink just as they do upon a lake. They roughen its surface. After a storm it is necessary for the one who takes care of the rink to go over it—as they do in large skating lakes—with watering pot filling up the cracks in the ice and removing rough places. This is not a great deal of work and repays the skaters well.

When roof gardens were first started in England by Lady Henry Somerset, and in New York by Miss Georgia Cayvan, they were ridiculed as being too dangerous for enjoyment, and surely fatal to many persons who would walk off accidentally. But several years of roof-gardening have failed to show the record of a single accident; and it has come to a pass now that tenants of fashionable parts of the city ask the agents of large apartment houses if there are roof gardens for use in the hot months. They insist upon them.

Of course there must be a railing around the roof. The one built for the roof garden answers nicely; and where a very fine rink is wanted there may be a little ledge built around the roof to admit of flooding it. The usefulness of the drain pipes is not interfered with, as there is an ornament built around the opening; or a rustic chair left from summer is placed over it. Chimneys and ornamental structures upon the roof are made the cosy nooks where a cup of tea can be obtained and where biscuit and thin sandwiches are dispensed. Chinese lanterns shed light upon dark nights and a few tree or two makes the scene very fairylike. If the plans of certain young women living near Central Park, New York city, are carried out, "New York from the house tops" will be as charming in winter as in summer.

CLOCKS IN BIG BUILDINGS.

Occupants of high buildings are annoyed by the frequent stoppage of their pendulum clocks. It is caused by the shiver, the constant vibration of the buildings. Many a pendulum clock that has kept accurate time for years in old, low structures has refused to move when removed into one of the new, tall buildings. On the lower floors of the buildings the clocks run fairly well, but higher up in the buildings they become whimsical, and on the top floors they will not run at all. A St. Louis man has a pendulum clock in the tower of a tall building which has not done an honest day's work since he moved in the new offices. The pendulum swings continually, but only from the vibration of the building, as the clock has not been wound for weeks. Useless to wind it, for it would not keep time.

A NEW YEAR PICTURE OF THE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG DUCHESS.

WEALTHIER THAN THE FIRST DUCHESS AND MORE BEAUTIFUL STILL HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO EXERT A GREATER AND BETTER INFLUENCE UPON ENGLISH SOCIETY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Having obtained a legal separation from my wife, Mary Hayes, I hereby notify all dealers that I will no longer be responsible for any bills of her contracting.

Jan. 30, 1899. THOMAS A. HAYES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Donnalon, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

A BIG SUGAR DEAL.

We have made a big contract with the sugar trust. 18 pounds of the best granulated sugar for $1 and 100 pound bags or over at wholesale prices. Dickson Bros., 63 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Poems, Novels, 15 cents at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

WANTED—An intelligent Catholic young lady. A good talker to take orders. Address D, Sun office.

Reduced prices on suits, overcoats and trousers at Gorman's and Sullivan's, tailors, 25 Palmer street.

John A. Tyrrell of 481 Lawrence street has been recently appointed a licensed auctioneer and appraiser.

NEXT WEEK SATURDAY IS QUARTER DAY AT WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT. 273 CENTRAL STREET.

Don't pay $50 or $60 for a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine on instalments when you can buy one for $20 cash at Harris', 10 Appleton St.

Mr. J. T. Noble of this city, well-versed in textile matters, appeared in Boston, to-day, before the State legislature, speaking in the interest of the Lowell Textile school of which he is a warm champion.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Thos. C Lee & Co., the well known insurance firm will remove to 52 Central street over the hardware store of H. B. Shattuck & Son, Feb. 1st. In addition to their extensive fire insurance business they will carry the additional lines of employers' liability and boiler insurance, as well as furnishing bonds for persons in positions of trust.

ALDERMEN SOLEY

DIED FROM INJURIES RECEIVED YESTERDAY MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Alderman John Soley of Chelsea, well known about Boston and vicinity as a building mover, died at his home in Chelsea last evening as the direct result of an injury he received during the morning at Lockwood's pier in East Boston.

Mr. Soley was engaged with a gang of his men in lifting some heavy machinery and placing it aboard the new city ferryboat, Noddle Island. During this work, a heavy rope snapped under the great strain and the flying end knocked Mr. Soley's feet from under him. He struck heavily upon the back of his head and was rendered unconscious. Later he revived and was driven to his home in Chelsea in a carriage. He was able to walk into his own home and a physician who was called declared he would probably be all right in a few days. Late in the afternoon he suddenly became worse and relapsed into unconsciousness. He died about 8 in the evening.

SALARIES REDUCED

MAYOR QUINCY NOTIFIES HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Mayor Quincy in a letter sent to heads of departments yesterday said: "I desire distinctly to disclaim any intention of expressing or implying the opinon that the scale of compensaton now paid by the city is too high or that it can be reduced with justice or with real advantage. My position is merely that this measure of reduction is necessary under the financial conditions which confront the city. You are, therefore, directed to proceed at once to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all salaries paid in your department of $1000 a year or more, and of 5 per cent. in all salaries amounting to $700 a year and not exceeding $1000, and also to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all wages amounting to $3.25 per day or more, and of 5 per cent. in all wages not less than $2.50 a day and not exceeding $3.25 per day.

"It is expected that the reductions above called for will be made on the next pay roll upon which it is practicable to make the necessary alterations in compensation. While I have no legal authority to order the reduction of salaries paid to heads of departments and established by statute or by ordinance, it is obvious that the same considerations which require the decreases above mentioned also demand a voluntary reduction, in the same ratio, in the salaries received by such officials. They are, therefore, requested and expected to have their own rate of compensation placed upon the pay roll with a reduction of 7½ per cent.

Yours respectfully,
JOSIAH QUINCY, Mayor.

Dr. Cotton DENTIST 31 MERRIMACK ST.

L. A. W. MATTERS

Will It Drop Racing Next Season?

SPECULATION ON THIS QUESTION.

What the Leaders Say on the Matter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Judging from the widespread interest that was taken last week in the bicycle show, the opinion prevails that cycling will experience a marked popularity this season over the somewhat depressed conditions that prevailed last year, when the bicycle lost ground. Undoubtedly the war had its effect and both the recreative and sporting sides of cycling suffered an appreciable loss of favor with the public. Should the L.A.W. wisely decide to retire from the racing game, allowing the N.C.A. unobstructed progress, the pioneer organization, by devoting its entire time to touring, road improvement, cycle path construction and matters of that sort, would accomplish much to revive and stimulate action in the ranks of the many thousands who evince only a passing regard in the competitive form of the pastime.

What will be done at the National Assembly at Providence, on February 8th, is of more vital import to the L.A.W. than to the N.C.A. The logic of this, in view of recent happenings, is such as to commend itself to the serious thinking members who have the real welfare of the league at heart. The line of argument on which the racing faction of the league is expending its ammunition consists of trying to convey the impression that, under the existing situation, it looks as though the league were retiring under fire and with colors dragging.

While it may appear that the league in surrendering racing, is admitting defeat, it should also be remembered that three years ago I. B. Potter strongly advocated the divorce of the sport from the league, and in the Baltimore National assembly the New York division voted as a unit on a proposed amendment to this effect.

Ever since the league leaders in this state have shaved this idea with the pro-racing element, gradually has been practically eradicated. At the December session of the Board of Officers, the state racing board was abolished and following the policy which was instituted at Baltimore, the Empire state delegation at Providence again will fight for what it considers to be the best advantage of the league.

In many other states, similar ideas prevail, and there is scarcely any doubt that a majority of the delegates at Providence will go there intending to vote for the divorce of racing. Whether the specious arguments of the pro-racing contingent composed, for the most part, of those will be benefitted financially by the league's dabbling in racing, will have any effect in the discussion of Sterling Elliott's amendment remains to be seen.

What success the league would have if it continued to bother with the sport is problematical. That it might contribute a battle of some pretensions is admitted even by the N.C.A. adherents, who, however, do not fear but that it will be a case of the survival of the fittest. The league is not constructed for permanent government of racing control and its jurisdiction in the past has been considered by many as being a matter of necessity and not of real desire.

In England and France the big cycling organizations have nothing to do with racing and there is no reason why the same plan could not prevail in the United States. The N.C.A. is organing cycle sport and a season of racing will demonstrate whether or not this body will prove competent to meet the requirements. Should it fail, then there would be a willing return to league direction a year hence.

LOWELL MAN

TO INVESTIGATE SOMERSWORTH MACHINE COMPANY AFFAIRS.

The creditors of the Somersworth Machine Company which failed a short time ago as the result of the previous assignment of the Sawyer Woolen Mills Company, have appointed Charles H. Fish of Dover, N. H., R. M. Boutwell of Lowell, and J. O. Henshaw of Boston a committee to investigate the affairs of the company, to report as soon as possible. Figures which have been submitted to the creditors show that the liabilities of the company aggregate $298,115, and the assets $118,955. This does not include real estate, which is entered upon the books as valued at $103,152, but upon which the assignee is unable to place any value at present.

The creditors have authorized Assignee B. Frank Nealley to operate the stove department of the plant, if he deems it expedient to do so.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Just a Cough

Not worth paying attention to, you say. Perhaps you have had it for weeks.

It's annoying because you have a constant desire to cough. It annoys you also because you remember that weak lungs is a family failing.

At first it is a slight cough.
At last it is a hemorrhage.
At first it is easy to cure.
At last, extremely difficult.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

quickly conquers your little hacking cough.

There is no doubt about the cure now. Doubt comes from neglect.

For over half a century Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been curing colds and coughs and preventing consumption. It cures Consumption also if taken in time.

Keep one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs if you cough.

Shall we send you a book on this subject, free?

Our Medical Department.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Home club of Lawrence and a picked team from this city calling themselves the Belvideres and captained by John Mellen whose aggregation of bowlers have startled Lowell and Lawrence also for the past several years, played a highly interesting game on the Palace alleys in Lawrence last night and the latter team was beaten by 10 pins. The first string opened with strikes for Wilson and Dow and McCormack and Horn spared. Robinson and Campbell broke and the Home club finished in the lead for the frame by Day and Pond striking and Fee breaking and Mellen missing. This made things about even and neither gained any great advantage in the other nine boxes at the end of the first string, the score being 740—740. The second string was faint for the Belvideres, who went 56 pins below their opponents in score and they could not overcome the lead sufficiently in the third to win although they rolled a higher total in the third string than the Lawrence team. The score:

Home Club—Dow, 474; Horn, 437; Robinson, 432; Day, 505; Pond, 474; totals, 2343.

Belvideres—Wilson, 549; McCormack, 402; Campbell, 476; Fee, 460; Mellen, 445; totals, 2332.

A continuation of the inter club contests of the Highland and Vesper clubs last night pushed the Highlands ahead o fthe Vespers. Kittredge was high roller.

The first and second teams of High school boys played at Les Miserables alleys yesterday afternoon and the former team won by 68 pins. Kelley broke Harmon's individual record of 488, going it nine pins better. The score:

Team One—Kelley, 488; Harmon, 433; Conant, 399; Davis, 370; Brady, 246; totals, 1935.

Team Two—Bagley, 348; O'Brien, 420; Church, 436; Bruce, 315; Loughlin, 359; totals, 1878.

Mr. Charles Tyrrell of Gorham street is recovering from his recent indisposition.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE WOMENS CLUB

Miss Thompson Lectures on Teutons.

THEIR CHARACTERISTICS AND INSTITUTIONS.

Second Lecture of the History Course.

Miss Anna B. Thompson delivered the second lecture in the course on history before the Middlesex Women's club, yesterday afternoon. She spoke of the race characteristics of the Teutons and the world, their earliest deeds as seen in contact with Rome.

American history of today, said Miss Thompson, is simply a play on the ancient history of Rome. There is a great historical wave passing over the world, that is of the masses. It was begun by the German philosophers in the last century. It shows us that God appears as the evolution. It is the teaching of evolution, the one important thing to study in the phenomenal world. Yet history does not give us concrete rules, for conditions are never the same. It simply shows us the direction the world is tending. There has been no fitting history written for the elementary schools of the day. Woman is not recognized as the political unit. The intellectual study should show us where the world is tending.

American history should be our first duty. We should study carefully just what our station is in the world. To fill it adequately, the aim of our lives. What is our station in life? We are a wandering people, and God has given the world into our hands. We are living in the earliest age of migration. The first epoch was the Grecian and then the Roman, then the Columbian and fourth the American cause. We are still colonizing Africa, the islands of the Pacific, and in the next 1000 years there will be no more places to colonize. The problem then will be economic and social and how to get food.

The Gaelic war was one of the shaping forces of the world. Not only did Caesar conquer the Gaul, but Romanized him as well. This was one of the turning points of the world's History. The customs of the early Greeks and the Teutons were next compared, showing the greater simplicity of the former. But the latter believed in a greater personal liberty and all their institutions show it. The fundamental problem of the hour is how much shall I give to the development of my own personality. The Greeks and Romans cared more for the state than for the individual. Modern history teaches us that Jesus preached the immortality of the soul. Individuality is the special task of the Teutons, not art, science or conquest. The Czar of Russia in his recent proposition for a disarmament of the nations of the world is the first step in the one great unity that is prophesied to be one of the results that is to come. We Americans are not wide awake enough, and far from being the equal of the Greeks. Morally we are the highest that the world has yet seen.

The lecture proved decidedly interesting and instructive and besides this Miss Thompson kindly consented to stay over one train and thus the club members were given an added pleasure of a chance of asking any and all questions at the conclusion of her delightful talk.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY DISCUSSED ANNEXATION RESOLVE.

The North Chelmsford debating society connected with the Congregational church of the town last night discussed in the church the resolve "That the annexation of North Chelmsford to Lowell would be detrimental to the town." About 75 young people were present and listened attentively to the arguments of the affirmative and negative sides.

Arthur Salmon led for the affirmative and Principal Trueby of the North Chelmsford school said:

It is not a question simply for entertainment, he said, but it concerns the whole welfare of the community. On a rainy, muddy night would it not be to our advantage to have good sidewalks and well paved streets? With our dark streets compare this town with the well lighted streets of yonder city. Take it in summer when it is warm weather would it not be better if we had the ideal sewerage of the city? Would not this town with the addition of city conveniences become the ideal residence section of the enlarged city? Would not the young men and women have advantages now denied them? I might mention the educational advantages in the schools and city library. If we were a part of the city of Lowell how long would it be before that bridge would be built? The resolution speaks of the future most particularly. It is the future we care for even as we do for the present.

Among those who spoke on the question were E. D. Swain and Rev. R. W. Dunbar. The latter although he favored the negative summed up the situation in a few words. He said "we believe that annexation would be beneficial to the town, but Lowell's debt we want out of the way, before we go in. We don't want to saddle their taxes and dirty politics on us." On the vote on the merits of the question it was the unanimous opinion of the members that the resolution under discussion was sustained. The negative side was voted the merits of the arguments.

CANDLEMAS DAY

WILL BE OBSERVED ON THURSDAY NEXT.

Candlemas Day, observed on Thursday next, in its ecclesiastical meaning, is the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary. This festival is very strictly kept by the Roman Catholic church, there being a procession with many lighted candles, the candles required for the services of the ensuing year being consecrated on that day. Hence the name "Candlemas Day." In Scotland this day is one of the four term days appointed for periodical annual payments of money, interest, taxes, etc., and of entry to premises—the three other term days there being Whitsunday, Lammas and Martinmas. An old document at the time of Henry VIII, preserved in the archives of the society of Antiquaries, London, concerning the rites and ceremonies in the English church speaks thus of the custom of carrying candles: "On Candlemas Daye it shall be declared that the beurynge of candles is done in the memorie of Christe, the spiritual lyghte whom Simeon dyd prophecye ("a light to lighten the Gentiles") as it is reide in the church that daye. But an older and heathen origin is ascribed to the practice. The Romans were in the habit of burning candles on this day to the goddess Februa, the mother of Mars; and Pope Serglus, seeing it would be useless to prohibit a practice of so long standing, turned it to Christian account by enjoining a similar offering of candles to the virgin. The candles were supposed to have the effect of keeping evil spirits away from the persons who carried them, or from the houses in which they were placed. An order of Council in 1584 prohibited the ceremony in England. There is a tradition in most parts of Europe to the effect that a fine Candlemas day portends a severe winter. In Scotland the prognostication is expressed in the following distich:

"If Candlemas is fair and clear,
There'll be twa winters in the year."

Christ's Presentation, the Holiday of St. Simeon and, in the north of England the Wives' Feast-Day, were names given to Candlemas Day.

MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP.

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

GEN. WOOD, Military Governor of Cuba.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

We have decided to close out our entire stock of

BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS AT ONCE.

Notice the prices we quote and you will see that we mean business.

Comforters that sold at 69, 75 and 89c, at 49c each.
Those that sold at $1 and $1.19 at 89c each,
Those that sold at $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 at 98c.
Our $1.75 and $2 Comforters at $1.49 each.

BLANKETS

$1 Blankets, slightly soiled, at 63c a pair.
$1.50 Blankets, all perfect, in white or gray, 98c pair.
All Wool Blankets, that sold at $3.50, at $2.50 a pair.
We have about 30 pair All Wool Blankets that are slightly soiled that sold at $4, $5, $6, $6.50, $8 and $10, which we now offer at $2.98, $3.49, $3.98, $4.19, $4.49 and $4.98 a pair.

The First Great Catch

SINCE THE BIG STORM.

The great and mighty deep has given of her abundance to the people of Lowell.

Live Cocktail Haddock 3c. lb.

"THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME."

Banner Market Grocery

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE.

68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.

Wait! Pause! Linger!

—FOR THE—

GREAT CONSOLIDATION SALE

TWO STOCKS IN ONE, AMOUNTING TO THOUSANDS.

The greatest price reducing, value smashing sale ever held in Lowell for up-to-date honest goods to be sold for about 60 cents on a dollar. Mr. Charles M. Dickey has purchased the stock and fixtures owned by the late Mr. E. F. Bowers, and will add the stock now owned by him to the one just bought, and THURSDAY MORNING next, at 9 o'clock, will commence a sale of

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, GLOVES, MITTENS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

At STAR POINTER prices. Look thro' your own eyes—seeing is convincing. Of course, the early callers get the fruit. Bargain hunters and misers welcomed. Mr. Dickey says "sell quick and cheap so I can open up a complete new stock in March." The price on every article has been re-marked to lower figures than they can ever again be sold for. Lookers treated as well as buyers—they will help push the sale. Get in the push. Mingle with the crowd. Remember

Thursday Morning, 9 O'clock, No. 411 Middlesex Street is the Time and Place.

J. W. WRIGHT, Manager.

THREE EDITIONS.

Do you know that there are three editions of The Sun printed every day? 2 o'clock, 5 o'clock, and 6 o'clock editions are distributed on time to all the agencies, newsstands, and newsboys of the city. Get the latest when you are buying.

THE LOWELL SUN

THEY'RE WELCOME.

We don't steal the news, we buy it and pay for it while it is news. After we print it, the fake sheets are welcome to it. By the time they set it up, print it, and distribute it to their deluded readers, it ceases to be news.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

WORKMEN INJURED

By the Explosion of Giant Powder.

While They Were Engaged at Their Work in Worcester—Three of the Men Were Seriously Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 31.—Six workmen employed in the city highway department were injured this morning by the explosion of a stick of giant powder while they were engaged in the work on Mill street. The names of men are: John O'Brien, 35; Michael Prendergast, 33; Robert McGregor, 37; Peter Cramer, 26; James Harney, 17; Angus Legere, 40. The first five were taken to the city hospital, but Legere, after having his head bandaged, was able to resume work. Harney and Cramer after an examination at the hospital were found not to be seriously injured and were allowed to go home. O'Brien, Prendergast and McGregor, however, were more seriously injured. O'Brien's jaw was broken and McGregor and Prendergast received abdominal contusions. The men were blasting frozen earth and Harney was removing an unexploded charge. All were injured by flying chunks of earth. No one was struck by the direct force of the explosion.

THE ARMY BILL

The Closing Day of Its Debate.

MANY REDUCTIONS IN OFFICIALS.

The Bill Cannot be Defeated.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The house met at 11 o'clock today. This was the closing day of the debate on the army reorganization bill. The opposition before the session opened had practically abandoned hope of being able to compass either the defeat of the bill or its recommittal. When the house resumed work on the bill today, Section 12, relating to the pay department had been reached. The number of paymaster generals with the rank of colonel provided in the bill was reduced from 4 to 3 with the rank of lieutenant-colonel from 8 to 5, and paymasters with the rank of major from 47 to 35. The age limit for appointments in this department was reduced from 50 to 40. In the corps of engineers, the number of colonels was reduced from 10 to 8; lieutenant colonels, 20 to 16; majors, 36 to 30; captains, 41 to 35; first lieutenants 50 to 40; and second lieutenants 50 to 40.

Mr. Brownwell (rep. Ohio) moved to strike out the provision authorizing the appointment of engineers from civil life. The amendment was supported by Mr. Walker (rep. Mass.) but opposed by Mr. Marsh (rep. Ill.) who favored the appointment of officers from civil life.

Mr. Lacey (rep. Iowa) argued that the exclusion of civilians would be in the direction of supporting West Point which was distinctively an engineering school.

Mr. Dekery (dem. Mo.) said the best results in government work had always been obtained from army engineers.

Mr. Cannon (Rep. Ill.) directed attention to the amendment Mr. Cummings, (dem. NY) Monday that gave notice he would offer to prevent the use of United States troops as posse comitatures or in putting down strikes or riots except upon the written application of the governor of the state. That amendment said Mr. Cannon, proposed to put it out of the power of the president, the constitution to the contrary notwithstanding, to enforce the law within the territory of any state, unless the governor applied for help. It was the duty of the president to enforce the law, said Mr. Cannon, who then recalled the Chicago riots during the last administration and the dispatch into Illinois without the assent of the governor and against his protest of United States troops to suppress the riots. That action of President Cleveland had been endorsed by the senators of the United States and the people everywhere. He thought that if the proposed amendment had been the law the president would have been prevented from enforcing the law. The federal authority was and could be supreme.

Mr. Cummings replied to Mr. Cannon. There was no question, he said but that organized labor through the American Federation of Labor and the Knights of Labor had condemned this effort to increase the standing army to 100,000 men.

There was no question that the reason for their action was the fear that this standing army might be used unconstitutionally to oppress them.

"Now," he continued, "if you mean to do so, say so; if you don't, adopt this proviso."

The gentleman from Illinois, he said had referred to the action of Governor Altgeld, but he failed to refer to Governor John M. Palmer, who had denounced the action of the president for sending troops into the state over the protest of the governor and murdering her citizens. The gentleman says President Cleveland's action was sanctioned by the senate and by the people. Why had the people if such was the case, got rid of him as soon as they were able? The president was compelled to execute the laws congress enacted. Congress had the power to enact this provision. The United States who had sent Debs to prison for contempt had been promoted within a few months. Everything indicated that the army was to be used to oppress labor if opportunity offered; if corporate wealth demanded it. He was not a lawyer or a banker; he was a trades-union man, a member of typographical Union No. 6. What he desired was that the members of the house should go on record upon his amendment.

Mr. Cannon, replying, said that before men were lawyers or bankers or printers, they were American citizens, and the law of the land, like the grace of God, covered all. (Applause.) The one green spot in the record of President Cleveland had been that when he saw the law defied, not by labor, but by law breakers, he had kept his oath and had seen that it was enforced. Mr. Cannon aroused tumultous applause when he declared that Mr. Cummings, in seeking to make labor the abettor of law breaking, slandered labor. He denounced it as cheap demagoguery.

Mr. Cummings said he honored President McKinley because he was unlike Mr. Cleveland. When recently during the riots, Governor Tanner declined to order out the militia, said he, according to the argument of the gentleman from Illinois, it was the duty of President McKinley to order out the army. But he had left the case in the hands of Governor Tanner and the people honored him for it.

The house rejected Mr. Cummings' amendment to prevent the army being used to suppress riots in states except upon application of the governors thereof. An amendment by Mr. Johnson of North Dakota to prevent all sales of intoxicants in army canteens was adopted.

IN THE SENATE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A bill reported from the committee of naval affairs at the opening session of the senate today was passed granting extra pay to the officers and men of the temporary force of the navy—two months' extra pay to those who served beyond the limits of the United States and one month's pay to those who served within the United States. The provisions of the bill will apply to all such temporary force whether discharged yet or not.

At the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Berry (Ark.) rose to address the senate on the West anti-expansion resolution. "If in November, 1896," he began, "it had been known that the president at this time so soon after his inauguration, would be asking congress for an army of 100,000 men to subjugate and reduce a people 7,000 miles from our shores who were endeavoring to establish a government for themselves, he would not have received a single electoral vote in any state."

If senators on the other side who are now advocating this policy of expansion, he continued, had been told that they would thus depart from the principles of the declaration of independence, they would have repudiated the idea as unworthy of them.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPENED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 31.—The general assembly formally opened its January session this morning, and the first day of the session was made notable by the unusually large amount of important business put in. The new caucus law, a revision of the state constitution, an act authorizing the governor to appoint a commission to the Paris exposition and several other matters were referred to the proper committees. The governor's message was read in both branches and was received with marked favor.

CONSUL AT CURACOA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The president today nominated Elias Cheney of New Hampshire to be consul at Curacoa, West Indies.

GENERAL MILES

Reiterates That Army Beef Was Embalmed.

HAS NOTHING TO SAY OF EAGAN.

Believes Plenty of Evidence Was Introduced.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Evening World today prints an interview with General Nelson A. Miles, who is in this city. The reporter showed to General Miles a copy of the following telegram sent by Col. A. A. Pope of Boston:

Boston, Jan. 30.

General Nelson A. Miles,
Washington.

Draw on me for $1,000 to prove that chemicals were used to embalm beef furnished our soldiers.

(Signed.) Albert A. Pope.

I received this telegram, said General Miles, and have replied to Col. Pope. I told him that I appreciated his patriotism and had great respect for the public spirit which he displayed, but that I do not think it necessary to spend any such sum to prove such a patent fact as that the beef was embalmed.

You are still of the opinion, then, that the beef was embalmed?

Why, most certainly I am. The evidence of nearly one hundred officers proves it. The reports made to me establish it beyond a doubt.

You would then regard General Eagan's denial as one prompted solely by a desire to protect himself, and not necessarily as holding strictly to the facts?

General Miles weighed this question carefully for a few minutes and then answered:

As to General Eagan, I can say positively nothing. I think the evidence and testimony I produced is sufficient to establish the truth of everything I said regarding the beef.

FAYNE MOORE

WILL NOW GO OUT TO ELEVATE THE STAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Blaney & Vance, theatrical agents, will secure Fayne Moore's release from the Tombs under $7500 cash bail. This done she is to appear, at as early a date as possible, as the star in a theatre on lower Broadway in a play entitled "King of the Opium Ring."

The hero of the play will be a man with a double life. He is one life a social leader and paragon of virtue; in the other, the leader of a band of opium smugglers and king of the opium dens. This will give opportunity for a realistic reproduction of scenes in Chinatown.

Fayne Moore will have the part of an innocent young girl who marries the social leader, and is afterwards forced to abet the nefarious plans of the opium king. This will naturally lead up to the "badgering" of a millionaire, with the wife in the part of an unwilling accomplice.

Mrs. Moore, with the consent of her mother, signed a contract with Blaney & Vance on Friday, in which they agree to provide gowns, lingerie and a complete wardrobe, provide a carriage for Mrs. Moore, pay the expenses of Mrs. Moore, her mother and a maid, and in addition pay her $1000 a week during her engagement. It was further provided that Mr. Blaney should furnish a cash bond of $7500 for Mrs. Moore's release from the Tombs.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WALL STREET, 1 p. m.—Sugar, which had been very feverish throughout the day, dipped sharply after midday, the weakness in this stock was without effect on general sentiment. Inside support in special stocks combining to hold the list steady. C.C.C. & St. Louis, was very prominent and worked up to 60. Consolidated Gas to 204 and Brooklyn Union Gas to 146.

The stock market favored a lower level during the afternoon, persistent pressure against sugar stimulating attacks by the Bears in other quarters. Trading was unusually light, the absence of any aggressive demand from the commission houses being utilized as a Bear card.

FOUND—A pocketbook containing a small sum of money and grocery checks. Owner can have by calling at 84 Adams street.

CLEARANCE SALE

Now is the time to get your Suit, Overcoat or Trousers, best value for the money at

LOUIS ALEXANDER'S

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,
IMPORTER AND TAILOR,
65 CENTRAL STREET.
PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Feb. 7, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK, will draw interest from Feb. 1st, at the rate per annum 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

FOREIGN DRAFTS at Market Rates

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.

Bank Hours: Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

THE LAST DAY

For Filing New Business in Legislature.

REP. AMES IS VERY ACTIVE.

Wants Bertillion Method of Indentifying Extended.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—As this was the last day for the filing of new business in the general court, there was an avalanche of bills and petitions at today's Legislative session. The most important measures presented in the House were as follows:

Bills, by J. F. McCarthy of Boston, to authorize cities to establish death benefits and retirement funds for their employes; by Mr. Ames of Lowell for an appropriation of $500 for suitable apparatus for the Lowell Normal school; by Mr. Kane, of Boston forbidding caucus and election officers to divulge preferences of voters; by Mr. Kane of Boston, repealing the habitual criminal act; by Mr. Ames of Lowell, to provide a suitable drill shed for the Mounted arms of the state militia; by Mr. Ames of Lowell for a extension of the Bertillion method of identifying criminals; by Mr. Fitts of Somerville, transferring provisional companies to the state militia.

Petitions, from John C. Kennedy that the penalty for keeping an unlicensed dog be $15; from Republican City Committee of Fall River, that the power of political committees be more clearly defined, from G. F. Watson for placing the Voluntary un-incorporated gas associations under state supervision; from E. R. Thayer for a penalty of $100 or one year's imprisonment or both for use of counterfeit labels or stamps.

Mr. Seates of Haverhill, Social Democrat, introduced the following:

Any corporation whether using steam, electricity or any other force as a motive power engaged in carrying passengers or in the transportation of general freight for hire or otherwise, shall not require any person actually employed by, or any person seeking employment of, or about to become employed by such corporation to give or furnish any bond or other security with or without surety or sureties to such corporation.

Section 2, provides a penalty of $500 for first offence and for the second offence a fine of not less than $100 or more than $500 and imprisonment of not less than 10 days or more than two months.

A FAVORABLE REPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The senate committee on naval affairs decided on a favorable report on the bill providing for additional pay to laborers in navy yards who worked overtime during the emergency of the war with Spain. The amount required is about $300,000 and about 6,000 men are involved.

The Busiest Place in Chalifoux's

Just at present is the Shirt Department. Everyone of the shirts sold is a lasting advertisement for us.

See our Shirt Window on Central Street.

38c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's Madras Negligee Shirts, excellent patterns.

50c., reduced from $1 and 75c., Men's White Body Fancy Bosom Shirts, all sizes.

50c., Men's Laundered Percale Shirts, with collar and cuffs attached, spring designs.

45c., Men's Soft Body Percale Shirts, with two separate collars, cuffs attached, all new goods.

44c., for 1-2 dozen four-ply Linen Collars.

69c., for 1-2 dozen Cuffs also.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
Central and Middle Streets.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables,
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

Open for Business at our new store, after Thursday, Feb. 2, O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 227 Central St. Look for the sign of the gold T.

JUNTA'S PROTEST

Because Philippines Commission is Not Recognized.

THREE OF OUR SOLDIERS KILLED.

Filipino Officer Also Was Killed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HONG KONG, Jan. 31.—The Filipino Junta here announces that "it protests against the refusal of the United States to associate with the Philippines commission, representatives of the national government," adding that the usefulness of the commission will, "necessarily be greatly limited by the exclusion of Filipinos."

"Last week a Filipino boy was shot by an American soldier in a suburb of Manila, because he was wrangling with a Chinaman in the market. The soldier was not prosecuted, but the boy's father, in revenge, attacked an American outpost, armed with a knife, and killed three of the guards. The rest fled. The Filipino escaped.

"A Filipino officer was killed while walking in Manila by an American soldier. There was no prosecution.

"The American army is daily provoking hostilities by acts of vandalism."

They continue: "The whole country has declared its unconditional support of Aguinaldo, whose authority has never been defied. The public evidently ignores the fact that every province in the archipelago is represented in congress.

"General Otis' action in prohibiting code telegrams is a flagrant breach of international law, but the truth is leaking out."

The Filipino newspapers denounce alleged gross abuses at the Manila custom house.

The Eastern Telegraph company announces that the prohibition against code telegrams to Manila has been removed, although the telegrams are still censored.

LOOMFIXERS

MEET IN FALL RIVER AND SEND DELEGATES TO LOWELL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 31.—The executive council of the national association of loomfixers met in Fall River yesterday. Members of the council were present from Lowell, Woonsocket, New Bedford and this city. The wage question was the principal topic for discussion. Some impatience was expressed because the manufacturers have not seen fit to take the initiative and advance wages without waiting to be asked to do so. There is a movement on foot all over New England to bring about an advance in wages.

There was considerable discussion relative to the standard list and Paul Watson of New Bedford stated that he had worked under that list for three months. It was his opinion that it could not be improved. The Fall River fixers are at work trying to modify this list to some extent in order to make it more acceptable to the manufacturers here. The fixers in this city look after considerable many more looms in other instances than the standard list calls for, and it was thought that it would be better not to try to get the manufacturers in this city to reduce the number of looms in the sections to such a large extent as a starter. Ultimately it is hoped to get the standard list adopted here.

Several grievances were discussed and the national secretary and Secretary McCarthy of the local association weer appointed a committee to come to Lowell and investigate a grievance there. The fixers there complain that on fancy looms they are compelled to run too many looms. The national secretary was authorized to visit all the local associations.

GUTTED BY FIRE

TENEMENT BLOCK BURNED AND FAMILIES MADE HOMELESS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Jan. 31—At 10.30 a. m., today, fire was discovered in the tenement block owned by the Albion company, on Broad street, Valley Falls. The building was badly gutted and four families were made homeless. Their names are Buckley, Moran, Barrows and Pettit. Neighbors helped them to save most of their furniture. The company was insured, but the tenants were not. The fire probably started from an overheated chimney. It is believed that $4,000 will cover the entire loss.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 31.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New Hampshire Fire company was held at the company's building in this city today, the president, John C. French, presiding. The financial statement was exceptionally favorable, showing the net premiums collected for the twelve months ending Dec. 31, 1898, $1,058,790.56; increase of previous year, $32,402.20; amount paid for fire losses over the year, 1897 $91,693.97; fire losses have been about 53.6 per cent. of the premiums $8,214,352.42. The total fire losses since the organization of the company have been about 52.9 per cent. of the total premiums received. Amount at risk Dec. 31, 1898, was $146,105,935; increase of amount at risk over the year 1897 was $11,763,813.

QUARLES CHOSEN SENATOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 31—In the joint assembly today, Joseph Quarles, republican, of Milwaukee, was formally elected United States senator to succeed John L. Mitchell, whose term expires on March 4, receiving the solid republican vote. The democratic vote was cast for Timothy E. Ryan of Waukesha.

DOUBLE PRESENTATION.

About twenty-five of the employes of the fine card room on the Merrimark visited F. C. and George L. Adams at their residence at 17 Harvard street on Monday evening and spent a very pleasant evening with songs, piano solos and a large collection of phonograph records. Refreshments were served and at a late hour they started for home, leaving behind them a solid silver ice pitcher for F. C. Adams and a beautiful initial ring for George C. Adams.

SHERIFF CUSHING

And Guard Contradict Each Other.

WHEN QUESTIONED BY MAYOTTE'S SISTER.

Now Hero to Demand an Investigation.

Mrs. Charles Meunier of Montreal, sister of the late Charles W. Mayotte, is in this city investigating the circumstances of his death. She is a highly educated and intelligent woman and is going into the facts connected with his death in a manner that will bring out the guilt of those who are responsible for the neglect which caused his death. Already she has confounded the sheriff and his guards.

She called this morning at the jail and asked to see Sheriff Cushing. The sheriff promptly responded and received her very courteously. Mrs. Meunier asked him a number of questions regarding her brother's condition on his arrival at the jail.

The sheriff stated distinctly that he had no intimation whatever that Mr. Mayotte had been drinking; that he was received at the jail as any other prisoner without any notification that he had been threatened with delirium or in fact that he had been drinking at all. He considered that if there was anything serious the matter with the prisoner, the police would notify him personally or otherwise.

In reply to the question whether the bed clothing and pillow had been removed; from the cell in which Mr. Mayotte was locked, the sheriff replied in the negative, stating that the clothing was not removed, because nobody considered that there was any reason for removing it.

Mrs. Meunier further inquired if Mr. Mayotte had received any food, and the sheriff answered in the affirmative, stating that he had received a large mug of coffee, but nothing was said about the wormwood, referred to in the previous interviews.

The sheriff went on to say that certain outside parties implying certain newspapers had secured the freedom of certain prisoners who misrepresented the facts outside and whose stories he claimed to be false.

Mrs. Meunier asked the sheriff how it was that her brother's cries had not been heard during the night when they were heard on Railroad street and by neighbors at different points around the jail.

He stated that it was impossible that the prisoner could have made such an outcry. He said "had he made any siderable noise, the other prisoners would have rapped on their cells with their dippers and that the guard who sleeps in the tower would have been on the scene instantly. He said the prisoners near Mr. Mayotte's cell heard the latter talking in a low tone as if he was driving a horse.

The sheriff denied that the medical examiner had decided that Mr. Mayotte died of delirium tremens, stating that it was alcoholic convulsions which caused his death. The distinction is one which the public will like to hear explained and it probably will be thoroughly gone over at the investigation, which is now practically certain to come off at an early day.

Mrs. Meunier then asked to see the guard who received her brother from the police wagon. The sheriff consented and soon the guard was brought into Mrs. Meunier's presence. She asked him if he had been notified that her brother was drinking before he was brought to the jail. The guard answered him in the negative.

"Did you remove the bed clothing such as quilts and pillows from his cell?" she asked. The guard replied in the affirmative, stating that he had removed everything of the kind.

This reply was an open contradiction of the statement made by the sheriff and it made the sheriff very nervous. She further asked: "Why did you remove the articles of clothing from the cell?"

"Lest he might use them to commit suicide," was the answer.

"Then you must have realized that he was in a dangerous condition," said Mrs. Meunier.

He replied in the affirmative stating that the prisoner's condition was quite apparent on his admittance to the jail.

At this point, Mrs. Meunier asked to be permitted to see the cell in which her brother died and here Sheriff Cushing offered an objection. With a smile he said: "Do you think it will add to your comfort to see the cell in which your brother died?"

Mrs. Meunier replied that she had been crushed by sorrow as much as she could be and she was not now looking for comfort but for justice, and that she did not think her request was any occasion for laughter on the part of the sheriff or anybody else.

The sheriff finally consented to let her see the cell but in its present condition there is no trace of the sad scenes which were enacted in it on the night her brother died. It had been completely renovated since then, as were several of the other cells and portions of the jail in anticipation of an investigation.

Mrs. Meunier goes to Boston today with John W. McEvoy, Esq., to arrange for the investigation.

ENGAGEMENT OF PRESIDENT'S NEPHEW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 31—The engagement is announced here of Miss Viola Doetrick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Doetrick, of this city, and Mr. William McKinley Duncan of Cleveland, a nephew of the president. The wedding will occur in the spring and the young couple will make their home in Cleveland, where the prospective groom is engaged in the practice of law.

Mr. and Mrs. Norbert Montmarquet, who were married at St. Patrick's last Thursday returned last night from their wedding trip and will hereafter reside at 16 Robert street, Pawtucketville. They will give a grand reception to their friends this evening in their new residence.

Putnam & Son

We couldn't do it without your help.

You wouldn't help if the goods weren't right.

3000

of our new high-class Collars sold in a week from the lot of six thousand advertised. These are exceptional goods, made especially for us from an entirely new fibre and are offered in every leading shape.

In appearance, in finish, in workmanship, they are equal to any 25 cent collar shown: We warrant them to wear as well. What more can be asked for of a collar? Hundreds who have tried them have come back for dozens: why don't you try them?

9c. each.
6 for 50c.
Cuffs 15c. a pair.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

CLEVER CAPTURE

Boston Officer Caught Two Bold Thieves

WHO ENTERED A JEWELRY STORE.

One Man Caught in the Store.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Two out-of-town thieves made one of the boldest breaks that has occurred in Boston for many days at a late hour last night. At 11.45 as Patrolman James McDevitt of Division 1 was on Hanover street, his attention was attracted by the crashing of glass, near the corner of Washington and Hanover streets. As he rushed to the place, a man ran out of the door way of Franklin F. Place's jewelry store at 51 Hanover street and made a dash for Elm street.

The officer started after him and caught him just around the corner. On returning to the store with his prisoner he discovered another man on the inside. He called for assistance and with other officers captured the second man. At the station house the prisoners gave the names of John Rafferty, 22, of New York and Wm. Scanlon, 23, of Nashua, N. H. They were locked up charged with breaking and entering.

When searched, six silver and five gold-filled watches, all apparently the property of customers, and three nickel watch cases were found in their pockets.

The large lower window pane of the door was smashed. In the store there was a quantity of other material, which the thief on the inside had laid out ready to carry off when interrupted. Patrolman McDevitt was warmly commended at the station by his brother officers for his double capture.

WITH THE POLICE

Many Coat Thefts Have Been Reported.

TAKEN FROM DOORS AND HALLWAYS.

Another Bogus Check Is Reported.

Sarah Carp, 124 Gorham street reports at the police station that someone stole a lady's skirt, blue figured with plain belt and corduroy binding from outside her store door.

Mrs. Edward Martel, 521 Merrimack street, reports that her boy's overcoat was stolen from the French College this morning. It was light gray, box cut, light lining, two buttons off on one side.

P. H. Goldman reports that someone stole a lady's skirt from his store about 9 o'clock last night.

David R. Boynton, the grocer of 605 Merrimack street, reports that on Saturday a bogus check was passed on him by a man described as follows: About 5 feet 7 inches in height, rather slim built, 25 or 30 years old, dark complexion, smooth face, had on a black derby hat, black overcoat, long. Think there was a scar or mole on right cheek, quiet and slow talking. He bought a bill of goods amounting to $5.50 and tendered a check purporting to be drawn on Charles Gee, Traders' National bank for $11.50 getting the balance in change. The police believe that he is the same man who worked a check on C. L. Rexford.

John A. Henley, living at Graniteville and attending the Immaculate Conception school, reports that his overcoat was stolen from the school hall. It was a boy's dark blue overcoat, velvet collar, light colored, containing one pair of mitts, one pair of gloves and silk handkerchief. It was taken by a man arbout 6 feet 6 inches dirty face, light colored trousers, short overcoat, brown stiff hat.

Adelard Blair, of 101 Cheever street reports that he had his leather jacket stolen at Daniel Gage's ice house yesterday.

Rev. Thomas A. Norris, formerly curat at the old St. Peter's church under the pastorate of Rev. Peter Crudden, was in Lowell today. He is now stationed in Boston.

DR. HUNTER RECOGNIZED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The State Department has been informed that the President of Honduras has formally recognized Dr. Hunter as United States Minister to that country. This is the last chapter in a series of petty diplomatic incidents resulting from the formation and dissolution of the Greater Republic of Central America. The outcome is regarded as abundantly justifying the course of the State Department in consistently ignoring these quickly formed unions before they had established a reputation for stability.

BOUND FOR PHILIPPINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Traveling in five sections over five different roads the Third Regiment, United States Infantry, Col. John H. Page commanding, passed through Chicago today on its way to Fort Snelling to the far away Philippines. On arrival at Chicago the entire five detachments were transferred to the Lake Shore road. With the Third Battalion, 17th United States Infantry, they will embark at New York on a government transport early next week and the long journey, through the Straits of Gibraltar and the Suez canal will be begun.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

BOSTON PARTIES

Buy Out the Lowell Electric Light Company

DEAL WILL BE SETTLED TOMORROW.

Small Stock Holders Will be Protected.

The Lowell Electric Light company is about to pass into the hands of Boston capitalists, the change in management to take place as soon as the company's charter shall have been looked up and found flawless. The capitalists in the deal are represented by the well known firm of Stone and Webster.

A Boston lawyer came here this morning and looked up the charter. He will report tomorrow and if his report is favorable, the immediate transfer of the stock will follow payment for which will be made on the Shawmut bank of Boston.

Messrs. Stone & Webster will own a controlling interest in the stock, which they will buy at par. This fact indicates their confidence to manage the interests of the Lowell Electric Light company at a profit. They are men of recognized experience and ability in this particular business, and in consideration of their previous success there are quite a number of the present stockholders who will refuse to accept offers made to them for their shares. They do not constitute the majority, however. At least 1501 shares will be under the control of Boston capital, a condition which will of course, be accompanied by a general shake-up in the officials of the company, and probably a material change in the present methods of operating the system.

W. A. Ingham, the largest stockholder in Lowell denied emphatically last night the report that the present deal was arranged to operate as a freeze out of minor stockholders. "It is absolutely at their own discretion whether they sell or not," he said. "I have advised my most intimate friends to hold their interests in the company, for I believe that it is going to prosper, under the new management. The men who are taking hold of the property are shrewd and experienced and the future of the Lowell Electric Light company is anything but gloomy.

"The desire on the part of many of the stockholders to dispose of their interest in the company's affairs, is accounted for in the fact that there was no sale of the stock for six months. The lack of progress financially was caused by the handicap resulting from the necessity of a supervision of our securities by the gas commission before they were issued. This has crippled us to a great extent."

Another stockholder said last night: "I do not know just what the transfer of stock means. It may have been started by one of the directors who was obliged to sell his holdings to realize at this time. I signed a paper that was circulated recently among stockholders asking for a change in the management because it was said to be in the interest of the small stockholders."

ANNUAL REUNION

CO. C. ASSOCIATE TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The 39th anniversary of the "battle of the deserted house" was celebrated last evening by ye olden Co. C., Sixth regiment in tenth annual reunion. The celebration was held in Post 185 hall during yesterday afternoon and the local veterans of the Civil war in company with friends observed the day with as much vigor as in days gone by. The business meeting was held previous to the observance and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Albert Hamblett; vice president, W. H. Dorr; secretary and treasurer, G. W. King; executive committee, Joel Knapp, C. A. Donaghue, A. G. Parkhurst, H. W. Allen and James Murphy.

Among those present were G. W. King, J. S. G. Sweatt, Albert Hamblett, Joseph Murphy, C. A. Donaghue, H. W. Allen, A. G. Parkhurst, J. A. Richardson, R. A. Derby, B. T. Freeman, William H. Dorr and Joel Knapp.

Among the guests were Lieut.-Col. Beal of Lawrence, J. S. G. Sweatt and wife of Medford; Albert Hamblett and wife, Dracut; A. G. Parkhurst and wife, West Chelmsford and R. A. Derby of Hudson.

Mrs. James E. Wilson of Chicago, wife of a disabled comrade was also present.

Mayor Crowley, Dr. Pinkham and Major Stott were among the guests invited but the first two named were unable to attend. The major, however, contributed greatly to the number of speeches made reminiscent to the Civil war. Supper was served.

SERIOUSLY BURNED

THE CONDITION OF MRS. MARGARET ROWE IS SERIOUS.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—While preparing the evening meal at her home at 60 Cary ave., Chelsea, last evening, Mrs Margaret Rowe, the well known sprinter, was severely burned about the face and hands.

Her screams were heard by Hudson L. Hall and a Mr. Rice, who were passing. They rushed to her assistance and extinguished the flames which were fed with fat, with a bag of flour.

Medical attendance was then summoned and Mrs. Rowe removed to the Frost hospital. Her condition is serious.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The committee on fire department will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

Going will well be gone tomorrow. Vale, Going; Salve, Fagan; likewise, Andrew Gray.

"How is it that Saunders runs to The Sun with his explanation?" asked a republican official of The Sun reporter this morning. The reason is obvious. Saunders knows that an explanation in The Sun will reach everyone, for everyone reads The Sun.

James Kiernan, well known in Lowell and Billerica, is seriously ill at his home in East Chelmsford. He is a brother of Hugh Keiren the "old time" pedestrian.

G.O. Taylor Whitkies suited for the sick room

JOHN H. CROWLEY, The Efficient Officer, Whose Weather Eye is Always on Alert for A Crook.

A GOOD CAPTURE

Made by Officer J. B. Crowley Last Night

IN ARREST OF JOHN McMAHON.

Wanted for Burglary and Pocket Picking.

Another very clever capture is added to the long list to the credit of Officer John B. Crowley, day guardian of Merrimack Square, in the arrest last night of John McMahon, a young and if is alleged, clever pickpocket who once blacked boots for a living in Bell's barber shop.

Officer Crowley was in the crowd that was emerging from the performance of John Drew's company last night and the crowd was large and fashionable. Officer Crowley, who was in civilian attire, noticed McMahon dodging in and out of the crowd in a suspicious manner. Officer Crowley knowing McMahon, watched him closely and as the latter continued to act suspiciously, he lost no time locking arms with him, inviting him to walk with him to the nearest patrol box.

As they walked along, McMahon began to fumble in his pockets and when the officer objected there was quite a tussle for McMahon, though not very big, was game enough to put up a fight. The two immediately had it out on the ground, but is was all up with McMahon in a very few minutes and when he was subdued a pocketbook containing over $12, and bearing the name of Mrs. Kate S. Martin was taken from him.

At the police station he registered as John McMahon aged 21 years, residing on Church street. He is fairly good looking and dresses well.

The police know McMahon of old and it was later learned that Officer Crowley had made a more than ordinary capture, for McMahon is wanted for alleged breaking and entering a store, July 9, 1896. A warrant has been at the police station since that time, but McMahon stayed out of town until shortly before Christmas when he returned. He was also in court a few years ago for drunkenness.

The first knowledge that Mrs. Martin had of her loss was after she had read the morning papers. Upon arriving home last night she put her dress away in its usual place, believing the pocketbook to be in the pocket. Upon reading the papers, she went to the dress and found the pocketbook gone. She immediately went to the police station and identified her property.

As McMahon has been indicted by the grand jury for alleged burglary of Allen's box shop he will probably be taken on a capias. His partner in this break was James McDonough, who while being taken to the House of correction by a deputy sheriff to serve two years, slipped the handcuffs and made his escape. He was afterward recaptured and served his sentence.

After court this morning, McMahon was "mugged" for the rogues' gallery, being taken by Inspectors Donaldson and Laflamme to Powers' studio.

JOHN McMAHON ORDERED IN $500 FOR ONE WEEK FOR TRIAL.

John J. McMahon, the young man arrested by Officer John B. Crowley last night, and the particulars of which appear elsewhere, in The Sun, appeared before Judge Hadley in police court this forenoon charged with the larceny of a pocketbook and its contents, the property of Mrs. Kate Martin. He pleaded not guilty. The government called for a continuance of the case for one week which was granted the defendant being held in $500 until Tuesday next for trial. Of the four drunks one was released by court, one was continued and two fined, the latter being Albert Boulonger, $2 and Peter McCawley, $3.

FROZEN TO DEATH

SWEENEY STARTED TO WALK FROM ELLSWORTH TO BANGOR.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Jan. 31.—Sheriff Lewis F. Hooper of Ellsworth, received word Sunday morning from Arno Hooper, proprietor of a small boarding house on the line of the Maine Central railroad, 15 miles from this city, that he had found the body of a man named Sweeney at the railroad station a short distance from the house. He had frozen to death while spending the night on the station platform.

Hugh Sweeney and John McCann were discharged from the Hancock county jail at Ellsworth Saturday morning after having served a sentence of 30 days for drunkenness.

As soon as they were discharged they set out for Bangor on foot. McCann is about 60 years old and Sweeny about 40. Sweeny was warmly dressed and in good health when he left the jail, Sheriff Hooper says. On their arrival at the Lake house station, it is thought Sweeney volunteered to let McCann, who was much the older, go to the house and get put up while he stayed at the station.

Sunday morning McCann and the proprietor discovered the unfortunate man's body at the station an immediately notified the sheriff.

McCann was a native of New Brunswick. Sweeney's home is not known. The two had been employed on the construction work of the Washington county railroad during the summer and fall.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS.

Miss Mary Kehoe and the Misses Powers, three charming daughters of East Boston, were the guests Sunday, of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLaughlin of Sixth street. In their honor, a little gathering of friends was entertained at Mr. McLaughlin's hospitable home Sunday evening.

WERE JUSTIFIED

The Hamilton Strikers In Going Out

SAYS MILL MAN TO SUN REPORTER.

Gives Facts and Figures Proving Same.

A well known mill man in conversation with a Sun reporter last evening stated that in his opinion the young girls who went out on strike in the Hamilton mills were justified in the course pursued by them. He stated that the facts in the case will show that the girl strikers' demand is a just one. Prior to the New Bedford strike in the hosiery yarn mills of the Whale City, Lowell mills now making this kind of yarn were engaged in the manufacture of print cloths. (The strike was, as has been since learned, an unfortunate one to New Bedford, inasmuch as the manufacturers of that city have never recovered from it, having brought into the hosiery yarn field new competitors from Lowell the Hamilton mills being among the number.) At the time of the strike, several Lowell corporations realizing the immense profit in hosiery yarn, equipped their plants with modern machines from England and soon found themselves in possession of a field lost by the New Bedford concerns. This simply goes to show what a strike may do. The present may not accomplish anything; it is always the after effect. To show the public that the little girls in the Hamilton are right, let us glance at figures. Contrast the profit in hosiery yarn and print cloth and then observe the price of cotton in its state of crudity. Cotton costs six cents per pound by the bale. Convert this into print cloth and each pound will produce seven yards of the manufactured product which sells at 2⅝ cents per yard. Hosiery yarn sells at 21 cents per pound. Besides the immense profit made as shown in the above figures, the corporations save all the profit in the dressing and weaving of print cloth, which does not enter into the production of hosiery yarn. Now we ask which is right, the young girls who ask to be paid for the waiting time for which they are not responsible or the corporations? Again, the corporations if they will, can pay fair wages to spooters, which they do not now receive.

PRIVATE GAUDETTE

RETURNS HOME AFTER AN HONORABLE DISCHARGE.

A few days after the declaration of war against Spain, Joseph A. Audette, one of the most popular members of L'Association Catholique of this city, went to Boston on May 6 and enlisted in the regular army. He was detailed to Camp Thomas, Chickamaugua, where he was enrolled as a member of Company D, 7th U. S. Infantry.

This regiment was part of the 5th Army Corps and was one of the first sent to Santiago, under the command of Major-General Shafter. The men took part in the battle of El Caney on July 1, and all subsequent engagements until the 17th of the same month.

After the suspension of hostilities the regiment returned to this country, remained a few weeks in the South and was later sent to the North. Four companies among which Company D, were ordered to Fort Brady, which is located at Sault-Ste-Marie, Mich.

Private Audette had obtained in September last a month's furlough and spent his vacation at his father's residence, Salem street, in this city. His father being very ill he obtained a second month's vacation, but had to report on November 13. Three days later his father, Mr. Louis Audette, died, and Private Audette had not the satisfaction of being present at the time of death, or at the funeral, being already in Michigan.

When Mr. Audette died, he left a sorrowing widow, two daughters and another son, younger than Mr. Joseph Audette.

Ever since November, the family have worked through influential friends in Washington to obtain Private Audette's discharge from the army and finally succeeded, the discharge being granted two weeks ago to-day. But Audette had to wait several days in the fort for his pay.

He reached home yesterday evening and met with a hearty reception.

When seen this morning by a Sun reporter he stated that he regretted deeply the unfortunate circumstances which compelled him to leave a service which he really liked. But he understood that his duty called him here to provide for his family. He intends to resume his old trade as a tanner as soon as possible.

His discharge is "honorable" and reads, among other remarks: character—excellent; service—always earnest and faithful; campaigns—war with Spain in 1898; battles, etc.—El Caney, July 1, 1898 and all subsequent engagements at Santiago till July 17, 1898. He has served eight months and eleven days.

All Private Audette's friends will be glad to see him once more at home.

Joseph Audette was born in Quebec in June, 1863. In 1885 he took part in the Northwest Rebellion being a private in the 65th M. V. M., of Montreal. He was a member of Company 7 commanded by Lieutenant (today Judge) Doherty and did garrison duty in Fort Saskatchevan. He was honorably discharged from the Canadian militia in the fall of 1885. He has been a resident of Lowell for several years and is highly esteemed by all who know him.

DOUBLE MURDER

THROAT CUT AND HEADS BEATEN TO JELLY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGMAN, Ariz., Jan. 31.—The bodies of two men have been found murdered near Hackberry, a small town east of here. The throats were cut and the heads beaten to a jelly with stones. The remains have been identified as those of James Dowd, a miner, and John Blake, a Mormon teamster of Utah. Blake leaves a wife and children. Both men had been drinking for several days and on Thursday night disappeared. Three Mexicans have been arrested on suspicion of having committed the murders. There is talk of lynching.

FATAL FALL.

OF A FALL RIVER MAN—THOMAS NEVILLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 31. Thomas Neville, aged 36, fell down stairs at about 2 o'clock this morning near his home on Fenner street and died soon after from the injuries received. It is supposed he took the place where he was found for his own home and becoming confused in the darkness, lost his footing.

OFFICE TO LET—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

The Latest Picture of RUDYARD KIPLING.

Rudyard Kipling, whose very latest portrait is presented in today's Sun will soon again be in the midst of the "great pie belt of New England," the discovery of which has contributed no small share to the fame of Britain's most popular poet and story teller. Kipling sailed from Albion's shores on Wednesday and therefore was in time to be caught in mid-ocean by the full force of the past week's semi-hurricane. Kipling, after his last visit to this country, proceeded to trample all over some of the pet corns of the Yankees, and many were the dire threats uttered throughout the pie belt against the witty Britisher in case he ever came back. It may have been as a sort of propitiatory offering that the ringing message of "The White Man's Burden" came flashing under the waves to the American public at the same time that Kipling was possibly paying tribute to old Neptune on the storm tossed surface. Some of Kipling's most remarkable literary efforts have found their inspiration amid New England surroundings. The poet's family accompanies him and the literary set of the Hub probably will see more or less of him before his tour is ended.

It is quite probable that he will lecture before the Middlesex Women's club, although a rival club in this city is endeavoring to secure him.

SHARKEY'S BOUT

The Sailor Easily Knocked Out McCormick.

6000 PEOPLE SAW THE BOUT.

Sharkey Will Cover Fitzsimmons' Money.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—Tom Sharkey made his first appearance in a real contest in this city last night, when he met Jack McCormick, a local heavyweight in what was to have been a six-round go. As matters turned out, the bout lasted but a trifle more than one round. McCormick received his quietus with a right hand uppercut on the jaw which laid him flat on his back. About the largest crowd that ever attended a boxing show in this city assembled at the arena. When the two principals appeared more than 6000 were present. Many well known sports were seen around the ring, and there was quite a little betting on McCormick's ability to stay the limit.

Four preliminary bouts preceded the windup and they were only fair. When the stars appeared there was scarcely standing room. Sharkey was first in the ring. His wonderful physique caused a murmur of astonishment. He appeared to be in as good condition as when he fought McCoy a few weeks ago.

McCormick is quite as large as the sailor but the strong, hardy appearance is lacking in the local man. McCormick insisted on his opponent removing the bandages around his hands. McCormick danced around in lively fashion and Sharkey remained almost stationary. Mac led a left which landed full on Sharkey's jaw. He landed two others which fell lightly on the sailor's neck. Sharkey then got near and poked a hard left under Mac's ear. The latter continued circling and got in a few jabs; one was a stiff left on the body. Sharkey was cool and did no rushing. The round ended with both standing off Mac started the second round with a rush and got in two-handers twice, but his fatal habit of leaning his body forward was to prove his undoing. Sharkey saw this and waited his chance. It came with the round gone only a few seconds, a left straight, over bringing Mac forward for a clinch. Sharkey uppercut with his right, which landed on Mac's stomach, and down he went. He arose before the 10 seconds were counted and Sharkey repeated his former movements, only this time his right went plunk on the jaw and McCormick was lifted off his feet and landed on his back stretched out. Sharkey helped carry him to his corner, where after a few minutes he revived sufficiently to leave the ring. Sharkey made a speech, in which he said "Fitzsimmons' money would be covered next week.

A horse belonging to A. B. Wilson the coal dealer, fell several times on Varney street yesterday and severely scraped both front legs about the knees. Dull calks on the shoes was the cause of the accident.

Hood's Pills
Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Buy Your
PIANO
From the Manufacturer.
Avoid the dealer; save $100. Go direct to
DELL'S, 216 Merrimack St.
4 Uprights slightly used, at half price. Square Pianos $10 to $100.
CALL AND HEAR THEM.

GRANGE INSTITUTE

TEWKSBURY TOWN HALL SCENE OF TO-DAY'S SESSION.

The Grange Institute opened, session at 10 o'clock this morning in the town hall with a large attendance and everything at this meeting argues for a successful meeting. The exercises which began in the early forenoon will continue until late in the afternoon. The first number on the program was an opening essay on Leaks on the Farm. This was followed by an address by Senator Patch who spoke in a very able manner on the workings of the grange. At noon an excellent turkey dinner was furnished by the Village Improvement association of Tewksbury. The exercises of the afternoon were of a varied character interspersed with singing and reading. The meeting was an open one the public generally having been invited. A large number attended from Lowell, the Billericas, the Chelmsfords and Dracut.

Essex County Pomona will meet at Merrimack next Thursday. There are a number from Tewksbury, Dracut and other towns that will attend this meeting. The grangers of Andover have chartered a special electric from Lawrence.

TRUE TO NAME

G. WASHINGTON POORE WILL ALWAYS WITH THEM.

The republican city committee will hold its annual mix-up to-night in its quarters in Wyman's Exchange when a chairman and several other officers will be elected. There are a couple of candidates for the position of chairman but a prominent member of the city committee informed the writer that it is safe to bet that George Washington Poore would get the empty honor as he seemed to be the only one who wants it badly enough to make a fight for it. There is no salary, no thanks, and little if any honor, to the office. As to the influence or prestige going with the job, note the candidacy of Chairman Poore for postmaster and later for city solicitor." Still I hope he'll win.

WAGES CUT

AT HARRIMAN'S SUSPENDER FACTORY WHERE NEW SCHEDULE WENT INTO EFFECT YESTERDAY.

At Josiah Harriman's suspender factory, another cutdown is reported, the weavers being the sufferers. The price on double looms was decreased from 40 to 30 cents, and on single looms from 35 to 30. The operatives claim that on double looms it will make a difference of about $1.80 per week and about $1 to those operating single looms. The new schedule went into effect yesterday, but no resistance has been made, although a bad feeling has been aroused, as the weavers claim that the cut is not necessary but that the management is taking advantage of the crippled condition of the union as the result of the recent strike.

PETITION DISMISSED.

Judge Lowell in the United States district court at Boston yesterday, dismissed the petition of William A. Ingham, Chauncey L. Abbott and Daniel W. McKenzie of Lowell asking that the Bates Machine Company be adjudged a bankrupt.

Great changes are being made in the heating apparatus at St. Peter's church.

Open For Business
THURSDAY, FEB. 2.
EXTRA
Friday and Saturday we will serve free a cup of our best coffee. Everybody is invited to call and try it, and examine our stock.
O'Brien Bros.,
TEA DEALERS,
227 Central St. Telephone Conn.
Look for the sign of the Gold T.

TRUANT SCHOOL

One Remonstrant Appeared at Yesterday's Hearing

OPPOSING PETITION FOR MORE LAND

Committe on Counties Visit School.

Only one remonstrant, Jerome F. Manning, Esq., appeared before the legislative committee on counties yesterday to oppose a petition for an appropriation of $12,000 with which to acquire additional land made necessary by the rapid growth of the institution.

The petition was presented by Ex-Mayor Bennett and others and is explained in the following two sections of the bill accompanying it:

Section 1—The county commissioners of the county of Middlesex are hereby authorized and empowered to acquire for the uses and purposes of the truant school at Chelmsford, in said county, additional land in said town of Chelmsford, and may take, by purchase or otherwise, such adjacent land as may be necessary for such purposes, not exceeding fifteen acres.

Section 5—In order to meet the expenses incurred under this act, said commissioners may borrow from time to time, upon the credit of said county, a sum not exceeding in the aggregate, $12,000. Said indebtedness shall be paid out of amounts received for taxes at the rate of $3000 each year, commencing with the year 1900 until the whole indebtedness is discharged.

The petitioners put up a strong case at the hearing on January 17th.

Yesterday's hearing took place at the Truant school at North Chelmsford, the visitors from Boston arriving shortly after noon. In the party assembled were the following:

The committee on counties:

Senators A. A. Maxwell, Boston; chairman; F. W. Dallinger, Cambridge; W. S. Leach, Raynham; Representatives E. E. Wentworth, Cohasset; David Neale, Dedham, clerk; N. A. Bugbee, Monson; J. F. Carey, Haverhill; W. R. Davis, Cambridge; F. W. Francis, New Bedford; T. Mackey, Watertown; M. M. Mansfield, Lowell; C. Mulcham, Cambridge and these others: Reps. A. S. Apsey of Cambridge, Hayes of Lowell, Quigley of North Chelmsford, Ex-Rep. Raper, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Col. Ripley, North Chelmsford; Keeper Fairburn of Cambridge jail; Secretary Hill of state board of education; Rev. Mr. Dunbar of Chelmsford; Rev. C. L. Merriam, Lawrence Cummings, J. F. Manning and County Commissioners Gould, Upham and Bigelow.

The visitors upon arriving found the entire school enjoying itself on the small improvised pond in front of the building. After an inspection of the school the visitors sat down to dinner at which Chairman Gould of the county commissioners presided and Rev. C. L. Merriam invoked divine blessing and at its conclusion a hearing was given to Mr. Manning, the only remonstrant to the petition. Mr. Manning agreed that the county was overburdened with expense and could not afford any additional appropriations. He then sailed into the Court House addition as a glaring instance of woful extravagance and talked more of the court house than of the truant school. When he had concluded the committee and guests were given seats in the large school room in which 60 of the neatest appearing boys that the writer has seen in a long time were seated at the desks. When all had been seated the boys opened the exercises with the singing of "America," showing vigorous, good voices and excellent training. Then Chairman Gould made a brief address and introduced several speakers in turn, among them being Senator Maxwell, Rep. Apsey, Sec. Hill of the State Board of Education, Rev. Mr. Merriam, Ex-Mayor Bennett, Lawrence Cummings and others. Some of the speakers were inclined to talk over the heads of the youngsters while others hit the boys just right. Sec. Hill and Rev. Mr. Merriam both with a happy faculty of winning the attention of children, making particularly pleasing addresses.

Between the speechmaking the boys rendered several songs in chorus, the young lady teacher who presides over the musical portion of their education showing commendable judgement in selecting songs like "Climb Up, Children, Climb," "My Gal's a High-Born Lady," and similar popular ballads in which children always take an interest and sing well. The department of the boys was excellent throughout and even Mr. Manning, it is believed, was inclined to modify his views ere he departed from the school.

The visitors left Lowell on the 3.45 train.

SUPT. WARREN'S REPORT.

Apropos of the hearing on the Truant school matter The Sun prints below the annual report of Supt. Warren, the indefatigable principal of the institution for the past year.

The report in its entirety is as follows:

Middlesex County Truant School,
No. Chelmsford, Mass., Jan. 1, 1899.

To the Commissioners of Middlesex County:

I hereby submit the following report for the year ending December 31, 1898:

There were 93 boys in the school December 31, 1897.

Admitted during the year	91
Discharged during the year	81
Remaining Dec. 31, 1898	105
Average number for the year	101

Of those committed, fifty were habitual truants, twelve had wandered about the streets, one had violated the rules of school and one was a neglected child.

Of those released, forty-two were discharged at expiration of sentence, five by order of the court and four on probation.

Of the number committed, forty-eight could read and write, four could only read and twelve could neither read nor write.

The current expenses for the year amounted to $15,857.99, or $3.00 per capita per week.

The amount collected and paid to the county treasurer from cities and towns for support of truants was $8,964.26 and from sundry receipts, $19.50.

Am't due from cities and towns $149.28
The total income was 9,113.34

By act of the last legislature, the amount charged cities and towns for support of pupils was cut from two dollars to one dollar per capita per week, reducing the income derived from this source by one-half.

This act also obliged the state board of education to visit the truant schools of the state and annually report to the legislature their condition. This act is heartily approved by your superintendent as it gives us the benefit of advice and criticism from trained and experienced educators, putting us more in touch with the public schools of the state.

The family building which was in process of erection at the time of my last report, was completed and occupied in March last. At the opening exercises, there were present the committees on education and counties from the legislatures and many invited guests. They were welcomed by your chairman, Levi S. Gould, and addresses were made by Hon. Alfred S. Roe, chairman of the committee on education, Mr. Bosworth and others.

The building was completed within the appropriation, and is occupied by a family of fifty boys.

We close the year with one hundred and six pupils, a gain in number of thirteen pupils for the year. In my opinion, the increase for the time to come will be at least ten per cent. annually, and the condition of additional room will soon have to be met. I recommend that the unoccupied land lying west of the school and extending to Princeton street, be taken by purchase or otherwise. It is needed for tillage purposes, and in the future, if it should be considered wise to add to the capacity of the institution, the extra space would be necessary.

The land can probably be bought at a less price now than later, as upon the completion of Princeton street extension by the state highway commission, it will be put into the market for building purposes. It would not be for the best interests of the school to have land so near (within twelve feet of our building) built upon by others.

I would also recommend the erection of a central heating plant, with sufficient storage room for a year's supply of coal. At the present time the buildings are heated by a boiler in the basement of each. The saving in labor and fuel would be large and a lower price for coal obtained could we purchase a year's supply. Instead of, as now, having to take from time to time, only the amount we can store.

We were enabled upon the completion of the new building to grade the schools, and thus save very much time given to individual work. When you consider that eighteen per cent. of the children admitted during the year could not read a simple sentence you will recognize the need of such work.

The health of the children has been uniformly good throughout the year. We have had but one case of serious illness, that of pneumonia, from which a good recovery was made.

Owing to the wet season, the crops upon our most productive land were largely failures, particularly root crops. A larger quantity of berries was raised than ever before.

The boys have been employed through the season in the necessary farm work, and in grading the ground around the new building. Many cubic yards of earth have been moved in wheelbarrows, gutters paved, ditches excavated, etc. If more land is not acquired there will be but little outside work for so many boys after this year.

Classes in sloyd have been maintained throughout the year with good results.

Our annual excursion day was celebrated by a boat ride to Nashua. All holidays have been observed in the usual manner.

Religious services have been held each Sabbath; Protestant services have been conducted by various clergymen, and Catholic services by Rev. J. J. Shaw of Chelmsford. We wish to thank all for many kindnesses.

Thanking you for your wise counsel and support, I am,

Respectfully Yours,
—M. A. Warren, Supt.

Ages of boys committed during the year:

Between 3 and 4 years, 1; between 7 and 8 years, 1; between 8 and 9 years, 4; between 9 and 10 years, 8; between 10 and 11 years, 8; between 11 and 12 years, 7; between 12 and 13 years, 13; between 13 and 14 years, 14; between 14 and 15 years, 7; between 15 and 16 years, 1; total, 64.

Committed from cities and towns during the year:

Cambridge, 18; Lowell, 25; Somerville, 7; Newton, 5; Chelsea, 3; Malden, 1; Marlborough, 1; Waltham, 1; Woburn, 1; Revere, 1; total, 64.

Birthplace of boys committed during the year:

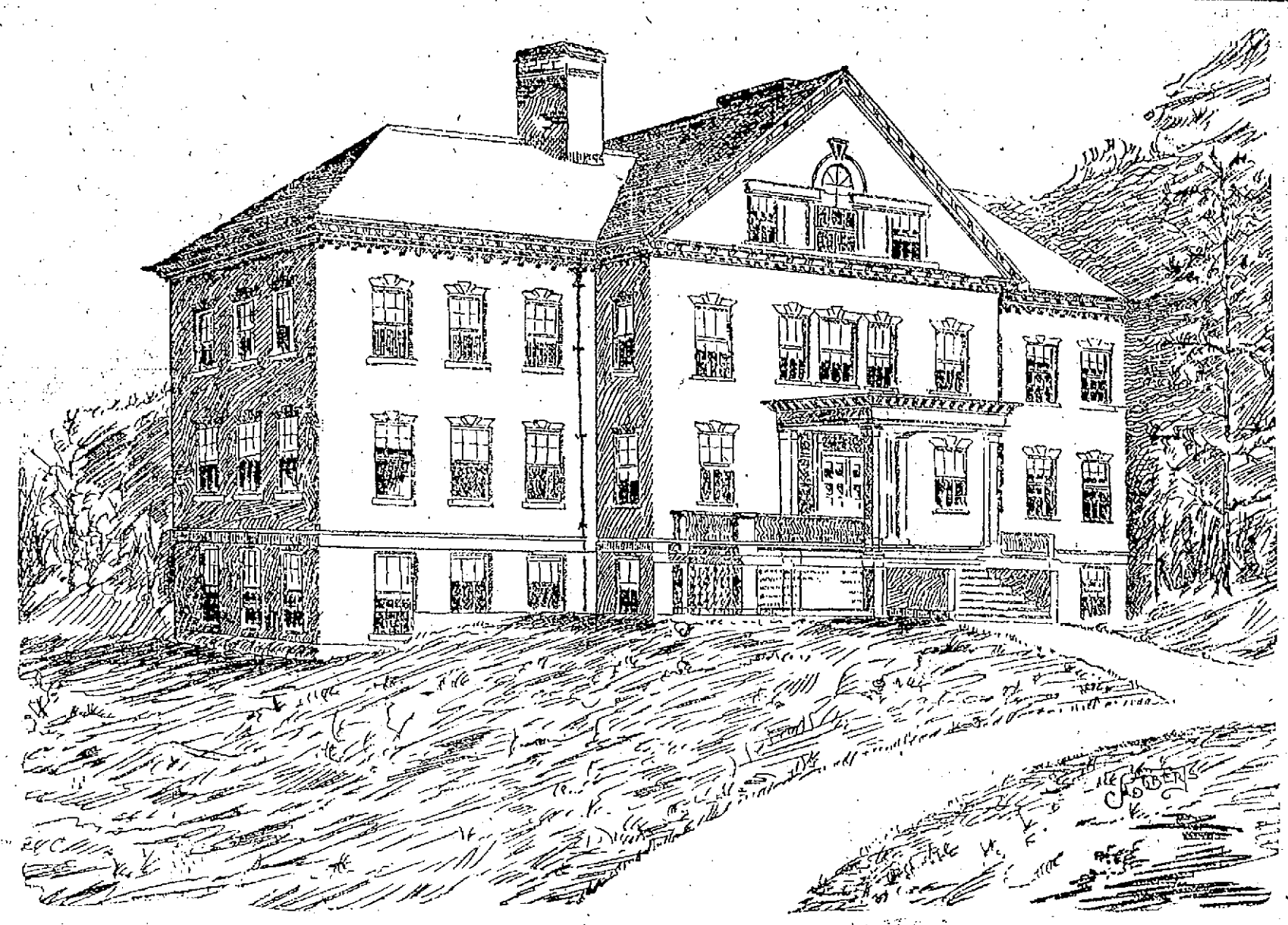
Massachusetts, 41; Maine, 1; New York, 2; Connecticut, 1; Canada, 5; New Brunswick, 1; Nova Scotia, 1; Virginia, 1; Portugal, 1; England, 1; Italy, 1; Germany, 1; Prince Edward Island, 1; Unknown, 5; total, 64.

Domestic condition of boys committed during the year:

Father dead, 15; mother dead, 10; both parents dead, 4; parents separated, 4; total, 33.

Nativity of boys committed during the year:

Father born in United States, 11; father foreign born (including 11 in Canada) 43; unknown, 7; mother born in United States, 16; mother foreign born (including 14 in Canada) 42; unknown, 6.



THE MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT OF THE TRUANT SCHOOL AT NORTH CHELMSFORD.

PASSED THE EXAMINATION.

James G. Hill, Jr., Wilbrod Lemoine, Thomas G. Robbins and George H. Spalding of this city have successfully passed the examination for admission to the bar.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Gideon McKay of Nashua, N. H., and Miss Cora Dow of this city were united in marriage on Saturday, by Rev. George F. Kengott of the First Trinitarian church at the bride's home, 224 High street.

A robust, manly son and a cooing baby-girl nestling in her bosom — what more can any woman ask? It is a boon that Heaven intended should be granted to every woman.

Thousands fail of this because they have neglected to look after their health in a womanly way. The health of a woman's babies is dependent upon her own health during the period of prospective maternity. The prospective mother cannot be too particular about her physical condition. If she suffers from local weakness, nervousness or loss of vigor and virility, her children will be weak, puny and sickly. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only unfailing cure for all weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the brunt of maternity. It makes these organs strong, healthy, vigorous, virile and elastic. It makes the prospective mother strong and cheerful. It robs maternity of its perils. It insures a baby constitutionally strong. It is the invention of an eminent and skillful specialist, who has had thirty years' training in this particular branch, during which time he and his staff of physicians have prescribed for many thousands of women. Medicines dealers sell it and an honest dealer will not urge upon you an inferior substitute merely for the little added profit he may make thereon.

"I am the mother of a nice baby four and a half months old," writes Mrs. J. B. Clough, (Box 263) of Lisbon, Grafton Co., N. H. "I cannot give too much praise to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good."

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prevent it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

BOYS GET $10,000

Verdict for $5,000 for Each

FOR INJURIES BY SHIFTING CARS.

Against the American Sugar Refining Company.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—In the second session of the Superior Court yesterday the jury awarded two South Boston boys $5000 damages each against the American Sugar Refining company. The boys are Stephen Flaherty, aged 11, of 6 Granite street, and Patrick Lee, aged 11 of 1 Granite street. Both were injured at the same time by alleged negligence of the company in the shifting of freight cars.

Stephen Flaherty received a gash on his head, in which it was necessary to take forty-four stitches. He also received bodily injuries and is lamed for life. His health has been very much impaired as a result of the accident.

PATRICK LEE, South Boston, aged 11, who is warded $5000 damages against the American Sugar Refining company, for loss of his leg.

Patrick Lee had one of his legs taken off.

The fathers of the boys are laborers, working for small pay, and with large families dependent on them.

In the case of Flaherty $2500 will be kept as an intact fund until he is 21 years of age. The other will be invested in a comfortable home for the family. The boy will be given a good education as he will probably not be able to earn his livelihood when he grows to manhood by manual labor.

STEPHEN FLAHERTY, the 11-year-old South Boston boy, who was given a $5000 verdict against the American Sugar Refining company.

The Lee boy will also be educated. His father speaks with intense pride of his boy's ability in the acquirement of knowledge, and will leave no stone unturned in giving the lad good training.

HE MADE MONEY

That Was Bad and Passed It.

YOUNG HATCH ADMITS HIS GUILT.

Police Think He Had Some Pals.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

REVERE, Jan. 31.—Chief of Police Ray is somewhat puzzled over the case of Carl E. Hatch 17, of this town. According to the story, he told Chief Ray he is a counterfeiter. He was arrested in Malden for the Revere police last Sunday, and is charged simply with having counterfeit money in his possession.

Hatch is the son of William I. Hatch, a house painter of Lynn street in North Revere. He is a bright young fellow, and his ready and pleasible stories have bothered Chief Ray and his men.

Chief Ray has secured four or five boys of the town as witnesses against young Hatch. They all claim to have seen the prisoner with from 15 to 20 counterfeit dimes and nickels at different times.

When Chief Ray went to Malden to bring Hatch to Revere, the boy told him then that he had made the counterfeit money himself. He said that he had pounded a dime and a nickel into pieces of lead pipe until he had obtained a perfect impression of each side of the two coins. With a nail he made an opening for the molten metal to flow into the mold he had thus made.

The sample of the counterfeit money which Chief Ray has in his possession, would almost warrant belief in the tale told Chief Ray. The counterfeits are certainly not such as to deceive anyone, giving them more than a casual glance. They are of lead and are much thicker than the genuine. The weight alone is sufficient to tell of what they are made.

After young Hatch had been taken to the Revere lockup, his mother called to see him. She exhorted the young lad to tell the truth about the matter and he replied if he did so, he would get out of the matter. By his answer he implied that there were others interested in the matter.

Chief Ray seems to be of this opinion. He thinks that there may be certain persons making the coins and giving them to boys to get rid of. Today he intends seeing the U. S. authorities and request them to take charge of the case.

Today he had young Hatch in the Chelsea police court on a charge of having counterfeit money in his possession. The lad was simply arraigned and the case continued.

Now Chief Ray says that if the U. S. authorities will take charge of the case he will ask to have his charge against the boy dismissed in the Chelsea court.

Though only charged with having the money in his possession, the police claim to have evidence which will show that Hatch passed some of this bad money in Malden in exchange for a loaf of bread and that he also passed a coin in North Revere.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies impart strength and vigor.

MILL GIRL'S LUCK

A Lawrence Operative Inherits $20,000

SARAH INGLESON RECEIVES THE FORTUNE

From Her Uncle Who Died Recently.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 31.—Through the death of her uncle Sarah Ingleson, an Everett mill's weaver, falls heir to about $20,000.

Thirty years ago William Ingleson and his wife came to Lawrence from Lancashire, Eng., and found employment in the Pemberton mills, he a loom-fixer, she a weaver. Both worked hard and steadily, and in course of time became real estate owners, purchasing land on Merrimac street. This street was at that time little more than cleared ground which could be purchased at the rate of a cent a foot.

Mr. Ingleson bought several large lots. As time went on and the city grew, four tenement houses sprang up on the Ingleson lots, and then a pretty home for the hard working couple.

Five years ago, by the death of his wife, Mr. Ingleson was left alone in his home, there being no children, and he began to wonder what he should do with his hard-earned money. There were relatives in New Jersey and Philadelphia, and the old man decided to pay them a visit before making a will in their favor.

He decided to go in the disguise of a poor relation.

"If they treat me well I'll give them my money, if they don't—" and the old man smiled grimly.

He visited them all and came back to this city. He was chary of information concerning the reception he met, but he made no will in favor of those particular relatives.

Last fall his niece Sarah came from Stockport, Eng., to try her fortune in the states. She took up her abode with her aged uncle and obtained employment in the Everett mills. A widowed sister-in-law of Mr. Ingleson's kept house for the pair, until a few weeks ago she sickened and died.

Sarah left her work in the mill to nurse her aunt through her last illness, and then announced her intention to retur nto England.

"Bide a bit lass," said the old uncle, "I shall not be long here, now, an' my word for it, ye'll not regret it."

Last Saturday William Ingleson died, having lived to be threescore and fourteen years of age.

To the niece he had known for only a few months he left his houses and lands and much money in the banks. It is her intention to dispose of the property, in accordance with the old man's advice, and return at once to her home in England.

M. Charles Ward, the genial clerk at the post office, is to chaperon a theatre party to Boston Washington's birthday.

John Green, the well known baritone, attended the Tewksbury Grange meeting today.

What's the Use of doing all the work of cleaning, when Ivorine Washing Powder will do the biggest part? What's the use of fretting and wearing your life out on the dishes and the silverware, the pots and the pans, when Ivorine will do the work?

There's a cake of pure Glycerine Toilet Soap in every package.

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO.,
GLASTONBURY, CONN.

SAFE SURE SPEEDY

MME. LE CLAIR'S FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY

Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, successful when Cotton Root, Pennyroyal, Ergot, etc., have proven worthless. 25 two-cent stamps brings trial package, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 4 cents in stamps for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address LeClair Pill Co., U. S. Agents, Boston, Mass. N.B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with trial package.

Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

Many Men Are Supremely Happy

of the wearing qualities of our Famous $3.00 SUNLIGHT SHOES. These shoes are made expressly for us.

Made by expert workmen.
Made on the latest lasts.
Made to stand the test.

Made as good as any $3.50 shoe in Lowell. We warrant every pair to give satisfaction, or your money back. It's easy to match these shoes. It's hard to match their sterling qualities.

Sold only in Lowell at the

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 Central Street.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. GRADY.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The liver gets lazy and sluggish sometimes, and then you have biliousness and bad complexion.

LIVER

Hostetter's BITTERS

livens up the liver, clears up the complexion and makes you well again.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, physicians advocate them.

Reduce, Reducing, Reduced

That is just what we have done with our prices on

Oil Heating Stoves and Parlor Stoves.

We are determined to close them out at reduced prices, rather than carry them over.

If you have use for a heating stove, either for coal, oil or gas, come and see our stock. We know we can suit you.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

PROMPTING ENDEAVORS.

The natural law of suggestion and example is the contagious spirit of progress, showing superiority of teaching Business, Shorthand and English—day and evening—at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. P. Wheeler, Mgr.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

SEEN BETTER DAYS

There are at least two local papers with less than one-fifth the circulation of THE SUN. They may have seen better days, but the only remnant of their former glory is the high price they charge for advertising.

If the price they ask is a fair one, THE SUN would be justified in asking five times as much, but we do not ask even twice as much. Don't you see why advertising in THE SUN is the cheapest in Lowell?

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in the city. It is in every respect

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

The citizens of Lowell now look to District Attorney Weir for an inquest upon the death of Mr. Mayotte and that of Mary A. Leonard.

Still it seems that Senator Quay is unable to command the necessary number of votes to land him in the United States senate. It would require an expert corruptionist like Hanna to fix the opposition so as to elect Quay.

The Boston city government budget for the ensuing year amounts to the vicinity of fourteen million dollars after having been reduced by about two millions and this is considered inadequate for the various projects being started up in the interests of the city.

The Citizen attacks Councilman Saunders for not voting when City Messenger Fagan was elected but it has not a word to say against republicans who voted for Mr. Fagan. It is afraid to single out the councilman who elected Fagan, yet it pounces upon Saunders.

Company M of Lowell is a unit in testifying to the inferior quality of the beef furnished to the army during their campaign in Cuba. They did not go so far as to say it was embalmed beef, but the majority of them say it was rotten. That being so, it would seem that even the embalming process proved an utter failure.

It is about time that Mark Hanna had cleared up that bribery case by which he was elected to the United States senate. One of the men who received $1700 of the bribe money has let the matter out and now he is called on to produce the money. This is the only case in which Hanna ever bribed a man who let the cat out of the bag.

President Kiley of the Boston common council wants a general cut-down of wages in that city. He is a republican and most of the office holders being democrats, he wants to reduce wages. If the office holders were republicans, this officious statesman would probably advocate an increase in the wages.

At last, the police of New York have discovered the man who mailed the poisonous package to Harry Cornish. Upon this particular case, the New York police seem to have been utterly helpless. Now that they have a definite clue, it is to be hoped that they will eventually solve the mystery and bring the perpetrators to justice.

It is gratifying to know that it is now quite probable that an inquest will be held on the death of Charles W. Mayotte, and at the same time we suggest that an inquest be held on the death of Mary A. Leonard who was killed on her way to work by being run over by a milk wagon. There are witnesses to this fatality and the whole matter should be cleared up in order to ascertain whether the driver of the team was criminally negligent. It is due to the public of Lowell that there should be an inquest in order to satisfy the citizens as to the dangers they may expect on the public streets from reckless driving or other causes.

General Eagan has been found guilty, and his sentence is dismissal from the service. Owing to the plea of temporary insanity made in his behalf, a great deal of sympathy has been felt for him since his trial, and as the sentence bears a recommendation for mercy, it is quite probable that President McKinley will show clemency. There is no doubt whatever that General Eagan is honest, and no doubt that if embalmed beef was furnished to the soldiers or if other frauds were perpetrated it was wholly without his knowledge. In dispensing supplies to the value of $90,000,000, it is stated that General Eagan has never been benefited directly or indirectly and at the present time that he is practically no richer than when he started. He may have made mistakes during the war, but he was probably guilty of no intentional neglect of duty. The only offence of which he is convicted is his attack on General Miles and in that he made the greatest mistake of his career. Again, General Miles has triumphed and today he is stronger with the country than ever before.

It is very remarkable how many bills have been introduced in the legislature affecting the city of Boston, and few of them coming from any popular demand within the city itself. They have been introduced by petty politicians who hope to get the legislature to assist them in making Boston a republican city. The main object is to overcome the democratic majority by trickery and fraud. Governor Wolcott in his inaugural message cautioned the legislators against this very evil, but it seems that his good advice has been thrown away upon them. It remains to be seen whether the legislature as a whole will prostitute its power to the extent of passing these corrupt measures in any form.

While superintending the arrest of a number of men on Dummer street Saturday evening, Lieutenant Brosnahan showed his sense of duty by ordering one of the officers to go into a house from which the prisoners were taken, and get the clothing of one man who had been placed in the patrol wagon without hat, coat or shoes. The officer rather reluctantly obeyed the order but it was a very proper one, considering the cold night. It would have been sufficient to give the man pneumonia to ride in an open wagon on Saturday night without the articles of clothing mentioned. It appears that some of the police officers, at least, are learning to be more considerate in the treatment of prisoners.

It appears that the textile workers of Fall River have formulated their demands for higher wages. They want a restoration of the wages which they received before the last cut down and in this demand they are joined by the operatives of Lowell, Lawrence, and New Bedford. Now that business is improving in every direction and particularly in the mills, it is to be hoped that the manufacturers will endeavor to do justice to their operatives. They have already confessed that their decision to cut wages as a means of helping the business was a total failure, and that a curtailment of production would have been very much better. For this reason it is doubly incumbent upon them to make amends by restoring the old schedule of wages.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Worcester Telegram—That senator who said Rear Admiral Schley ran away from Cervera at Santiago, in face of the report of the commission that told how skilfully he manoeuvered to avoid being rammed and to get into a better position for chasing Cervera, will soon tell the committee that Dewey ran away at Cavite because he got short of ammunition and stopped to fill up the ammunition and his men.

Milford Journal—It's no use—you can't choke 'em off. Congressman Barrows of this state, who goes out with this session, is a reformer and can talk very prettily about "the office should seek the man" etc., etc., etc., but this doesn't stop him from pushing for the lucrative position of librarian of congress, almost before the flowers have faded on the grave of the deceased incumbent, John Russell Young. If a low, groveling spoilsman had done this what a howl of righteous indignation there would have been from the goody goody fellows who are too pure for the sordid scenes of earth.

New Bedford Standard—The Spanish-American treaty will be ratified when the senate gets around to it and there is no necessity for worriment about the delay. Least of all is there occasion for continual throwing up the bugbear that until the treaty is ratified, the state of war continues. Technically, it may be, the nations are at war. Practically, there is about such a state of war as would exist between a rabbit and a tiger which had half killed it. Even if the treaty should fail, all that would happen would be that another treaty would have to be made. That is the plain common sense of the matter. The fidget about a possible renewal of hostilities is a piece of ridiculous affectation.

Washington Post—Between the Cubans and the Ohioans the administration will be kept busy handling out the offices.

Providence Journal, Ind.—If Senator Quay was not so unfortunately strong, politically, some of the arguments put forward in his behalf by his friends would have defeated him before now.

Possibly Senator Chandler's disclosures will not add to his strength in the next session of the state legislature, but the people of the state ought to be very thankful to him for informing them how their campaigns are being managed, even if in so doing he could be convicted of "telling tales out of school."

New York World, Dem.—If a collision shall unfortunately occur in the Philippines, can there be any question as to who will be responsible? Who would have been responsible for further bloodshed in this country in 1783 if France, having whipped England at home, had forced a "cession" of the American colonies and sent an expedition here to demand submission to her sovereignty?

Boston Post, Dem.—The key to the situation is the passage of the House resolution, or the amendment of the treaty, giving assurance to the Filipinos that the purpose of the United States is not conquest, but liberation. The ratification of the treaty will not cure the trouble in the Philippines; it will make it worse. The adoption of the resolutions now pending will smooth the way for the United States in that archipelago.

Indianapolis Journal, Dem.—One thing is certain with the election of senators by popular vote, there would never be a deadlock; a state would never be without two senators; men of the "Gas" Addicks type would find it very difficult to secure nominations; bosses like Quay and Platt and Hanna would not easily climb to position; legislatures could be elected with sole reference to state questions.

Chicago News, Ind.—Like the lumber men, the mine owners are catching the trade expansion fever. They are no longer afraid of the pauper coal mines of Canada. They want to get their share of orders from Ontario which is the industrial centre of the Dominion. With the tariff removed they can more than offset the 700,000 tons of Canadian coal which were shipped to this country last year; indeed their present shipments do that now.

Springfield Republican, Ind.—The librarian of congress should be a man of large size in education, culture, administrative talent and experience in modern library methods. Yet the place is being scrambled for by a lot of party hacks and journalistic adulators of the president. Congressman Barrows of this state seems much more fitted for the place than any of the other political aspirants, yet why should the choice be limited to men with party claims? The library of congress is the greatest in the land and it deserves a great librarian, not an office-seeker, as its head.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

The February Cosmopolitan has an array of able articles on a variety of topics, mostly those which in a great measure absorb public attention at the present time. One article of great importance to parents is that by F. Gardner upon the need of "Utilizing Boy Waste." Our new colonies receive considerable attention from the contributors and John Brisben Walker writes an humorous article upon "How an Empire is Built," dealing with facts of history that appear new under his masterly treatment. There is a variety of articles on social, industrial, scientific and literary subjects all readable, instructive, timely and interesting.

The Catholic World for February has a very valuable and instructive article by an Augustinian priest on life and missionary work in the Philippines. It has a variety of fiction which shows the people at their daily labor, in their homes and surrounded by the luxuriant bloom that abounds in those tropical regions. The writer shows that the injustice of Spanish rule brought a great deal of opprobrium upon the missionaries who were supposed to be in sympathy with the home government. This is one result of a policy which makes the church a state establishment. Were it otherwise the church would not be held responsible for the sins of the Spanish government. Among the other leading articles are the following: "Riches Unused" by Rev. George Lee C. S. Sp.; Sheila's Presentment, Clara Mulholland; Music as an educational factor, Marcella Reilly; the old churches of Rouen, by Emma Endres; The Problem of Personality, by William Seeton, LL. D.; Chiquita, by John J. A. Becket; The Italian Government, by Rev. George McDermott; Rose Hawthorne Lathrop writes a beautiful illustrated article upon New York, its sights and scenes of busy life, its gayleties and its miseries, its charities and its restitution and sets forth the claims to consideration of the poor suffering from incurable cancer. She has already established a home for such patients and the public has shown a willingness to help in the work while the number of patients applying is more than can be accommodated.

SUCCESS.

The latest issue of that ideal journal for ambitious youth Success is full of articles of absorbing interest on the life studies of successful men, showing how success has been attained under the most adverse conditions. The types presented are such as can be safely followed by the young and the illustrations are profuse and artistic. There is also a variety of instructive reading bearing upon the general run of the ambitious and altogether the publication is one of the best that can fall into the hands of young people. Public men of the day as well as the men who have distinguished themselves in the past are treated as examples to be followed by those who aspire to success. There are also encouraging helpful articles for young ladies. One article touches upon the movement for advancing and improving the condition of the 100,000 women stenographers of this country. It is headed by Miss Gertrude Beeks and is rapidly growing. The issue of January 28 (Success is published weekly) has an interesting article from the pen of Henry Clews, the well-known New York banker, telling country boys how to get along in a great city. He advises every lad between the age of fifteen and twenty to learn some foreign language for its benefit as a means of mind training, and also stenography and typewriting.

CAKE WALK

HELD BY PROSPERITY CIRCLE, C. OF F. LAST NIGHT.

Prosperity Circle, Companions of the Forest held a grand cake walk and sociable in Forester's hall, last night. The attendance was very large and among those present were visitors from Nashua and Lawrence. Hibbard's orchestra played for the dancing, and the occasion was one of great enjoyment. At the first intermission, the six couples were called out for the cake walk. After a march around the hall, the first couple John Martin and Josephine Trudell did a walk that was immense and "caught on." They were followed by Thomas Armstrong and Mamie Nestor, J. Conroy and partner, Mr. Harper and Jennie Bullis, Mr. Lampscot and partner, Mr. Gregoire and Miss Eveline Dupont.

The judges were unanimous in their decision giving the gentleman's prize to John Martin, but there was some question about the lady's prize, there being a division between Jennie Bullis and Eveline Dupont. Finally the prize was awarded Miss Bullis.

The officers of the dance were as follows:

General manager, Mary E. Saunders; assistant general manager, Delia Dussure; floor manager, Katie Fourier; assistant floor manager, Maggie Donoghue; chief aid, W. H. Stafford, aids Minnie Donahue, Nellie Torney, Rose A. Gallagher, Minnie Keelan, H. C. McCoker, Gertrude Meloy, Angelina Gaudette, Josie Brussure, Lizzie Murphy, Maggie Sheridan, Annie Gorman, Delia Daley, James J. Donahue, James H. Hickey, Owen O'Neil, John E. Maguire; reception committee, John J. Casaldy, chairman; Rachel Campbell, Ann Brennan, Alexander J. Campbell, Della Gallagher, Mary Tristan, Rosie Perrault, Josie O'Connor, J. Cotter, Delia Murphy.

Be Sure To Demand, and See That You Get a

BENSON'S,

A SEAL STAMP ON THE GENUINE

't is the best POROUS PLASTER

The most successful remedy against Coughs, Colds Grip and Chest Troubles, nor so prevalent. Clean, safe and sure. It never fails. Price 25c. All Druggists. Of m'f'rs, Seabury & Johnson, N.Y., if unobtainable.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

To be Enlarged to Accommodate Students.

MEETING OF THE SCHOOL BOARD LAST NIGHT.

"Teacher" Coughlin's Resignation Accepted.

The regular meeting of the school board held last night was very late in being called to order, the members holding a convention behind the doors of the private room previous to the open meeting. It was 9 o'clock when the chairman opened the meeting. The committee on teachers reported in favor of a new piano for the Training school and that Miss Agnes Courtney of the Lakeview ave. school be transferred to the Morrill school. The latter recommendation was adopted and the purchase of a piano was referred to the committee on music.

Mr. Thompson for the committee on high school presented a report recommending that the school committee petition the city council to grant a hearing on the subject of providing increased accommodations for the High school.

Speaking to the recommendation, Mr. Thompson explained that at the beginning of the present term, there were about 60 more pupils than could be provided with seats. The manual training school gave some relief but certainly, he said, at the beginning of the next school year, the seating capacity will be insufficient, to the number of 60 or more pupils. He hoped there would be an early hearing, that the board would attend and would impress upon the city council the pressing need in this matter. The idea is to put a new building upon the land that the city now owns near the present High school building, which will furnish accommodations for some time to come, and which will be simply a completion of the present High school building. It is proposed, as explained in answer to a question by Mr. Thomas J. Murphy, to bring the manual training school under the same roof, also a drill shed, and one or two extra class rooms.

The report was accepted and adopted and on suggestion of Supt. Whitcomb, the board voted full power to the committee on school houses and hygiene to add to the seating capacity of the Highland school hall and also to put sinks in the Varnum school. The committee was also given full power in the matter of sanitary regulation in kindergartens.

On motion of Mr. Schoolcraft, leave of absence for an indefinite time, was granted to Miss Laura H. Farmer of the Kirk street school.

Mr. Everett called attention to the fact that the floors of the Colburn school are in a worn condition and that the doors need looking after. The matter was referred to the committee on school houses and hygiene with power to confer with the superintendent of buildings.

Supt. Whitcomb then presented the resignation of Miss Ellen F. Coughlin teacher in the Morrill school. In presenting her resignation, Miss Coughlin expressed her appreciation of the many courtesies extended her by the committee, past and present, during her 46 years of service as a teacher in the city schools.

Mr. Thomas Murphy as a former pupil of Miss Coughlin, and her sub-committeeman, spoke of her faithful work, and moved the acceptance of the resignation.

Superintendent Whitcomb said that Miss Coughlin's case is so remarkable that he was unwilling to allow her resignation to pass, without a further word of comment. "She is known and honored and loved in that section of the city by two generations as is the case with scarcely any other teacher in Lowell. We have never had in Lowell a more faithful, zealous teacher than Miss Coughlin. She has had but one interest and that was the welfare of the school."

The resignation was accepted, and on motion of Mr. Murphy, a rising vote of thanks was given Miss Coughlin for her long and faithful service and the secretary was instructed to notify her of the action of the board.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

NEW ADDITION TO ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The new addition to St. John's Catholic church is now nearing completion and when finished will accommodate about 150 more people. This will give a seating capacity of about 1000 to the church, which the growing needs of the village has emphatically demanded for some time past.

There was a very pleasant surprise party Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Maude Downs in Tyngsboro. The affair was under the management of Harry L. Downs, who presented a handsome tea set to the estimable woman in behalf of the many visitors present. There was a large delegation from North Chelmsford. A supper was served after which the evening was given up to games, music, readings and dancing, Mr. Arthur Blodgett, with his violin, and a piano for accompaniment, furnished the music for the dancing.

Mr. Cornelius McDonald of Lawrence, is in town, visiting at the home of Mr. Abner Hemlow.

The Westford B. B. club will hold their annual ball in the town hall in Westford next Friday evening. A large number of North Chelmsford people will attend.

The members of the Clover Social club are making great preparations for their annual ball which occurs Friday evening, Feb. 19, in the town hall. This will be the seventh annual ball of the club and the event is looked forward to with great interest by the younger portion of the townspeople. The boys say that this event will eclipse all former ones, as many tickets have been sold already to both local and out-of-town parties. The members of the above club are developing some clever check-er experts this winter. Mr. John Brennan seem to be able to do anything and everything that comes his way, and the boys are trying to get him to visit Lowell and take a whack at some of the crackerjacks in the Spindle City. Mr. William O'Neil, a popular member of the Clover club, and also well known about town, has opened a fish market in the village.

Tomorrow evening the North Chelmsford Dramatic club will present the drama, "The Great Catastrophe" in the town hall. The Misses Marmel of this village, and Mr. M. J. Mahoney the well known delineator of Shakesperian roles, will have the piece in charge, which is enough to say that a good entertainment awaits all those who attend.

MUSIC HALL.

The Bruns and Nina high class vaudeville Co., appeared for the first time last evening at Music hall and met with an enthusiastic greeting, each and every act being warmly applauded.

The olio consisted of an acrobatic act by Humes and Clayton, which was very good; Dennella sang some very catchy songs; Bruns and Nina give an exhibition of paper tearing and made several pretty designs; they also introduced the singing dog, Fritz. The Zeereeth trio were very clever and made a pronounced hit with the audience; Will White and his dog Bill delighted the audience with their cake walk; Raldeano and Cleo made the hit of the evening in their spiritualistic act; Ned West treated the audience to a good laugh with his singing and dancing. The performance ended with Nina, the electric picture dancer assisted by Harry Bruns, who sang popular songs which were illustrated upon her dress while the dance went on; several of the leading men and women were also pictured in the same manner. The company will appear tonight and tomorrow matinee and evening.

Bryant and Watson's Australian Beauties consisting of 25 ladies and 10 comedians will be the attraction at Music Hall for three nights commencing Thursday, February 2 with the usual Saturday matinee. The popular comedian Harry C. Bryant heads the organization and will be seen in two up-to-date reviews entitled "The Type-Writer's Wedding Day," and "The Duke de Monte Carlo." Prominent in the list of vaudeville stars are Smith O'Brien, Williams and Adams, Sheehan and Kennedy, Hazleton and Vedder, May Rhea and Ruby Marion, and the Lavelles, French whirlwind dancers.

M. C. McGowan and J. W. Lachance representing the Artisans association of Montreal, Canada, visited city hall Monday, and after a short stay in the assessors office were shown about the building by Assistant Assessor A. Bourbonniere. They greatly admired the building and were much interested in the several departments.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM
CURES COLD IN THE HEAD QUICKLY, PERMANENTLY.
Place a little in the nostrils. It dissolves—goes up at once—not down—reaches the seat of the trouble and—you're cured.
10c. tube, 25c. box. All Druggists.
A. W. DOWS & CO., Props.
Lowell, Mass. (3)

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edmond H. Duprez to the Central Savings Bank, dated July 9th, 1891, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of the County of Middlesex in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in Book 253, Page 71, and for breach of the condition therein contained and for the purpose of foreclosing said mortgage will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the eighth day of February A. D., 1899, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day at Rivet & Daniel's office, No. 65, on Merrimack street, in Lowell, in said County, all and singular the following premises described in said mortgage as follows, namely: A certain tract or parcel of land containing thirty seven hundred and fifty (3750) square feet, situated on the southwesterly side of a private way called Ward street, in said Lowell and bounded, viz—Beginning at the most easterly corner of the premises on the southwesterly side of said Ward street at a stake which is distant two hundred and seventy five (275) feet northwesterly from a stone bound at the intersection of the southwesterly side of said Ward street, with the northwesterly side of a private way called Tucker street; thence running southwesterly at right angles to said Ward street seventy-five (75) feet to a stake; thence at a right angle northwesterly fifty (50) feet to a stake at land conveyed by the proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river to one Hiram Whitney; thence at a right angle northwesterly on said Whitney's land seventy-five (75) feet to the southwesterly side of said Ward street; thence southeasterly on the southwesterly side of said Ward street fifty (50) feet to the point of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed to me by said proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river by their deed dated June 22th, A. D. 1891, and recorded herewith, and this conveyance is made subject to the same conditions, restrictions and reservations in said deed mentioned or referred to. Said premises were conveyed to me under the name of Edmund H. Duprez, which should be Edmond H. Duprez.

Terms $1500.00, to be paid at the time and place of sale; other terms made known at sale.

Lowell, Jan. 17, 1899.

JOSEPH L. CHALIFOUX,
Assignee of said mortgage.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CATHERINE SPENCER, late of Lowell, in said county deceased, intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to John W. Spencer of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex on the seventh day of February, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

FIRE SALE.

You don't want it! It is damaged goods! Great mark down sale! You don't want that! It is shopworn and out of style goods!

IN NEED OF MONEY SALE.

To pay for the latest style goods lately bought. That's what you are after.

Ladies' Beaver Jackets worth $5.00; in need of money sale, $1.75.

Ladies' Buckley Jackets, all silk lined, worth $9.00; in need of money sale, $3.95.

Ladies' Kersey Jackets, all silk lined, worth $10.00; in need of money sale, $4.75.

The best Jacket in the market, lined all through, sleeves and all, with fancy taffeta silk, never been sold elsewhere for less than $23.00; in need of money sale, $11.00.

COOPER'S COSY CLOAK STORE,
(Opposite Car Waiting Room.)
16 Merrimack Sq.

G. O. TAYLOR WHISKIES
QUALITY NEVER VARIES.
First Sold May, 1873.
BOTTLED MEDICINALLY PURE.
For MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS' PRESCRIPTIONS
Sold by Licensed Dealers
EVERYWHERE.
REJECT SUBSTITUTES.
GENUINE has our FIRM NAME on FACE and NECK LABEL.
Chester H. Graves & Sons

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, beneath the distillated.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Jan. 30, 31 and Feb. 1, with usual Wednesday Matinee. The Big City Show,

Bruns and Nina

High class vaudevilles. 10—all feature acts—10.

Nina The Great Electrical Picture Dancer. Something entirely new. An entertainment for all classes.

Feb. 2, 3 and 4, with usual Saturday Matinee.

THE REAL THING.

BRYANT & WATSON'S AUSTRALIAN BEAUTIES

35—PEOPLE—35.

Seats now on sale.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale AND PORTER.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL —ARE—
JOHN LENNON & CO.,
—AND—
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY & CO.
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P. TEAGUE & CO.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHUE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:
JOHN H. BURKE & CO.
JAMES CALNIN & CO.
JOSEPH H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, JR., & CO.
JOHN DONOHUE & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JOHN J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
EWD. F. FAULKNER & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN F. KINSELLA & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
THOMAS F. GARVEY.
D. T. FINNEGAN.
FRANK BRADY & CO.
FRANK BARNARD.

FRANL JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED).

Boston and Maine Railroad

Corrected to Oct. 3, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, †6.42, *7.45, *8.50, †9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.19, †3.00, 4.25, †5.44 p m. SUNDAYS, 9.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.28, †6.15, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.23, 7.33, *7.49, w*8.15, *8.57, *9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a m; w12.05, 12.10, w12.45, 1.23, w2.30, w*3.05, 3.10, *3.47, w4.05, 4.23, w5.10, 5.22, *5.49, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.10, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19, a m, w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25 p m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50 x7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w4.05, 4.18, w5.10, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a m, w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p m.

For Salem, Mass, w6.28, 7.33 a m; w12.05, 1.23, w5.10, 5.53 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, x7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, †11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p m.

For Exeter and Dover 6.23, 6.50, x7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m.

For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, x7.33, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland 8.30 a m; 5.10 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, 5.10 p m (does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland); discontinue for the season.

For stations on Grand Trunk R. R., via Portland 8.30 a. m. 12.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.23, *7.48, 11.03 a m; 1.43, 4.22 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.43 a m; 4.25, 5.58 p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a m; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.12 a m; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a m (to Nashua only), 8.06 a m; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *1.40, (to Franklin only) 5.41, †*8.40 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 1.00 p m.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.40 a m, *1.40, †*8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a m; *12.12, *†8.10 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.40 a m; †*8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—9.40 a. m., †*8.40 p m.

References: *Express. †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. ¶ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

N. Y., N. H., and Hartford R. R

EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 10, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot), as follows:

For Taunton, New Bedford, Newport, Providence, Pawtucket, Marlboro, South Framingham and way stations, at 7.15, 11.25 a. m., 5.25 p. m. All trains connect at South Framingham with Boston and Albany R. R. for Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the west; also at Concord Junction with the Fitchburg R. R.

The 5.25 p. m. train connects with Stonington line for New York city, the south and west.

SUNDAYS—For South Framingham, Mansfield, Pawtucket, Providence and way-stations, 7.15 a. m. Return at 5.53 p. m., connecting for Worcester and return.

O. PETER CLARK, G. S. | Ticket office
A. C. KENDALL, G. P. A. | at
I. N. MARSHALL, S. N. D. | Middlesex St
GEO. W. MILLER, L. Agt. | Station.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1583 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
Sold by all Local Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

DR. PEFFER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.
NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS.
A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 50,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co., cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.

CLEARING UP
A line of
LADIES' SHOES
embracing Kid and Cloth Top Button Shoes. $2 would be a reasonable price for the quality of stock and workmanship. Our price to move them quick is
$1.25 A PAIR.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON ST.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House, COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 183 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

The Wonderful New Drink.
"Gloria"

You better drink GLORIA in "ninety-nine,"
May be hard to get beer some of the time;
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby adding pleasure to wealth.
Many good things of GLORIA are said,
Give you strength to earn your bread;
Dream not of the frightful tale,
Of Satan's imps all out on bail;
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.

A very useful family beverage. Please try case. 5 cents a glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.
Corner Willie and Broadway.

WELCOME NEWS
Better Times.
Lower Prices.

Best Salt Ribs, 6 lbs.,	-	25c.
Roast Pork "Fresh,"	-	7c. lb.
Fresh Shoulders,	-	7c. lb.
Smoked "	-	7c. lb.
Legs Lamb,	-	10c. lb.
Shoulders Lamb,	-	7c. lb.
Strips Bacon (Morrell's)	-	10c. lb.

We guarantee that the above goods are No. 1 standard or no sale.

Central Cash Market
Cor. Central and Charles Sts.
Telephone 606-3.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 3,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on this Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. R. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars. Sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. J. Carey (Clerks) H. Garrity

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

DEMAND MORE PAY

Fall River Textile Council Passed Resolution.

Calling for Restoration of Old Scale of Wages the First Monday in March--Manufacturers Will Not Confer With Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 31.—The executive committee of the Manufacturers' association of this city has refused to grant the request of the textile council comprising delegates from all the textile unions, for a conference. The conference was requested for the purpose of discussing a request for an advance in wages. Secretary Rouseville of the manufacturers' association states in his letter to the textile council that the present condition of the industry does not warrant an increase in wages and the time for consideration as to restoration of the reduction has not arrived and cannot at this time be considered. The textile council met immediately upon receipt of the communication and adopted the following:

"That we recommend to the several organizations that we request the manufacturers to restore wages to the scale paid previous to Jan. 3, 1898, the same to take effect on and after the first Monday in March."

After the various textile unions have met and acted on this recommendation another meeting of the council will be held at which action will be taken in accordance with all the unions affiliated with the council.

HAD TWO FAMILIES

Richard C. Combs Maintained Both of Them.

HIS INSURANCE AMOUNTING TO $2,000.

Will be Divided Between the Families.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 31.—A decision rendered by the supreme court brings to light another story of one man's two families.

Richard C. Combs died in 1889 and left two families one in Burlington and one in Wichita, Kansas. The Burlington family was the legitimate one, but Combs had maintained both for twenty years, and lived most of the time just prior to his death with the Kansas woman and three children whom he recognized. Her name was Miss A. C. Dunn. Combs, who was a travelling man, had a policy of life insurance for $1000 in the Iowa Legion of Honor. The money was paid to the Burlington woman and suit was begun by the guardian of the Kansas children to recover from the Burlington family or the Legion of Honor, the mother of the Kansas children having died. The court holds that the Burlington family must divide with the Kansas children, since their father recognized them as his.

LOWELL YOUNG MAN

AND NASHUA GIRL IN A RNAWAY ACCIDENT AT NASHUA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, Jan. 31.— A young man from Lowell, whose name could not be learned came to this city Sunday evening to take a Nashua young woman out for a drive. They were returning from their drive when their horse became frightened at the electric cars and dashed into a telephone pole at the junction of Temple and Armory streets. The occupants were thrown out and the horse ran along Armory street until the carriage struck another pole and was badly wrecked.

The driver and, the young woman were taken to the City hotel, where it was found that neither was injured and will not suffer beyond severe shaking up. The horse was captured later and the young man returned to Lowell via the electric cars.

EIGHT HOUR DAY

WILL BE ASKED FOR BY UNITED MINE WORKERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Jan. 31.—District No. 13 of the United Mine Workers of America which includes the state of Iowa and particularly southern and western coal fields, has decided to ask for an 8-hour day schedule. The Leg. Committee has called a convention of miners and operators for February 22 in this city for the purpose of considering this matter and also for signing the scale for the coming year. The present scale is 25 cents a ton the year round. The secret delegate meeting of miners from the camps in above fields will be held here the day preceding the convention.

MILL SHUT DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 31—The fur set brick mill of the G. G. Wood Manufacturing company at Quinapexit, has shut down, making the third satinet mill of the company to close. The finishing department for all the Wood departments is still in operation.

THOMAS SAVAGE DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MALDEN, Mass., Jan. 31—Thomas Savage, a prominent lawyer, died at his home in Maplewood this morning from injuries received by falling from an electric car in Boston last Friday.

Mr. Savage was 47 years of age.

A BIG LOAN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31—The St. James Gazette says the French government is negotiating with French and British financiers for a loan of 8,000,000 pounds sterling to 10,000,000 pounds sterling, to be devoted to army and navy purposes.

TRADES UNION

EXPECTED TO UNITE IN PETITION TO PROTECT THEMSELVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 31.—The trades unions of this city are expected to unite in a petition to secure a hearing before the insurance committee of the legislature for legislation to protect them against the losses which will follow the decision of the insurance commissioner that insurance by unions against sickness, death, loss of tools and loss of work is illegal.

Secretary Tunsy of the carders' association said to-day that under the laws of the state labor organizations cannot become incorporated, but the insurance given by the organizations was purely a charitable feature. The unions do not desire to become incorporated, chiefly because associations of labor are voluntary, and as their work does not partake of a commercial nature.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—COTTON.—Futures opened steady at the decline: Feb. 608; Mar. 610; Apl. 612; May 616; June 617; July 617; Aug. 620; Sept. 604; Oct. 604; Nov. 601; Dec. 604.

SIR CLARE DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Sir Francis Clare Ford, recently British Ambassadar at Rome, is dead.

ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 31—Postal Inspector J. J. Larmour, of Chicago has left here, having in custody W. C. Simmons, who is accused of embezzling $3,000 from the government while acting as postmaster at Hesperia, Mich. Simmons has been wanted since 1893. During his wanderings over the Pacific coast and Hawaii he has been accompanied by his sixteen year old son. Simmons was arrested at Anacortes on Sunday.

BURIED IN A SNOWSLIDE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COKEVILLE, Wy., Jan. 31.—A snowslide a mile long near here buried several men and ten teams. All the men were taken out alive with the exception of Burt Handy who was dead when found.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Weather 8.30 a. m. Cloudy; temp., 20; north to northeasterly winds.

DR. BERRY FELL DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Rev. Charles Albert Berry, D. D., chairman in 1897 of the Congregational Union of England and Wales and first president of the national council of evangelical free churches fell dead today while conducting a funeral service of Dr. Totherieks, a Non-Conformist minister in a chapel at Hilston, Staffordshire.

POWERS HAVE AGREED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAIRO, Jan. 31—All the powers have agreed to a prolongation of the mixed tribunals for a year from tomorrow.

STEAMER SIGHTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Yanavira, Captain Weston, which sailed from Baltimore last Thursday for Havre, passed in by Sandy Hook at 10 oclock today, evidently in trouble.

QUAY AGAIN DISAPPOINTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 31.—The vote for U. S. senator today follows: Quay, 103; Jenks, 31; Dalzell, 14; Stewart, 14; Stone, 7; Huff, 6; Irvin, 4; Rice, 2; Widner, 2; Tubbs, 1; Smith 1; Ritten, 2; Markle, 2; Grow, 1. Total, 222. Necessary to a choice, 117. Paired, 14; absent, without pairs, 4. No election.

COPPER TOOK A JUMP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—There was great excitement among the followers of copper at the opening of stock exchange here this morning. All the prominent coppers soon went up from one to three points. Butte, Montana continued its sensational jump of yesterday and at 11 o'clock had reached 358, a total rise of 58 points since yesterday morning.

At the meeting of the Old Residents Historical Association tonight, at 7.30 o'clock, Hon. Frederick Lawton will read an historical sketch of the Middlesex Mechanics Association. Considerable important business will be transacted.

Mr. John McDonald of Lowell was the guest of Officer Joe Mack of Haverhill Saturday and Sunday.

ENGLAND IN FEAR

Over Disastrous Possibilities of Our Trade Competition

SO REPORTS CONSUL HALSTEAD.

Trade Paper Tells About American Trade.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31—Consul Halstead of Birmingham, England, reports to the state department that there is a great awakening going on among English manufacturers over the disastrous possibilities of American trade competition. A new trade paper there has met with a most cordial reception, he says, and the news columns of both daily and trade papers are filled with facts about American trade while the matter is given serious editorial discussion which in English papers means much more serious consideration than the same editorials pay to a devoted subject in the average American newspaper. In this week's issue of the particular trade paper referred to, Mr. Halstead says that fully twelve 900-word columns are devoted to American trade matters, about one-half taken from the American consular reports.

FUNERALS.

SMYTHE—The funeral of the late Minnie E. Smythe will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Chelmsford street church.

FARMER—The funeral of Jeremiah Farmer took place this afternoon from his late home in Pelham and was largely attended. Rev. Augustus Berry officiated. The interment was in the cemetery at Pelham.

FLYNN—The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Ellen Flynn of 22 Jewett street, were held this morning at 9.30 o'clock at St. Michael's church. The service was attended by many people besides those who attended the funeral. Rev. Richard Roland celebrated the mass and the choir rendered the Schmidt requiem. At the conclusion of service and as the cortege was leaving the church, Miss Bessie O'Neil sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and following were the bearers: Hugh McGinn, James Purcell, John Cox, John Corby, Cornelius Crowe and Bartholomew Conway. Undertaker Davey had charge.

SCANLON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Scanlon of North Billerica, occurred this morning. A mass was celebrated in St. Andrew's church by Rev. Fr. Paquette, who also performed the services at the grave. The bearers were James Bradley, Patrick Mahoney, John Coughlin, John Higgins, Dennis Lyons, John Reardon. Undertaker Rogers had charge.

RICHARDSON—The funeral services of Mrs. Anne B. Richardson held Sunday afternoon at her late residence, 105 Nesmith street were attended by friends and relatives. Rev. C. M. Billings of the Unitarian church officiated. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery and Hon. C. D. Palmer had charge of the arrangements.

DEATHS.

LANGDON—Pauline, daughter of Peter and Esther Langdon of 92 Crosby street, died this morning at her parents' home, aged two years and seven months.

HAYDON—Doris R. Haydon, aged 2 years and 5 months, daughter of Dudley E. and Gertrude Haydon, died on Monday morning at the home of her parents, 68 South Loring stret of membraneous croup. The funeral services were held at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Mr. Craig officiating. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

BATEMAN—Mrs. Julia P. Bateman, aged 83 years, widow of A. P. Bateman the well known lumber dealer, died Sunday morning at her home, 5 Stevens street. She leaves two sons, John F., and Luther C., of Auburn, Me.

The funeral of Mrs. Julia P. Bateman will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 oclock from the late residence of the deceased, 5 Stevens street.

JOSLYN—William H. Joslyn, an old and respected resident of Lawrence, died at his residence 359 Haverhill street, Saturday evening of Bright's disease, aged 55 years, 7 months and 8 days. He was born in Lowell in 1841, and went to Lawrence with his parents five years later. For the past twenty-five years he had conducted the Merrimac Iron foundry, succeeding his father, the late Elbridge Joslyn, in the management of the foundry. Friends viewed the remains from 11 to 12 a. m. today. Interment took place today in Bellevue cemetery. He was a member of Tuscan Lodge, F. A. and A. M.

McNULTY—Mary E. McNulty, infant child of Charles and Catherine McNulty, died this morning at the home of the parents, 25 Winter street.

ENGINEER'S QUICK ACTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 31. — A Rio Grande passenger train had a narrow escape from destruction about a mile from Red Cliff yesterday.

Engineer Russ saw a slide coming down the mountain side and reversed his engine in time to save the train, though the engine was derailed, the tender demolished and the fireman slightly hurt.

STEALING COPPER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 31—John Hallin and Arthur Daught have been arrested on a charge of stealing copper and brass from Mare Island navy yard. Hallin was captured by marines at Mare Island in the act of looting the yard. Daught was caught in this city. More than a ton worth as high as ten cents a pound which they had stolen from the government was found by detectives. It had sold as wreckage from the steamer Columbia. The pirates admit having taken other stuff along the shores of the bay.

SHOE WORKERS

Will Center Their Interest in Whitman.

WORKMEN APPEAL TO THE GOVERNOR.

For Investigation Into Evidence Offered.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WHITMAN, Mass., Jan. 31.—The interest of the shoe workers is likely to be centered at Whitman for the next few days, at least, to ascertain the outcome of questions at issue between the Commonwealth Shoe Company and the employes in the lasting department over the matter of wages. The State Board of Arbitration gave a decision yesterday in regard to the prices to be paid for lasting, which the men claim to be a reduction of about 25 per cent. from the rate now paid, and that the finding is not in accordance with the evidence submitted at a hearing recently held here, and the workmen have appealed to the Governor for an investigation.

A list was posted in the factory last November after the collapse of the Brockton strike, and some question arose about certain of the details. The whole matter was left with the State Board of Arbitration, but their decision was not rendered until yesterday.

The appeal to the Governor is as follows:

To His Excellency, Roger Wolcott,

Governor of the Commonwealth:

We, the undersigned, a committee, representing the Laster's, employed by the Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Company of Whitman, and Laster's Union, No. 69, of Whitman, do hereby petition Your Excellency to cause to have investigated the evidence upon which the Honorable Board of Arbitration rendered their decision in the petition of the Laster's Union and the Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Company of Whitman.

We believe that an investigation will prove that the evidence will not warrant the decision which we said State Board arrived at, that the decision is unjust, unfair and manifestly prejudicial and we further petition that a hearing be given at which a committee appointed from the General Court or from any august body which Your Excellency may appoint, be present.

We respectfully request that you give this petition your earnest consideration, as it involves the welfare of the shoe workers not only of this commonwealth but of the entire country.

(Signed.) Committee.

REVISION BILL

NOW IN HANDS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF DEPUTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The committee of the chamber of deputies which was entrusted with yesterday's revision bill met this afternoon and the minister of justice, M. Lebret, communicated to the committee the report of M. Mazau, first president of the court of cassation, on the charges brought by M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, former president of the civil section of the court of cassation, against the members of the criminal section of that court. The committee before examining the report, decided to maintain absolute secrecy concerning it until the members of the committee arrived at a decision regarding the bill and the publication of the documents in the case. An official report of the proceedings will be published daily.

STILL NO CHOICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 31.—The 25th ballot for U. S. senator today resulted as follows:

Gray, 12; Addicks, 14; Dupont, 5; Handy, 4; Higgins, 1; Chandler 2; Willis, 5. Absent 6; total vote, 46. Necessary to a choice, 24. No election.

Twenty-sixth ballot same as 25th. After the 27th ballot which showed no change the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

CAPITAL STOCK REDUCED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 31.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Slade Mill corporation this noon the old board of directors was re-elected and it was unanimously voted to reduce the number of shares from 5500 to 55 and then increase the number to 2170. Since then the new stock has not taken rapidly enough to suit the management and the action today resulted. The meeting was harmonious.

PRINCESS FERDINAND DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Jan. 31.—Princess Ferdinand of Bulgaria died today of pneumonia. She gave birth to a daughter yesterday.

Princess Ferdinand of Bulgaria was Marie Louis, eldest daughter of Duke Robert of Parma. She was born January 17, 1870, and was married on April 20, 1893, to Prince Ferdinand, the reigning prince of Bulgaria.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLOSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Jan. 31—By order of the school board in pursuance with the recommendation of the board of Health, the public schools of Franklin Falls have been closed for two weeks on account of the prevalence of contageous disease among the pupils. The parochial school will also be closed for two weeks. Scarlet fever and measles are the prevailing diseases.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31—The following pension changes resulting from the issue of Jan. 18, are announced:

Massachusetts—Original—Thos. Hall, Webster, $5; Frank Staples, Natick, $8. Reissue—George W. Lord, Salem, $8. Reissue and increase—Cornelius Sheehy, Chicopee, $6 to $12.

Original widows—Ellen F. G. Donlan, South Boston, $8.

THE WEATHER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31—Forecast for Boston for the recommendation of the board of Wednesday; variable winds.

A farewell reception will be tendered Rev. J. H. Paradis and family of the French Methodist Mission at Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow night.

CORDIAL WELCOME

Was Extended to the Philippine Commissioners

ON ARRIVAL AT VANCOUVER.

Several Addresses Presented to Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 31.—Those who witnessed the reception given last night to Professors J. G. Schurman and D. C. Worcester, Philippine commissioners, must have been impressed with the cordiality that now exists between the United States and the rest of the English-speaking nations. The two commissioners arrived last evening on the delayed Canadian Pacific express, and despite the rain there was a representative crowd of citizens at the station. After a cordial welcome at the depot, the distinguished travellers went aboard the steamer Empress of Japan, where addresses were presented and replies made.

Secretary Stein of the board of trade, read an address expressing the gratification of the members at meeting the commissioners at this western capital of the British empire. The board reminded the commissioners that their duties would lead them close to a spot forever hallowed by the action of an American commander who 43 years ago went to the succor of a British admiral and assisted in the rescue of British sailors lying wounded on the mud flats at the mouth of the Pei-Ho, intervening against a friendly power and defending his action with the memorable reply: "Blood is thicker than water." Such an act could not be forgotten and was cherished in the memories of those who were anxious, the board believed, in certain eventualities, to be able to pay the debt. The board prayed that the labors of the commissioners might have a successful issue.

LITERARY CLUB

FORMED BY PROMINENT FRENCH-AMERICAN RESIDENTS.

Several of our prominent French fellow-citizens are organizing a new literary club whose sole object will be the culture of fine arts and sciences for the especial benefit of its members. These will be carefully selected among the genuine scholars in French literature and their number will be necessarily limited. The first meeting was held in Dr. Bellehumeur's office, Merrimack street, and the prospects are very encouraging. The only opposition to the proposed organization comes from certain members of Le Cercle Garin who object that their fellow-members belong to the new club, as their respective interests will conflict. It is a well known fact that Mr. Arthur Beaucage, president of Le Cercle Garin and the winner in the recent debate between his club and the Pawtucketville Social Club, is one of the prominent organizers of the new literary association and the members of Le Cercle Garin are after him.

The founders of the new French literary association are all well known French-Americans of this city: among others: Dr. Bellehumeur, Arthur J. Smith, editor of L'Etoile; Dolon J. Bourre, assistant editor; Dr. J. A. Gagnon, Dr. J. B. Hurtubise, J. B. D. Jacques Esq., Charles R. Dagnat, George Crepeau, and J. W. Morin. The organization will soon be perfected.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 31—All records of ice travel on the Yukon have been broken by the recent feat of the mounted police of the northwest territory in bringing a big shipment of mail from Dawson to Skaguay in nine days and ten hours. The mail left Dawson on the morning of January 15, and was in Skaguay before noon last Tuesday. The record was made by the Canadian officials, it is said, to show that they could greatly reduce the time being made by the United States mail contractors.

SWEAT SHOPS

OF NEW YORK VIOLATING THE LAW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A committee representing the Garment Workers' Union and the Brotherhood of Tailors have made a tour of the East Side sweatshops in search of evidence to present to the Legislature that the law in regard to the sweatshop labor is constantly violated.

The tour disclosed the pitiful life of the workers in tenements, who labor long hours for sums barely sufficient to keep away want. On the committee were Herman Robinson, John T. Lawrence and Samuel H. Jacobson.

In the ten by fourteen kitchen of the first tenement visited were found four persons huddled together sewing on coats in a dim light that taxed the eyes of the visitors. It was the home of Elias Horowitz, No. 348 Madison st., himself a contractor.

The price received by Horowitz and the men is thirty-five cents a garment, and by working long hours a man can finish four coats a day. There was no certificate of inspection displayed and nothing to show that Horowitz had not violated the law prohibiting the employment of laborers in a tenement workshop.

At a sweatshop occupying three floors in the rear of No. 199 Delancey street the committee climbed to the workshop by the fire escape, the only means of ingress or egress. Here many were employed, and on the third floor was a gallery on which was bad clothing etc., which went to show that it was the sleeping apartment of the workers. There was an inspection certificate dated November 14, 1898, conspicuously displayed.

In the rear of the tenement in Division street, in a room eight by ten feet, the committee found three men at work sewing coats in a half light.

The men said they received forty-five cents for making a coat, and that by working twelve and fourteen hours a day could make from $1.25 to $1.50 a day.

The committee visited other places, I null were found the distressing marks of the sweatshop.

The investigation will be continued today.

A LOWELL MAN.

Says the Haverhill Gazette: Judge Abbott had another stranger before him Saturday morning and the stranger got the worst of it. His name was Donovan and he hailed from Lowell. Officer Frank McLaughlin made the arrest and he told the court that the prisoner was following him about with the evident intention of getting arrested. Frank accommodated him and in default of the payment of the fine Donovan will go half way home.

THE POWELL CLUB

Much Indigation at Over Officious Police.

MEMBERS OF RESPECTABLE PARENTAGE.

Father's Forcible Statement to Sun Reporter.

Great indignation is being expressed by parents of boys composing the Powell club at the morning organ of the police department in trying to show that a fight was pulled off on Friday night last.

A member of the club states that the whole scheme of a raid was hatched up in a certain grocery store for the purpose of "having some fun with the boys and the authorities bit."

In the first place the boys who were boxing are sons of prominent Lowell business men and the father of one of the boys is an alderman.

The charge to the oyster supper was but fifteen cents, just to simply clear expenses. The boys prepared the supper themselves which accounts for it being served at a late hour, they not laying claim to being experts at serving "quiet luncheon" as the police organ would have them.

Not only were the parents of many of the boys invited, but an invitation was sent to the Sun reporter to be present. The latter happened to be not at home when the messenger called. And it may be parenthetically stated here that on two previous occasions the Sun reporter was invited to social gatherings of this club and a full report of the initial supper appeared the day after in The Sun which goes to show that the boys were not secretive in their doings.

A father of one of the boys who is engaged in business in a Merrimack street store, had the following to say today, in reference to the matter to a Sun reporter: "It is a good thing that the unfortunate boy over at St. John's hospital is not my son, for I would make matters quite interesting for the police who seem to have become rather lax of late in many matters. Two of my boys were present at the supper and they and a neighbor's boy invited me to attend offering me a supper ticket. I would have gone if I had not had a prior engagement. The boys, I am told, were tardy in getting the supper ready, having had to prepare it themselves only to find that the police officers were among those who partook of it and without an invitation either. The question arises in my mind, can officers go into a place in the manner they did and help themselves to what they find. One of the boys felt so aggrieved that he afterwards exclaimed: "I would rather have seen the cops starve to death than have a bit of our supper." Again for the benefit of the morning organ of the police department I will give another reason," said the speaker, "why the supper was so late in being served. Owing to the smallness of the room two tables had to be set, when one table of diners had concluded their repast the table was cleared off and reset. You might say in the Sun I approve of the Powell club and of the boys who belong to it. I much prefer to have my boys where I know I can find them when I want them. I know they are not on the street and if they want to engage in boxing or any other athletic exercise I assent. The police are many times over officious where they ought not to be and at other times conspicuous by their absence when they ought to be round."

TWO COLLIDED TO COME

BOXING GOSSIP.

Jeffries, an aspirant for a meet with Sharkey is in New York and wants a light, he says. Thomas Sharkey, was another of the big stars who arrived in New York, Sunday. The sailor came from Providence and met Jack McCormack in a six-round bout at Philadelphia last night. Immediately upon his arrival in New York, Sharkey took a run around the park. He thinks his daily bout with his sparring partner has kept him in good condition, but he only took the jaunt to help his wind. McCormack was at one time Sharkey's trainer, and although he is on to the sailor's curves, he is not in the able seaman's class. Sharkey has not yet made up his mind to cover Fitzsimmons' money and from present indication it would appear that Jeffries will have first call for a match with the champion, unless Fitz finds a club which will offer a purse equal to that guaranteed by the Lenox A. C.

The boxing bouts for the week are as follows:

Wednesday—Tom Sharkey vs. Tommy Ryan, Syracuse.

Thursday—Dick O'Brien vs. J. Bonner, Sammy Myers vs. J. Dever and Jennings vs. Maingon, Hartford. H. McWinters vs. Black Griffo, Scranton. Billy Gordon of Hartford vs. Ted Ware Whitechapel, Eng.

Tom Hogan, vs. J. McClelland, Wilkinsburg, Penn.

H. Forbes, vs. Ritchie, Chicago

FRIDAY

Ed Kenedy vs. Dave Hill, Pittsbrg.

J. Murray, vs. Joe Frede, Hot Springs.

J. Bernstein, vs. Young Pluto, Glenwood A. C., Brooklyn.

SATURDAY

Joe Walcott, vs. Jim Ryan, Cincinnatti.

Jack Bennett vs. Jack Everhardt, Detroit.

M. McCue, vs. J. O'Brien and Paddy Fenton, vs. Tom Broderick, Pelican A. C., Brooklyn.

William A. Brady, when informed that Sharkey said he would fight Jeffries for a side bet of $10,000 he replied: "That suits us perfectly. We are out for fight and any condition at all will be agreeable. If Fitzsimmons does not sign with Jeffries by Saturday, Sharkey may consider the match on. I have just been waiting to hear from Sharkey to state his position with Jeffries and now that he has put himself on record to fight any man for $10,000 he will have to accept or crawl."

HIS MIDDLE FINGER.

Engineer Frank Ames, of locomotive 194, Western division of the Boston and Maine railroad injured the middle finger of the left hand, yesterday, by a chest cover falling on to the digit. The injury, though painful does not incapacitate the genial engineer from getting up the usual amount of steam.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Josiah Butler, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Goodell, celebrated his sixth birthday at the home of his parents in Foster street, yesterday afternoon. About 15 of the little fellow's friends were present and they enjoyed themselves to their hearts' content. Lunch was served in the evening by the D. L. Page company.

Rev. J. M. Greene, D. D., pastor of the Eliot church, remains at the Lowell General hospital. He is resting well, and hopes are entertained for his early recovery.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

FOR A FRANCHISE

Hearing in Billerica Centre Yesterday Afternoon.

NEW ROUTE FOR ELECTRICS TO BOSTON.

Five Cent Fare to Bedford Wanted.

The board of selectmen of Billerica gave a hearing yesterday afternoon in the town hall at the Centre village on the petition of the board of directors of the Lexington and Boston Street railroad company for a single track location within the town limits beginning at the Bedford line on Bedford street, thence over Bedford street to the junction of Main and Andover streets, electricity is to be the motive power, and the petition makes the usual request for permission to lay tracks and string wires.

There was no opposition from any of the citizens, though there was a persistent agitation for a five-cent fare to Bedford as a condition of the franchise. The railroad company was represented by Directors M. A. Coolidge and Alfred Pierce and the Boston and Maine by C. A. Hight. Manager Sullivan of the Lowell and Suburban was present.

Selectman E. B. Haskell presided and opened the hearing by the reading of the petition and the order for the hearing. Then followed an informal discussion about the proposed road. It was explained by Mr. Coolidge that the tracks will be laid on the side of the road and that the fare to Boston will be twenty cents. The last part of the ride will be from Arlington to Boston over the Boston Elevated Railway company's surface tracks. The fare to Bedford will be ten cents from Billerica.

The Billerica people, were as already stated, unanimously in favor of the new road, their only objection being to the ten cent fare to Bedford. The present train facilities from Boston to Billerica are inadequate and always have been, while from Bedford to Boston quite the reverse is the case. For that reason, the new road would be used very largely by Billerica people who desire to avail themselves of the train facilities from there to Boston. For that reason the townspeople feel that they are entitled to a five cent fare to Bedford. It was stated during the discussion that a committee of the citizens had once asked the Boston and Maine to give the town better train service, but instead of being treated with consideration, they were treated with contempt.

The selectmen held a meeting after the hearing and discussed the matter with the representatives of the company. No decision was reached, but the selectmen intimated that they would insist on a five cent fare to Bedford before they would grant the franchise.

Mr. Hight, the representative of the Boston and Maine, said his company would object to a grade crossing on the road below the cemetery.

It is acknowledged to be the intention of the Reading and Wakefield company to abandon their tracks from Wilmington if the new location is granted to the other company, on the ground that such part of their road is not paying. The new route would be more direct to Boston.

After Mr. Coolidge had made his preliminary remarks, Joseph Jaquith and several others favored the side of the road location. Mr. Jaquith said he would rather have the road on his side of the street.

Mr. Coolidge said there might have to be some straightening done in the roadway, but the company would attend to that.

L. T. McKenney asked if there would be any expense on the town for the straightening of the route and was told that there would not. He had been told that in Bedford this company asked that the town pay one-half the cost of straightening. The chairman said that the town of Billerica would not stand one dollar of expense.

Mr. McKenney said: "The service of the Boston and Maine was so poor that a committee went to the president and called his attention to the fact that we had paid $20,000 and asked him if we could not have better accommodations. The committee instead of being treated with courtesy was treated with contempt and the president told them the $20,000 had nothing to do with the matter."

To Mr. Jaquith Mr. Coolidge said that school children would be carried for half fare. Mr. McKenney said the fare to Bedford ought to be five cents, because the Billerica people can take the train from there to Boston.

Manager P. E. Sullivan was invited to express his views. "He said: "We have a little pasture of our own, and we don't want other people's cows in it. The first thing to be determined in a case of this kind is whether or not public necessity and convenience require the road, and then to see if the promises of the company are made in good faith. The danger of the grade crossing is a question with which the selectmen have nothing to do, but is a question to be passed upon by the railroad commissioners.

"The tracks of the Boston and Maine cannot be crossed without the consent of the commissioners. If they withhold their consent, the company can seize land to avoid the grade crossing."

Sidney Bull had no doubt that the people of Billerica would favor the road if they were given the privileges they think they deserve. He thought five cents was enough to pay from Billerica to Bedford.

To Mr. Bull, Mr. Coolidge said the company would run cars as early and as late as possible in the day but the whole operation of the road rests with the selectmen.

Several others spoke in favor of the five cent fare to Bedford and one or two of them ridiculed the ten cent fare to Lowell.

G. P. Greenwood wanted to know if the petitioners are in this thing for a scheme, or do they really intend to build a road.

Mr. Coolidge responded that if the franchise is granted the company will begin work in the spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground and the road will be built by the fourth of July.

This statement brought out a vigorous round of applause and the meeting then adjourned.

A CHALLENGE.

At the cake walk recently held by the Hammer club, many disagree with the judges who decided Mr. Curry was the winner of the gentleman's prize. The friends of William Riley say that he was much Mr. Curry's superior as a cake walker. Now Mr. Riley is willing to meet Mr. Curry or any other of the competitors who appeared in the Hammer club's recent cake walk and finally decide which is best.

ENGLAND'S WISH

In the Nicaragua Canal Matter.

SHE WOULD LIKE AN ALLIANCE FIRST.

Other Questions on Which She is Interested.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—There are four subjects of first importance that will engage the attention of Ambassador Choate as soon as he has reached his desk at the American Embassy in Victoria street and has been received by Lord Salisbury and the Queen.

Chief among these, of course, is the question of the building of the Nicaragua canal. Those who are close to Salisbury and who are supposed to know his intentions in the matter argue that he will not listen to any abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. He will insist, they declare, that the building of the canal be left to private corporations and point to the Suez canal as an example. If the United States proposes building this great waterway as a government property, England will still insist that it be not fortified. The fortification of the canal, Englishmen declare, would no longer leave it neutral, and again the Suez canal, unfortified, is pointed to as a parallel.

This is undoubtedly the attitude of England on the Nicaragua Canal question. But in discussing it English statesmen are careful to say nothing of the fact that Great Britain owns $20,000,000 in the original capital of this well paying canal, and that this important holding has increased in value until it is now worth a trifle over $11,000,000 and steadily paying a large rate of interest. They also fail to mention the further interesting fact that England is in possession of Egypt making a mere puppet of the Khedive and able by her authority to close the canal as she likes.

By a convention signed on October 29, 1888, the Suez canal was exempted from blockade and vessels of all nations, whether armed or not, under that agreement are allowed to pass through it in peace or war. What would happen in the event of a conflict between England and any other power, however, is easy to conjecture. Even when decrepit Spain tried, during the recent war to get Camara's fleet through the Suez canal to reach the Philippines it was England that prevented her from doing so by arranging that no coal should be furnished the Spanish vessels. After the Nicaragua canal question the question next in importance will be the discussion of English trade with Porto Rico and Cuba. Already English shippers and English merchants are complaining that their business with those two islands is suffering since the United States came into possession of them. They say that the American coastwise shipping laws are diverting the trade of those two islands to the United States. When told that this is to be expected as one of the natural results of the war in which the United States was the victor the Englishman is by no means convinced that he is not being imposed upon.

The Briton has always been and still is extremely watchful of his interests beyond the seas in all parts of the globe. Nine-tenths of his creed consists of clauses protecting his shipping and he will try to convince Mr. Choate that things are all wrong in the tariff schemes of Cuba and Porto Rico as applied to the United States on the one hand and Great Britain on the other.

In this same connection the West Indian reciprocity treaty, which has been under discussion through several administrations will be taken up again. As the name implies, this seeks to gain for the products of England's West Indian possessions entrance into the states free of duty in return for similar recognition of American machinery and food stuffs in the British West Indies.

The Canadian reciprocity treaty is another one of the serial stories of diplomatic endeavor to which Mr. Choate will be expected to supply the concluding chapters. In addition to these delicate subjects are all of the important questions so fast arising in connection with the situation in the far east. Mr. Choate, may, therefore, not look for a dull time during his representation of the United States at the Court of St. James.

A PROMINENT INVENTOR

FORMER LOWELL MAN DEAD AT AMESBURY.

The death of John Pettengill, one of the oldest and best known citizens, of Amesbury, occurred at his home at Rocky Hill Sunday evening at the age of 79 years and 3 months. Death was due to paralysis of the brain, caused by grip. Mr. Pettengill was born at the old Pettengill homestead at Rocky Hill, Salisbury (now Amesbury). When a young man he moved to Haverhill, where he learned the trade of contractor and building. In 1843 he came to Lowell, where he engaged in business for himself. In the early seventies Mr. Pettengill returned to Amesbury, where he engaged in the manufacture of brick which he continued for a number of years. He held several town offices for the old town of Salisbury and was for a number of years superintendent of the Sunday school of the Christian church at Salisbury Point. Mr. Pettengill was twice married. In 1845 he married Miss Lady Jane Pillsbury of Shapleigh, Me., who died in 1862. Four children blessed the union, two of whom are now living, Miss Ella J. of Amesbury and Walter J. Pettengill of Boston. The late Austin Pettengill of Great Falls, N. H., was also a son. In 1865 he married Miss Esther Frost of Lowell who died in 1869, having borne him one son, who died while quite young. Of a very inventive mind, the deceased invented the first metallic chimney cap ever made in the United States, for which he received a gold medal from the Mechanics' fair in Boston, many years ago.

Inspector Frank Goodwin is suffering from rheumatism and finds putting on his overcoat a difficult job.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, decidedly medicinal.

TOOK THE PRIZE

A Shoemaker Won 300 Francs.

FOR HIS FAMILY OF SIXTEEN.

Oldest 22, the Youngest 16 Months.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—All sorts of odd competitions are witnessed from time to time in the French capital, but one has just drawn to a close here which is of peculiar interest on account of the proverbial scarcity of large families in France.

M. de Reverdy, a philanthropist, who died not long ago, left a legacy, the interest of which, amounting to 1,500 francs annually, is to be given every 2 years to the father of the most numerous and best trained family among the workingmen of Paris.

The first competition for the 3,000 francs prize took place recently, and not less than sixty-eight candidates presented themselves who together boasted of having 366 living children.

The Municipal Committee selected a shoemaker named Vandenbrouck as the most exemplary poter families.

Vanderbrouck has sixteen children, and it would be difficult to find a healthier lot of youngsters gathered in one family. The oldest child is a girl, twenty-two years old, and the youngest is also a girl, in her fifteenth month.

Not long since Vanderbrouck was compelled to vacate the little shop, with his back rooms, where he had worked for many years. The neighbors complained that his lively brood was too noisy. During his leisure he built with his own hands a neat cottage on a piece of ground which he had acquired by his frugality, and to this he moved his family last month.

His new home is far from pretentious, but it is scrupulously clean, and its furnishings display good taste. The house is two stories high. One of the bedrooms on the second floor accommodates eleven of the younger children. Four of the boys work day and night in the cobbler's shop on the first floor as apprentices.

Despite the indefatigable industry of Vanderbrouck and the parsimonious economy of his good wife the family finds it a hard task to make ends meet, and it is a festive occasion indeed when the luxury of a piece of fresh meat for every mouth can be indulged in.

When Vandenbrouck learned of his good fortune he was beside himself for joy. He has applied 1,700 francs of the prize in the liquidation of a mortgage on his house, and with the balance of the money he has bought stock for his shop, which is gradually being transformed into a shoe store.

DRACUT.

VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT MEETING AT YELLOW MEETING HOUSE.

The Village Improvement association held a meeting Monday evening, in the vestry of the Yellow Meeting House. The meeting was called to order by the president of the association, Mr. S. E. Kitchen. Mrs. Granville Coburn, the secretary of the association, took the minutes of the meeting. The regular routine business of the hour was first transacted after which considerable discussion upon needed alterations and improvements in the village were indulged in. The subject of sidewalks, trees, streets, and street lamps was debated pro and con. The association has great plans for the raising of money for the carrying out of plans of the members and entertainments and other means of raising money were discussed. Committees were then appointed to look after the details of arranging for some events that are scheduled to take place in the near future. The following committees were chosen: Executive, S. R. Kitchen, Cyrus Udell, Mrs. Granville Coburn, Miss Jennie Fox, C. H. Stickney, R. S. Fox, George H. Coburn, William Miller and D. S. Fox; sidewalks, S. R. Kitchen, and R. S. Fox; on arrangements for entertainment to defray expenses, Cyrus Udell and Henry Peabody; shade trees, setting out, etc., C. H. Stickney and D. S. Fox; to solicit members, Mrs. Granville Coburn and Miss Jennie Fox.

The Y. P. S. C. E. connected with the Central Congregational church will hold a box party Wednesday evening at the home of Walter E. Harvey.

There will be a special business session of the Shiloh Literary Society Tuesday evening in the vestry of the Central church. A full attendance is desired as business of importance will come before the meeting.

REV. DR. CRANE

SPOKE OF SPIRITUAL CHIVALRY AT THE EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING.

The quarterly meeting of the Epworth league of St. Paul's church was held last evening and the members were addressed by Rev. Dr. Crane of East Boston, who spoke in part as follows:

"There are some people who think that the days of chivalry are past. The days of old chivalry are past but those of American chivalry are not. I am not one of those who believe in the passing of the glory of human strength, but the heroes of old are gone. He who is a hero today must be one in some other way than by his strong right arm. There are new outlets for heroism today. I want to speak tonight of the knights of the Nineteenth century.

I would not have you for a moment think that there is anything wrong in developing your muscles. We should have come to consider these bodies as temples of the living God. A saint or scholar once had a stoop, a cough and a hectic flush. Those days are gone. The best Christians who live are men who care for their strength. I believe that the human body is divine. I believe in its resurrection.

If we could live in the altitudes where we could walk and talk with God, we might have the world under our feet. There are some benighted parts of the Christian community where people still believe that the young must be entertained to keep them in the church. The result has been a generation of grown-up babes who expect to have sweet morsels dropped in their mouths while they sit and think of nothing; otherwise they complain that the minister didn't say anything.

The memory of the greatest kings is passing away, yet the memory of one who died while He was not yet 33 years old is permeating the world. The cross of Jesus Christ can be lifted up today to soften and purify every meaner spirit with whom you come in contact."

During the evening a fine musical program was presented, several selections being rendered in chorus by the body.

BOWLING GOSSIP

The Games of This Week Will be Good.

IMPORTANT CONTESTS TO BE PLAYED

Which Will go Greatly to Decide Winners.

The past few days has been unseemingly quiet for the bowlers, who ever surprised themselves by their silence, while others stood by "harrowed with fear and wonder" at the unnatural condition of affairs with the enthusiasts of their chosen game. Last evening, however, the ball was again taken from its cushing and outdid the famous spherroid spoken of by Rip Van Winkle upon his return to his home after the prolonged sleep. The pins were certainly not a match for the ball as the scores put up by the rollers at Miserables will show and the players never ceased in their efforts to roll up high totals. The new pins at these alleys, which have been the source of low scores previously, are now well "broken in" and not much difficulty is experienced in making them work according to the regulations governing the game.

The new duck pins and balls at Miserables have as yet remained untried by many who as soon as they become acquainted with the charm of the rolling of small balls will give up the game of big pins for good.

Joe McCaffrey and William Lawton are quiet adept at duck pin rolling—and there are others.

Joe Jordan's score of 118 with the duck pins at the Miserables remains unbeaten. Some players have gone to 110, while others have reached 114. A single string of 104 is frequent with some rollers who often receive that figure, but strange to relate they never go over it.

This stage of the tournament, in which local teams are interested shows the following situation:

The City League has for its leader the Live Oaks, who are followed closely by the Favorites. The Young Fellows and Wamesits are "treeling" with the first place in their tournament at the Wamesit alleys, while hardly one of any of the teams of the High School tournament at Les Miserables know where they're at; but all are struggling to win. The Vespers and Highlands have equally good chances to win in their tournament, and the Vespers are well up in the inter-city games.

The Simpson & Rowland bowlers were the first team of players composed of members outside of those engaged in the Wamesit tournament to roll on the Wamesit alleys in a match game.

A MILLION DOLLAR ORDER.

The Stanley Electric Manufacturing company of Pittsfield has been awarded the contract to provide an entire electrical plant in Columbus, Ga. The plant is to provide motor, heating and lighting power for the entire city of Columbus. The Stanley concern secured the contract despite fierce competition from the General Electric and Westinghouse companies. The figures approximate nearly $1,000,000.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following have been elected officers of the Ladies' Charitable association of the Highland Congregational church: President, Mrs. C. E. Osgood; vice president, Mrs. W. Kimball; secretary, Mrs. E. B. Linnell; treasurer, Mrs. George Chase.

H. D. Malloy of Lowell worked the third degree on candidates at the meeting of Lawrence council, K. C., on Sunday afternoon.

John A. O'Hearn is in town after a three weeks' tour of New Hampshire and Vermont, in the interest of the Jamestown worsted mills of Jamestown N. Y. He will also represent Sondheim, Stein & Co., leading New York city manufacturers in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

A reissue of pension has been granted Woodbridge W. Tuttle of Lowell.

ALLAN LINE
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 25th St., New York.

State of Nebraska, Thursday, March 30, 8 noon.
First Cabin, $47.25 to $60 single, $85.50 to $111 round trip. Second Cabin, $32.50 round trip, $60.75. Steerage, $28.50; prepaid, $31.50.
Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway: Second Cabin, $31.25 prepaid; Steerage, $21.00 prepaid.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 77 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

BEEF, IRON AND WINE

A splendid TONIC and appetizer, useful in building up the system. Our Beef, Iron and Wine is without doubt the finest, and is put up in large bottles for 50c.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—School children and newsboys earn money during spare time, selling 1866 of the greatest discoveries of the age, one of which is needed in every household and factory in the land. Particulars at Macdonald's, 133 and 135 Adams street, Lowell, Mass.

500 MEN AND WOMEN wanted at once. To each person sending for position, particulars and our full line of samples will be sent on receipt of 10 cents. Good average workers $35 a week. Arthur Wolforth, 203 Mulberry street, Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Horse and light team; must be cheap for cash. Address J. D., Sun office.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.00 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 451 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 89 Rock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 65 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 576 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lewis Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 47 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new, for a small sum.

WANT RIGHT OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Nooten's Roman Scent. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money and notes. Reward at 53 East Merrimack street.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farragut House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 160 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Store and tenement of 8 rooms good business corner, $16.00.

TO LET—3 acre farm on line of electrics, $10.00. T. E. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—A good tenement for $14.00; also 5 good rooms, fine condition for $8.00. Save money by reducing rent. T. E. Elliott, 61 Central st.

DANCE HALL TO LET—Suitable for sleigh ride and trolley parties. All kinds of suppers served on short notice. For further particulars address Thomas Scully, Pine Grove Hotel. P. O. Box 94. Collinsville, Mass.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 738 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 128 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

We Sell Our
Watches
Cheaper Than Ever.
Save all that you can by coming to
LEGAULT & CO.,
The Reliable Jewelers.
70 CENTRAL ST.

INCANDESCENT
GAS LIGHTS
W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 Merrimack Street.

NEW YORK HOTEL. 663 Broadway, New York. 150 richly furnished rooms, 50c., 75c., $1. Broadway's largest Ladies' and Gentlemen's Restaurant; lunch and oyster house; wine table d'hote 50c.; music; lunch 35c. JULIAS A. ROBINSON.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL. Washington Place, adjoining Broadway, New York. No cooler, better ventilated, pleasanter or convenient hotel or location elegant; rooms popular prices; table d'hote lunch 65c.; table d'hote dinner 50c. JULIUS A. ROBINSON.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies invigorate the system.

FOR SALE.

It is pleasanter to feel the top than to feel at loggerheads with the world. Clear the head by using Dow's Menthol Cream. 25c. and 50c.

LOST—A large dog, light brown, streaked with black and white breast, large dark face. Finder will please notify E. R. Leland, 475 School St.

FOR SALE—A good lot of land on Highland avenue; 5000 feet. Lewis D. Gumb, 914 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—First class 2 tenement house on Shatter street, in good repair, 4500 feet of land. Price $2000. A. G. Beharrell, room 8, Bon Marche block.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, a new 7 room cottage house, large lot of land, good location; price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

SLEIGHS—I will sell an elegant new sleigh, good second hand sleigh, extra grey or black foot robe, very low. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—On the Highlands, two story house with all the modern improvements, large lot of land on corner of streets. This is a bargain. Price only $2700. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Broadway 8 room house in good repair, and just think, the price only $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 339 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—Ten RI-PANS for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—In Centralville two tenement house on corner of streets; large lot of land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, good location, store, stock and fixtures. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Near Lawrence street, two tenement house; good repair, large lot of land. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms for the money ever offered, and if you want a farm it will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIGNS At lowest prices at Spencer's, 22 Middle street.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows 155 Merrimack street.

ATTENTION—25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! 25c! Mrs. Dr. Florence, the eminent English palmist and spiritual clairvoyant, is in the city direct from her permanent headquarters in London, England, where her reputation is unequalled as life reader, guide and helper. To show her phenomenal power, will reduce her lowest fee to 25c. up to Tuesday, Jan. 31st. Terms positively $5 and $8 afterwards. She will foretell your entire future; give full names, if marriages, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, business transactions, wills, mortgages, lost or absent friends, stolen property, interest you, call at once on this gifted woman. She will tell you all about your business affairs, all about your love and domestic affairs. Causes speedy marriages, reunites the separated in seven days; locates buried treasures, mines and valuable ore in five days; gives you lucky days and numbers; no failure; to the sick, especially, her aid is priceless; also imparts the knowledge to every woman how to cure the drunkard in nine days. Private parlors, 191 Appleton street. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.; call mornings to avoid waiting.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to $5.00 pair.

SLEDS
For boys and girls in all styles and finishes for
25c. EACH
and upwards.

BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

James Walsh,
Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.
CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 156 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

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Paper.
Full size—5 x 7 inches.
Full count—1000 sheets.
10c. per package.
3 packages, 25 cts.
13 packages, $1.00.
Packages either Banded or Wired or in Rolls.
This is a standard quality of stock, and at this size package is a bargain—though the prices are regular with us.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
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345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

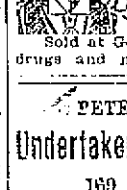
Our inventory is just taken and among other surprises
WE FOUND
3 cases of
White Domet Flannel
that we had overlooked during the season. We are going to take a loss on them, and sell them as quick as possible. They are a fine fleeced flannel that we had bought to retail 5c per yard, but we put them out tomorrow morning at
2¾c PER YD.
That is the lowest price yet on a Domet Flannel of good quality, and it is a good bargain to start in the new business year.

Basement Dept.

A. G. Pollard & Co.
Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

TEETH
No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 26, 28, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge
$5 to $10 a Set

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.



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HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Disorders. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALGIN DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker & Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 4614. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
443 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. B. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Lovi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Morley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, nail Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

If You Are Short
And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.
DONOVAN & MANSUR.
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU
With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it of us, as we will give you the best and cleanest Coal in the market at the least possible prices.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

THE LAUNCHING OF THE NEW SHAMROCK.

It Will Be Completed Time Enough to Enter Upon the Thames Races in March, and Will Try Speed with the Valkyrie III.

For deep, dark hide-bound mystery and difficulty of access there are no two places on the globe to-day that can compare with the Herreshoff yacht building works at Bristol, R. I., and the ship yards of Harland & Wolff, at Belfast, Ireland. For it is at the former place that the new America's cup defender is well under way, while in the Irish yards the challenging yacht Shamrock is beginning to take on something of the form, which, it is expected, will be powerful enough to take back to England the coveted trophy of the seas now in possession of the New York Yacht Club.

To the average man it would be quite as possible to walk up to the Llama of Thibit on a fine morning and offer to shake hands with him as it would be to enter either of the shipyards in question and take a look at either of the yachts now building for the cup races. Of course there is no end of speculation as to the various dimensions of the two craft and of the materials to be employed in their construction. But most of this is done at haphazard so far as dimensions are concerned, while as for the materials the only information usually obtainable is gained by watching the arrival of all the freight for the two yards and drawing conclusions from the size of the boxes or crates and the shipping marks upon them.

That even this is not always feasible may be judged from the care taken at the Herreshoff works where many of the consignments of materials arrive at night and even then by water that they may be landed directly at the construction docks. Similar care is taken to hide the progress of affairs at the Irish yard. And it is only by persistent inquiry and watchfulness that such information as is set forth here may be gathered.

There is one thing certain. No expense is spared in anything that concerns either of the boats; and if the owners of the challenging and defending yachts do not spend, between them, a quarter of a million of dollars in their chosen sport this season exports in yachting expenses will be very much out of the way in their guesses.

One marked difference between the first Defender and Defender No. 2—for up to the present no other name has been selected for the new yacht—is that while the former was generally regarded as a "racing machine," the boat now under way will be capable of going across and doing some racing in England and perhaps the Mediterranean after the cup races are over in these waters. On racing length, water line, the new defender, it is declared will not measure more than 89 feet 6 inches, while from tip of bowsprit to end of main boom she is likely to be 128 feet long. Her draught will be about 19 feet 7 inches.

Two sets of sails will be made as for the first Defender. Ramie cloth was among the samples received at the sail loft last month, but whether this or heavy duck is the material selected cannot be ascertained. Silk is said to be far too light, and, therefore, out of the question. One, if not both sets of sails, will be made in the new loft just erected by the Herreshoffs on Burnside street. The set designed by Whitman is thought to be of the irregular, i.e., cross-cut pattern, from leech to luff, instead of from boom to gaff, as "Captain" Nat has not yet lost faith in this style which he tried against Valkyrie three years ago.

The Defender's successor, from stem to stern, will not be so long over all as the vanquisher of Valkyrie III. She will show less floor surface, a more rounded bow, a shorter stern overhang, and a bigger bulb keel.

In each successive Herreshoff sailing creation, heretofore, as the forefoot was cut away, removing weight from the bow the mast has been removed sternward to conform with the location of the lead, the greatest weight of which has been amidship. The excision in the new Defender of perhaps three feet from the overhang, which detracts from the beauty of the old Defender's bow, the bringing of more keg weight forward and placing the big mast of Oregon pine about half a foot nearer the bow, is expected to allow a larger sail spread on a given length and considerably more speed.

The chief difference in the keels of the two defenders will be found more in the distribution of weight than in the shape or weight of the lip bulbs, though the Shamrock's antagonist will have more lead in her keel than was first anticipated. Present indications point to about sixty-five tons. An actual measurement of the upper part of the keel mould, now ready for casting, shows a length of twenty-nine feet ten inches, tapering, as already stated, from bow to stern.

The initial work on the actual building of the new boat, which is the casting of the lead keel, depended entirely on the progress of the work on the hull of the old Defender, which has been hauled out for repairs in the South shop. The completion of that marks the beginning of the new Defender, a great portion of the frame and plating for which are now in the yard at Bristol.

The material of which the new cup defender will be built is a subject of much discussion. As the whole matter is shrouded in mystery and known only to the chosen few, speculation is rife as to what material will be used. In view of past experiences, a number of prominent yachtsmen are of the opinion that the boat will be built of bronze.

They argue that if the boat is built, topsides, bottom and all, of Tobin bronze, there would be no danger of corrosion and consequent breakage, and, in addition, the wiseacres say, the speed of the boat ought to be added to. If Tobin bronze bottom plates lessen the skin friction, side plates ought to have the same effect. The full benefit of a minimum degree of friction where the hull alone is of bronze is gained only when the yacht is sailing before the wind.

As the question of economy does not enter into the contest in any way, it is safe to assume that the two yachts will be the best that money and brains can produce. Reasoning on these lines points to the conclusion of a bronze boat. That bronze is the best metal this country can produce for the purpose has been demonstrated by the record of the Tobin bronze Vigilant.

She has been thoroughly tried in every way, and her sailing qualities are on a par with her racing abilities. She has crossed the ocean twice, making the trips in faster time than was ever made by any other craft under yawl rig; she has been ashore twice, and twice grounded on rocks, yet it is understood that she is today as stanch as the day she was launched. It is altogether reasonable to suppose, therefore, that the new boat will be built of the same metal as the Vigilant, and it will be surprising if she is not bronze from the top of her lead keel to the last stroke of her topsides.

Stripped of technical terms as much as possible, it can be safely said that in model the new boat will be an improved Defender, but will approach more nearly the fin-keel type. She will have about the same or possibly a little less beam, and will have a flatter floor and a more rounded side. This at once gives a boat of less displacement than Defender, and, at the same time, with more power. As compared with Defender, the new boat should show an improvement in reaching and also in work down the wind with spinnaker set. The latter point of sailing was certainly not Defender's strong one.

The new Defender should surely be faster than the old craft on her elements and in the changes made. How much, practical tests only will tell. She should be better on all points of sailing, and, with stronger rigging and construction and an increased sail area, she will be better able to stand much harder driving than the old boat in severe weather. The new yacht should be able to make the best showing ever made by a defending yacht thus far built. Twelve thousand square feet in her working sails will not be far off the area of the new yacht's clothing.

Of the Shamrock there is less definite information than may be obtained regarding the Herreshoff boat. Sir Thomas Lipton, her owner, in a recent interview, was profuse in glittering generalities about where the boat was to be built (a fact already well known), who her skipper was to be and that he hoped to have her ready by the time the British yachting season opened in April for some trial races before she sailed for New York.

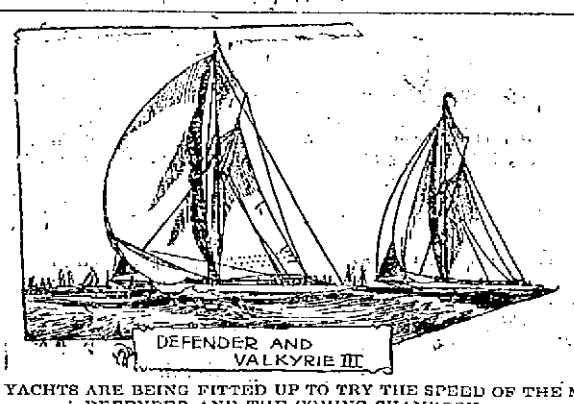
But, as for anything that will give even an approximate "line" on the capabilities of the Shamrock as compared with the new craft, Sir Thomas was as dumb as the oyster of the proverb.

The plans for the Shamrock indicate that she will be launched toward the end of March and that her fitting out will be completed early enough in April for her to enter in the Thames matches. From there she will go around to the Clyde and then cross over to Ireland for the Bangor regattas. She will sail for the United States, during July, under yawling.

Both the new boats need "trial horses," and, for the purpose of getting a line on the Shamrock, the Valkyrie III. will be fitted out and raced against her. For a similar purpose here the old Defender will be used, taking the place occupied by the Vigilant before the cup races of 1895.

Next to the boats themselves the yachting public takes the greatest interest in the men in charge of them. Whichever boat is selected to defend the cup will be sailed under the direction of Captain "Hank" Haff, and his famous suspenders will once more be the cynosure of the thousands of pairs of eyes that will witness the races. Captain "Charlie" Barr is to sail the old Defender in the trial races, Captain Haff being at the wheel of the new boat. When the Defender is finally selected Captain Barr will assist Captain Haff in handling her.

On the Shamrock Captain "Archie" Hogarth, the former skipper of the racing cutter Isolde, will be in command, with Captain "Ben" Parker, the skipper of the Meteor, the Emperor William's yacht, as assistant. The Shamrock's crew is to number forty men. That of the American boat will probably be even larger.



THESE YACHTS ARE BEING FITTED UP TO TRY THE SPEED OF THE NEW DEFENDER AND THE COMING SHAMROCK.

THE DUKE IN UNIFORM.

THE YOUNG DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH AS PAYMASTER GENERAL OF THE ARMY BEARS A STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO THE GREAT DUKE WHO OCCUPIED A SIMILAR POSITION.

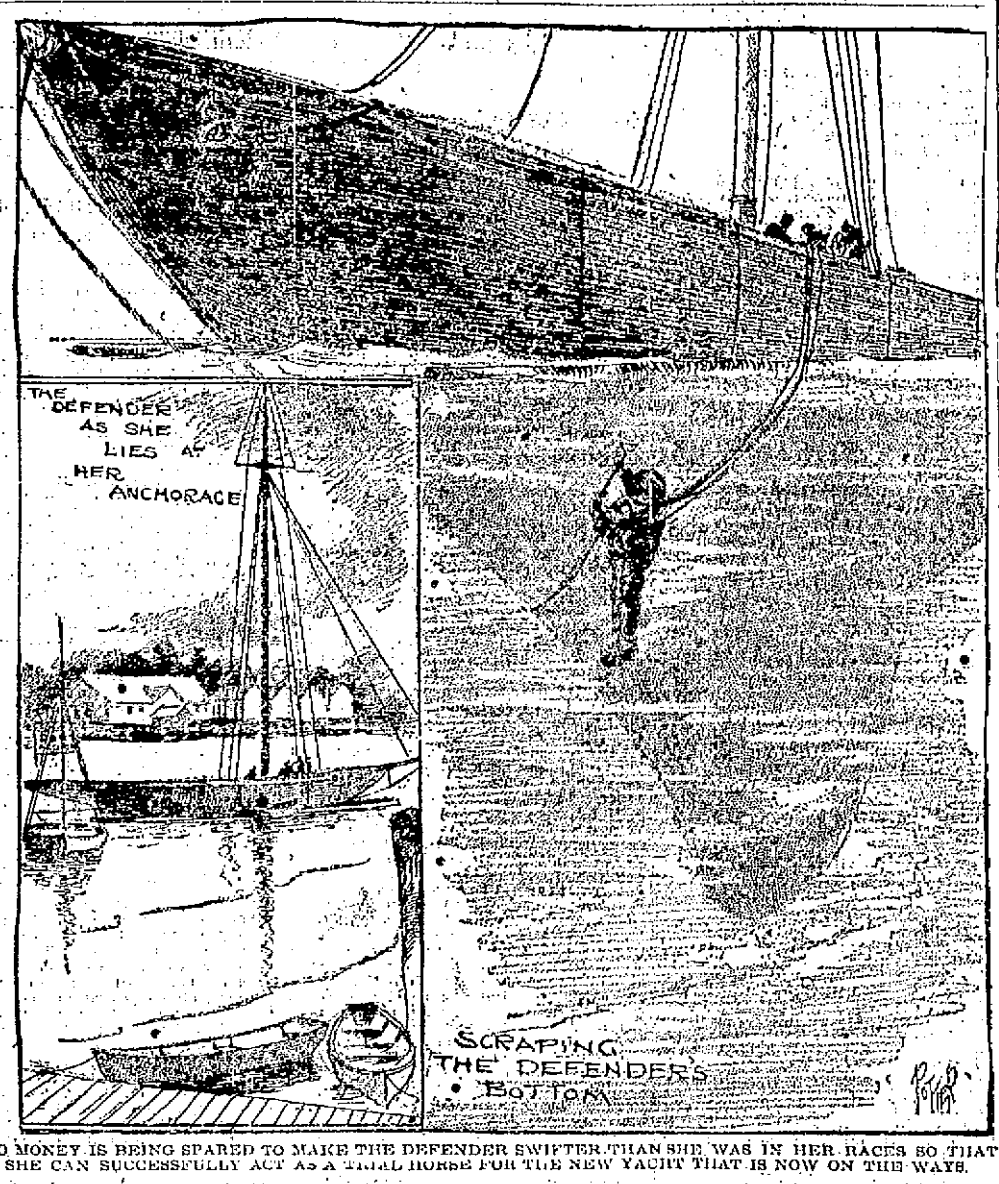
THE DECISION OF THE MARIA TERESA.

She Has, Herself, Settled the Dispute of the Students of Four Centuries.

In choosing her resting place on Cat Island the Maria Teresa has taken it upon herself apparently to settle a point which has of late years been in dispute—that is, the exact island of the Bahama group first seen by Columbus. The records of the first voyage of Columbus state that he first saw land at an island "called by the natives Guanhani, but which he named San Salvador." An island of the Bahama group called by the settlers there Cat Island was identified early as San Salvador, and until recently bore that name on all maps.

Humboldt and Washington Irving both investigated the matter and both were satisfied that the island pointed out by tradition was the right one. Then came the iconoclasts who began to get up theories disproving the old and generally accepted theories. They tried to prove several islands other than Cat Island to be the original San Salvador.

Old skippers who for many years have sailed from the coasts of North America to the coasts of South America have shaken their heads and said, "No, no!" refusing to give any other explanation than that, from what they know of the region, they thought that Cat Island was the place.



NO MONEY IS BEING SPARED TO MAKE THE DEFENDER SWIFTER THAN SHE WAS IN HER RACES SO THAT SHE CAN SUCCESSFULLY ACT AS A TRIAL HORSE FOR THE NEW YACHT THAT IS NOW ON THE WAYS.

THE STORY OF AN ENGLISH HOUSE.

The Young Duke Has Been Appointed to the Post So Long Occupied by His Great Ancestor, the First Duke.

There may never come to the present Duke of Marlborough a great deal of glory from the post of Paymaster General, to which he has just been appointed under the Government, nor very much work. But it is certain that there never will result from it such a cloud of scandal as that which has always hovered over the record of his illustrious ancestor, the great Duke, through his occupation of that same office, among many others, when he was commander in chief of the British forces of his time.

It is one of the penalties of belonging to one of the great ducal families of England that all of its members must always live in something of that white light which beats round the throne and on those near it, and it is also one of the penalties, particularly of the Marlborough family, that their finances should always be, practically, a matter of public interest.

This was lamentably true of the first, the great Duke, and has been always since of the succeeding bears to that position.

The change in the fortunes of the Marlboroughs began when the last, the eighth duke of that name, married Mrs. Hamersley, of New York, who, after his death, became the wife of Lord Charles Beresford, and they received additional help from the fortunes of the Vanderbilts, which the present duke gained by his marriage with the daughter of that house.

In discussing the financial as well as the personal character of the great Duke and the present bearer of that name, it is scarcely possible to find a greater contrast than these two men present. And it is curious to remark how in both their lives, as in almost every case, the fortunes of the several Dukes of Marlborough have been helped by the women they have married. The great Duke's reputation before the building of Blenheim began was an extremely shady one, so far as finances went, to say the least of it. And the building of Blenheim makes a long and extraordinary chapter in the history of John Churchill and his remarkable wife.

Blenheim is the only non-royal or non-Episcopal house in Great Britain which is called a "palace." The old acts of Parliament and settlements carefully refer to it as a "house," but in popular nomenclature it became, from the beginning, a palace. There are other residences of English nobles which excel it from many points of view, but they remain castles, or abbeys, or halls, while it is only Blenheim which one thinks of and speaks of as a "palace."

For the building of Blenheim, which is part of a whole royal domain that was taken bodily from the Crown and given to the victor of the Field of Ramilies as a testimonial of the Nation's regard, the great Duke and his wife got between them about $6,000,000 from the royal treasury to lay out an edifice and the estate. It is estimated from their collected stealings, bribe-takings and other profits of office, the total amount of which no one has ever pretended to sum up, they devoted about $250,000 of what they called their own money to the work, as well.

Marlborough himself died before the huge structure had reached habitable stage. For nearly twenty years thereafter his widow struggled stormily with the task, fighting with her architect, robbing builders and inciting workmen to mob violence against their employers, and, on the whole, conducting as exciting and prolonged a campaign of battles, sieges and fierce surprises among the long corridors of scaffolding and in the stonemasons' yards as her husband had waged on the battlefields of the Continent.

When the old Duchess died, in 1714, she had worked herself around into a state of hostility toward Blenheim and its occupants, which was a curious contrast to her early interest in the work—a work that was practically the whole ambition of her life. And so strongly did this feeling develop that in her old age she began to divest Blenheim of everything that the law left her free to take, with a view to making the Althorp, home of the Spencer branch of the family, richer than that of the Marlboroughs at Woodstock. To this end she left all her own large portion to her young grandson by her will and every acre of land which had not been specifically entailed by Parliament, or the Duke's will, upon the Blenheim branch.

Notorious as were the previous records of the great Duke's financial dealings, they all pale into insignificance when compared with those which directly concerned the building of the palace of Blenheim by artisans under the direction of Sir John Vanbrugh, one of the most famous architects of his time.

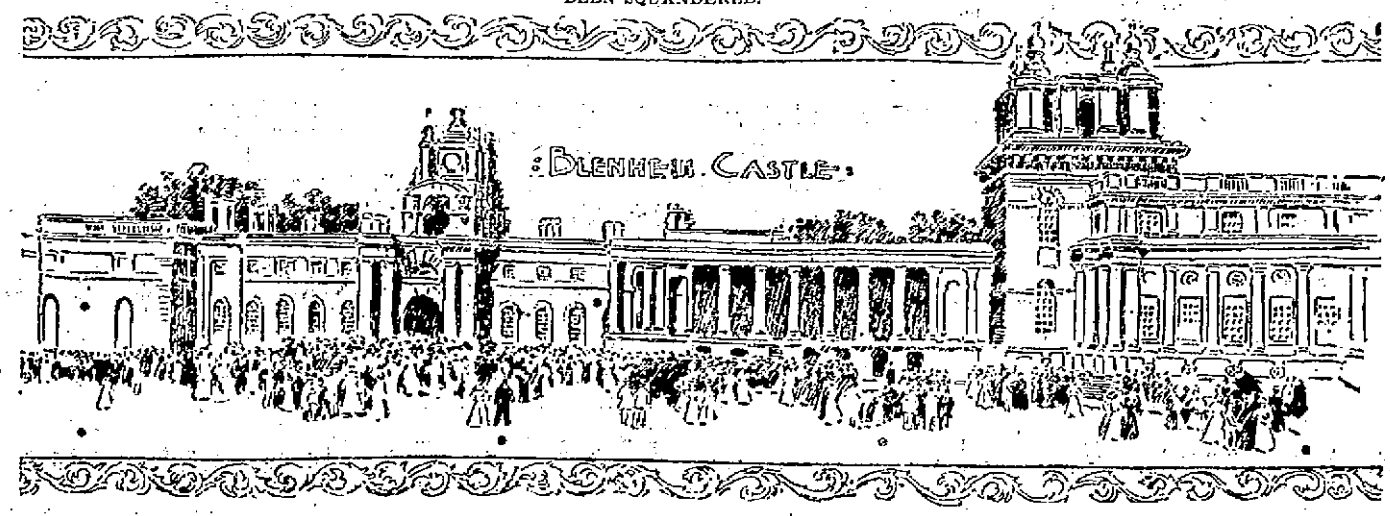
Vanbrugh has always been the reputed architect of Blenheim, but from his letters it appears that the design of the palace was suggested by the original Duke of Marlborough. There is no question of the fact that Vanbrugh did a great deal of work upon it, nor that the first scandal over the construction of the building arose from his being stopped in his work by the non-payment of the laborers, in his employ.

The gossips are rolling the morsel over when George I. ascended the throne. As an evidence of the concern in which he held the Marlboroughs, the King declared the debt of the laborers to be the debt of the Crown, and he magnificently paid for it out of the public funds. The workmen insisted on receiving the money through their employer, Vanbrugh, and, though the Duke would not hear of this at first, the workmen eventually had their way in the matter.

For a few years the work progressed smoothly, and then the laborers struck again for non-payment of wages. This time the renewal of scandal was too much for the British public, and further grants to the Marlboroughs from the public purse were out of the question. With his usual keen eye to his own pocket, the Duke compromised with the laborers for one-third the sum due them. And then he was compelled to finish the structure out of his own funds. Thus Blenheim, which was intended as a testimonial of a nation's esteem, ended by being paid for, in a certain way, by the Duke himself. It is not at all clear that any of these last debts were ever settled by the ducal builder.

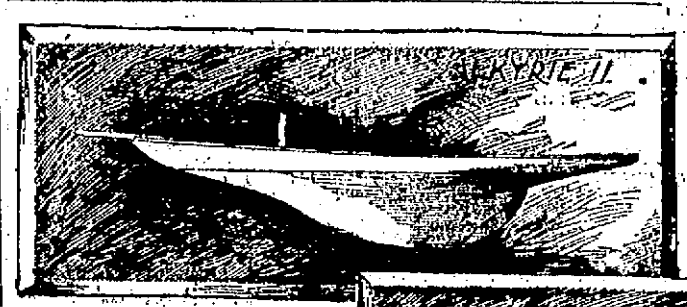
Upon this turn of affairs Vanbrugh appealed to the courts for payment of the sums due him from the owners of Blenheim. No specific sum had been voted by Parliament for the palace, and a tedious litigation ensued. The Duke died before it ended, but his shrewish wife contrived a counter plot to that of Vanbrugh's in an endeavor to turn the responsibility upon him. The amount claimed by the architect was 2,000 pounds sterling. And, though the case was decided in his favor, he never lived to receive the money due him. Enraged by this victory, the Duchess engaged Sir Christopher Wren to finish the house. At the end Vanbrugh found himself not only hopelessly ruined financially, but also with a reputation that was practically ruined. His attempt to bring ruin on the Marlborough family cost him very dearly.

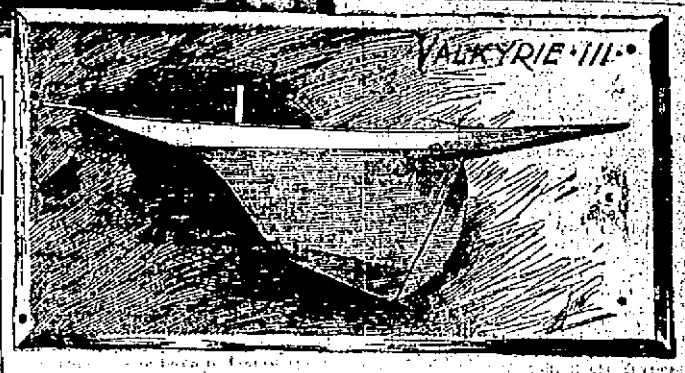
A CLOSE VIEW OF THE GREAT PALACE AT WOODSTOCK OVER WHICH KINGS HAVE QUARRELED AND UPON WHICH KINGS' RANSOMS HAVE BEEN SQUANDERED.



AMERICAN MILLIONS HAVE FITTED OUT THIS GREAT HOUSE WITH ALL THE MODERN MARVELS OF ELECTRICITY, TELEPHONES, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND STEAM HEAT NOW MAKE IT COMFORTABLE FOR ITS AMERICAN MISTRESS AND HER AMBITIOUS YOUNG HUSBAND.

THESE DIAGRAMS SHOW THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALKYRIE II AND VALKYRIE III.





THE VALKYRIE III UNDER WATER.

SKATING RINKS ON THE ROOF.

Like Roof Gardens, They Seem Impossible at First and Dangerous.

The roof garden now looks pale and wind-blown. But in its place there is coming something else quite as interesting as the roof garden and fully as enjoyable. This is the roof skating rink, and it is planned so that it exists where the garden formerly was, just as the skating rink of the back yard takes the place of aster and mignonette.

For the roof garden the tin roof was slitted over and made into a secure floor. For the skating rink this is removed and the plain tin roof is left. Should the tin roof be more than ordinarily sloping the boards are left on it. But this makes extra work for those who flood the roof.

The scheme is this, according to a man who prepares these roof-rinks: At the first frosty night several buckets of water are carried to the roof and poured slowly over it. Next day more are added. And by this time the roof has a decided coat of ice. This is increased by having water poured on again the next night and the following day. By adding a few pails at a time a very thick smooth surface is secured. It takes about three days to prepare a roof. And when once done the ice seldom melts during the very cold weather, as its exposed position makes it very cold.

Rains, snow and very high winds act upon the roof-rink just as they do upon a lake. They roughen its surface. After a storm it is necessary for the one who takes care of the rink to go over it—as they do in large skating lakes—with watering pot filling up the cracks in the ice and removing rough places. This is not a great deal of work, and repays the skaters well.

When roof gardens were first started in England by Lady Henry Somerset, and in New York by Miss Georgia Cayvan, they were ridiculed as being too dangerous for enjoyment and surely fatal to many persons who would walk off accidentally. But several years of roof-gardening have failed to show the record of a single accident; and it has come to a pass now that tenants of fashionable parts of the city, ask the agents of large apartment houses if there are roof gardens for use in the hot months. They insist upon them.

Of course there must be a railing around the roof. The one built for the roof garden answers nicely, and where a very fine rink is wanted there may be a little ledge built around the roof to admit of flooding it. The usefulness of the drain pipes is not interfered with, as there is an ornament built around the opening or a rustic chair left from summer is placed over it. Chimneys and ornamental structures upon the roof are made the cosy nooks where a cup of tea can be obtained and where biscuit and thin sandwiches are dispensed. Chinese lanterns shed light upon dark nights and a fir tree or two makes the scene very fairylike. If the plans of certain young women living near Central Park, New York city, are carried out, "New York from the house tops" will be as charming in winter as in summer.

CLOCKS IN BIG BUILDINGS.

Occupants of high buildings are annoyed by the frequent stoppage of their pendulum clocks. It is caused by the shiver, the constant vibration of the buildings. Many a pendulum clock that has kept accurate time for years in old, low structures has refused to move when removed into one of the new, tall buildings.

On the lower floors of the buildings the clocks run fairly well, but higher up in the buildings they become whimsical, and on the top floors they will not run at all. A St. Louis man has a pendulum clock in the tower of a tall building which has not done an honest day's work since he moved in the new offices. The pendulum swings continually, but only from the vibration of the building, as the clock has not been wound for weeks. Useless to wind it, for it would not keep time.

THE SCIENCE OF CLEOPATRA.

Reading the Foot by the Shape Has Become a Society Pastime.

A shaded lamp sent up a steady, clear glow toward the ceiling of a student's rooms, evidently a student of human nature, for, around the room underneath the ceiling, ran a narrow shelf, and upon this shelf were casts of hands and feet, of arms and heads, of limbs and spinal columns—all the parts of the human frame, as though a search was being made among them for the secrets of the inner self.

At the table where the lamp stood sat a student, busily writing. "I'm writing for posterity," he said, as a friend was shown into the room. "I'm getting up a new science. Ask for it in the book stores six months from now. 'Pedistry, the Science of the Foot,' and you will be handed a bulky volume.

"What will be in it? The first steps and the ultimate workings of a science as exact as that of palmistry. They say palmistry is lost to us now. Pedistry is newly found. It was an art in the days of Cleopatra when the Queen extended her dainty sandal to be read by the wise women of Rome. It will be an art again.

"Listen while I read you extracts from one of my chapters, condensing as I go along. You will wonder, when I tell you that a society woman always has a short, fat foot. If she is ill her feet may be thin to sympathize with her body, but it will still be fatter in proportion than it ought to be to fit a Venus de Milo statue. The short, fat foot denotes good nature, deliberate movements and grace. The shorter the foot the better the social qualities of the woman. Short-footed women are quick, pleasing talkers. They are accomplished. They are good home women and they have the peculiar facility of looking pretty. They are womanly women. Mrs. Cleveland's foot draws a 'C' width, but can be crowded into a three length.

"Not so the straight-footed woman. She is the woman of talent. Her foot looks beautiful in a shoe, for it lies flat along the sole and refreshes you when it peeps out from her gown. But this long, narrow foot means talent, and the owner has a more or less amiable disposition according to how the wind is that day.

"Actresses have these feet. Bernhardt's is not wider than two straws. You wonder that stage women walk so gracefully and present such bewitching glimpses of foot from under their flowing robes. It is because they have the long, supple, talented foot. It can glide like a cat's foot. The talented foot can and should wear the sandal.

"Lazy women seldom have little feet. Their feet draw a long shoe, but it is because of the selfish big toe. This toe is much longer than the other toes and denotes great thought of self. Such women can wear pointed-toe shoes, for that big big toe sets well into the point of the shoe. Their feet look smaller than they really are. You will often see a selfish woman with a foot 'pulling' a nine-inch last; yet so pointed are her toes that her foot passes for a trifling little affair. This opinion she promotes by declaring that the long, pointed toes of her shoes are stuffed with cotton.

"As an aside, but a proof of this assertion, I will cite a case upon the medical records of New York city. A woman with such a foot applied to a surgeon to have her big toes cut off. She said, with these removed she could wear a No. 4 shoe. At present she required a four. The surgeon refused to perform the operation. The third doctor to whom she applied cut them off; and, after learning to walk, the woman proudly sallied forth in No. 2 shoes. This illustrates the vanity and selfishness of a big-toed woman.

"Thoughtful women have flat feet, rather broad, like horses' hoofs. They are spread for working purposes, and have great endurance. They are prosaic and lacking in sentimental emotions, though capable of a dog-like affection. Such feet never rest. The peculiarity of the working foot is that the heel is smaller than the foot by comparison. A narrow heel that slips in the shoe and a few fusteji generally go with a broad working foot. These feet do not take the very large shoes of the stores. They need the wide ones but not the long ones. Ellen Terry has the broad foot.

"The athletic foot is to my eye the loveliest of all. It has the grace of a man's leg. The foot is a continuation of the ankle and calf, so narrow and delicately it fits its stockings.

"The athletic foot is the one that calls for the No. 5 shoe, but if athletic women would have their shoes made to order for them they need not wear such big ones. The athletic foot is very long, but its heel is straight. Most shoes have a rounding heel extending back of the foot. The athletic foot is chopped off, as it were, at the back. With a shoe made to fit this peculiarity that immensely long look would disappear.

"The athletic foot is, unfortunately, for pointed-toed shoes, pretty even as to the length of toes. It is an Aphrodite foot, and might easily be fitted to a Greek statue. Women who have these feet are not very domestic, though extremely pleasant companions. The eccentric ankle, as broad as the instep, shows lack of conventionality.

A NEW YEAR PICTURE OF THE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG DUCHESS.

WEALTHIER THAN THE FIRST DUCHESS AND MORE BEAUTIFUL, SHE HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO EXERT A GREATER AND BETTER INFLUENCE UPON ENGLISH SOCIETY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Having obtained a legal separation from my wife, Mary Hayes, I hereby notify all dealers that I will no longer be responsible for any bills of her contracting.

Jan. 30, 1899. THOMAS A. HAYES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

A BIG SUGAR DEAL.

We have made a big contract with the sugar trust. 13 pounds of the best granulated sugar for $1 and 100 pound bags or over at wholesale prices. Dickson Bros., 98 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Poems, Novels, 15 cents at Merrill's.

Smokers enjoy OIG Hundred Cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike St.

WANTED—An intelligent Catholic young lady. A good talker to take orders. Address D, Sun office.

Reduced prices on suits, overcoats and trousers at Gorman's and Sullivan's, tailors, 20 Palmer street.

John A. Tyrrell of 481 Lawrence street has been recently appointed a licensed auctioneer and appraiser.

NEXT WEEK SATURDAY IS QUARTER DAY AT WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. 4 PER CENT. 272 CENTRAL STREET.

Don't pay $50 or $60 for a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine on instalments when you can buy one for $20 cash at Harris', 10 Appleton St.

Mr. J. T. Noble of this city, well-versed in textile matters, appeared in Boston, to-day, before the State legislature, speaking in the interest of the Lowell Textile school of which he is a warm champion.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Thos. C. Lee & Co., the well known insurance firm will remove to 52 Central street over the hardware store of H. B. Shattuck & Son, Feb. 1st. In addition to their extensive fire insurance business they will carry the additional lines of employers' liability and boiler insurance, as well as furnishing bonds for persons in positions of trust.

ALDERMEN SOLEY

DIED FROM INJURIES RECEIVED YESTERDAY MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Alderman John Soley of Chelsea, well known about Boston and vicinity as a building mover, died at his home in Chelsea last evening as the direct result of an injury he received during the morning at Lockwood's pier in East Boston.

Mr. Soley was engaged with a gang of his men in lifting some heavy machinery and placing it aboard the new city ferryboat, Noddle Island. During this work, a heavy rope snapped under the great strain and the flying end knocked Mr. Soley's feet from under him. He struck heavily upon the back of his head and was rendered unconscious. Later he revived and was driven to his home in Chelsea in a carriage. He was able to walk into his own home and a physician who was called declared he would probably be all right in a few days. Late in the afternoon he suddenly became worse and relapsed into unconsciousness. He died about 8 in the evening.

SALARIES REDUCED

MAYOR QUINCY NOTIFIES HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Mayor Quincy in a letter sent to heads of departments yesterday said: "I desire distinctly to disclaim any intention of expressing or implying the opinon that the scale of compensaton now paid by the city is too high or that it can be reduced with justice or with real advantage. My position is merely that this measure of reduction is necessary under the financial conditions which confront the city. You are, therefore, directed to proceed at once to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all salaries paid in your department of $1000 a year or more and of 5 per cent. in all salaries amounting to $700 a year and not exceeding $1000, and also to make a reduction of 7½ per cent. in all wages amounting to $3.25 per day or more, and of 5 per cent. in all wages not less than $2.50 a day and not exceeding $3.25 per day.

"It is expected that the reductions above called for will be made on the next pay roll upon which it is practicable to make the necessary alterations in compensation. While I have no legal authority to order the reduction of salaries paid to heads of departments and established by statute or by ordinance, it is obvious that the same considerations which require the decreases above mentioned also demand a voluntary reduction, in the same ratio, in the salaries received by such officials. They are, therefore, requested and expected to have their own rate of compensation placed upon the pay roll with a reduction of 7½ per cent.

Yours respectfully,
JOSIAH QUINCY, Mayor.

DeCelestin DENTIST 97 ASH ST.

L. A. W. MATTERS

Will It Drop Racing Next Season?

SPECULATION ON THIS QUESTION.

What the Leaders Say on the Matter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Judging from the widespread interest that was taken last week in the bicycle show, the opinion prevails that cycling will experience a marked popularity this season over the somewhat depressed conditions that prevailed last year, when the bicycle lost ground. Undoubtedly the war had its effect and both the recreative and sporting sides of cycling suffered an appreciable loss of favor with the public. Should the L.A.W. wisely decide to retire from the racing game, allowing the N.C.A. unobstructed progress, the pioneer organization, by devoting its entire time to touring, road improvement, cycle path construction and matters of that sort, would accomplish much to revive and stimulate action in the ranks of the many thousands who evince only a passing regard in the competitive form of the pastime.

What will be done at the National Assembly at Providence, on February 8th, is of more vital import to the L.A.W. than to the N.C.A. The logic of this, in view of recent happenings, is such as to commend itself to the serious thinking members who have the real welfare of the league at heart. The line of argument on which the racing faction of the league is expending its ammunition consists of trying to convey the impression that, under the existing situation, it looks as though the league were retiring under fire and with colors dragging.

While it may appear that the league in surrendering racing, is admitting defeat, it should also be remembered that three years ago I. B. Potter strongly advocated the divorce of the sport from the league, and in the Baltimore National assembly the New York division voted as a unit on a proposed amendment to this effect.

Ever since the league leaders in this state have shared this idea with the pro-racing element, gradually has been practically eradicated. At the December session of the Board of Officers, the state racing board was abolished and following the policy which was instituted at Baltimore, the Empire state delegation at Providence again will fight for what it considers to be the best advantage of the league.

In many other states, similar ideas prevail, and there is scarcely any doubt that a majority of the delegates at Providence will go there intending to vote for the divorce of racing. Whether the specious arguments of the pro-racing contingent composed, for the most part, of those will be benefitted financially by the league's dabbling in racing, will have any effect in the discussion of Sterling Elliott's amendment remains to be seen.

What success the league would have if it continued to bother with the sport is problematical. That it might contribute a battle of some pretensions is admitted even by the N.C.A. adherents, who, however, do not fear but that it will be a case of the survival of the fittest. The league is not constructed for permanent government of racing control and its jurisdiction in the past has been considered by many as being a matter of necessity and not of real desire.

In England and France the big cycling organizations have nothing to do with racing and there is no reason why the same plan could not prevail in the United States. The N.C.A. is organizing cycle sport and a season of racing will demonstrate whether or not this body will prove competent to meet the requirements. Should it fail, then there would be a willing return to league direction a year hence.

LOWELL MAN

TO INVESTIGATE SOMERSWORTH MACHINE COMPANY AFFAIRS.

The creditors of the Somersworth Machine Company which failed a short time ago as the result of the previous assignment of the Sawyer Woolen Mills Company, have appointed Charles H. Nish of Dover, N. H., R. M. Boutwell of Lowell, and J. O. Henshaw of Boston a committee to investigate the affairs of the company, to report as soon as possible. Figures which have been submitted to the creditors show that the liabilities of the company aggregate $298,115, and the assets $148,653. This does not include real estate, which is entered upon the books as valued at $163,152, but upon which the assignee is unable to place any value at present.

The creditors have authorized Assignee B. Frank Neatley to operate the stove department of the plant, if he deems it expedient to do so.

G. D. Taylor Pill Tablets, are pure medicinal stimulants.

Just a Cough

Not worth paying attention to, you say. Perhaps you have had it for weeks.

It's annoying because you have a constant desire to cough. It annoys you also because you remember that weak lungs is a family failing.

At first it is a slight cough.
At last it is a hemorrhage.
At first it is easy to cure.
At last, extremely difficult.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

quickly conquers your little hacking cough.

There is no doubt about the cure now. Doubt comes from neglect.

For over half a century Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been curing colds and coughs and preventing consumption. It cures Consumption also if taken in time.

Keep one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs if you cough.

Shall we send you a book on this subject, free?

Our Medical Department.

If you have any complaint which ever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Home club of Lawrence and a picked team from this city calling themselves the Belvideres and captained by John Mellen whose aggregation of bowlers have startled Lowell and Lawrence also for the past several years, played a highly interesting game on the Palace alleys in Lawrence last night and the latter team was beaten by 10 pins. The first string opened with strikes for Wilson and Dow and McCormack and Horn spared. Robinson and Campbell broke and the Home club finished in the lead for the frame by Day and Pond striking and Fee breaking and Mellen missing. This made things about even and neither gained any great advantage in the other nine boxes at the end of the first string, the score being 740—740. The second string was fatal for the Belvideres, who went 56 pins below their opponents in score and they could not overcome the lead sufficiently in the third to win although they rolled a higher total in the third string than the Lawrence team. The score:

Home Club—Dow, 474; Horn, 437; Robinson, 432; Day, 505; Pond, 471; totals, 2319.

Belvideres—Wilson, 549; McCormack, 402; Campbell, 476; Fee, 450; Mellen, 445; totals, 2322.

A continuation of the inter club contests of the Highland and Vesper clubs last night pushed the Highlands ahead o fthe Vespers. Kittredge was high roller.

The first and second teams of High school boys played at Les Miserables alleys yesterday afternoon and the former team won by 58 pins. Kelley broke Harmon's individual record of 488, going it nine pins better. The score:

Team One—Kelley, 488; Harmon, 433; Conant, 399; Davis, 379; Brady, 246; totals, 1936.

Team Two—Bagley, 348; O'Brien, 420; Church, 436; Bruce, 315; Loughlin, 359; totals, 1878.

Mr. Charles Tyrrell of Gorham street is recovering from his recent indisposition.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE WOMENS CLUB

Miss Thompson Lectures on Teutons.

THEIR CHARACTERISTICS AND INSTITUTIONS.

Second Lecture of the History Course.

Miss Anna B. Thompson delivered the second lecture in the course on history before the Middlesex Women's club, yesterday afternoon. She spoke of the race characteristics of the Teutons and the world, their earliest deeds as seen in contact with Rome.

American history of today, said Miss Thompson, is simply a play on the ancient history of Rome. There is a great historical wave passing over the world, that is of the masses. It was begun by the German philosophers in the last century. It shows us that God appears as the evolution. It is the teaching of evolution, the one important thing to study in the phenomenal world. Yet history does not give us concrete rules, for conditions are never the same. It simply shows us the direction the world is tending. There has been no fitting history written for the elementary schools of the day. Woman is not recognized as the political unit. The intellectual study should show us where the world is tending.

American history should be our first duty. We should study carefully just what our station is in the world. To fill it adequately, the aim of our lives. What is our station in life? We are a wandering people, and God has given the world into our hands. We are living in the earliest age of migration. The first epoch was the Grecian and then the Roman, then the Columbian and fourth the American cause. We are still colonizing Africa, the islands of the Pacific, and in the next 1000 years there will be no more places to colonize. The problem then will be economic and social and how to get food.

The Gaelic war was one of the shaping forces of the world. Not only did Caesar conquer the Gaul, but Romanized him as well. This was one of the turning points of the world's history. The customs of the early Greeks and the Teutons were next compared, showing the greater simplicity of the former. But the latter believed in a greater personal liberty and all their institutions show it. The fundamental problem of the hour is how much shall I give to the development of my own personality. The Greeks and Romans cared more for the state than for the individual. Modern history teaches us that Jesus preached the immortality of the soul. Individuality is the special task of the Teutons, not art, science or conquest. The Czar of Russia in his recent proposition for a disarmament of the nations of the world is the first step in the one great unity that is prophesied to be one of the results that is to come. We Americans are not wide awake enough, and far from being the equal of the Greeks. Morally we are the highest that the world has yet seen.

The lecture proved decidedly interesting and instructive and besides this Miss Thompson kindly consented to stay over one train and thus the club members were given an added pleasure of a chance of asking any and all questions at the conclusion of her delightful talk.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

DEBATING SOCIETY DISCUSSED ANNEXATION RESOLVE.

The North Chelmsford debating society connected with the Congregational church of the town last night discussed in the church the resolve "That the annexation of North Chelmsford to Lowell would be detrimental to the town." About 75 young people were present and listened attentively to the arguments of the affirmative and negative sides.

Arthur Salmon led for the affirmative and Principal Trueby of the North Chelmsford school said:

It is not a question simply for entertainment, he said, but it concerns the whole welfare of the community. On a rainy, muddy night would it not be to our advantage to have good sidewalks and well paved streets? With our dark streets compare this town with the well lighted streets of yonder city. Take it in summer when it is warm weather would it not be better if we had the ideal sewerage of the city? Would not this town with the addition of city conveniences become the ideal residence section of the enlarged city? Would not the young men and women have advantages now denied them? I might mention the educational advantages in the schools and city library. If we were a part of the city of Lowell how long would it be before that bridge would be built? The resolution speaks of the future most particularly. It is the future we care for even as we do for the present.

Among those who spoke on the question were E. D. Swain and Rev. R. W. Dunbar. The latter although he favored the negative summed up the situation in a few words. He said "we believe that annexation would be beneficial to the town, but Lowell's debt we want out of the way, before we go in. We don't want to saddle their taxes and dirty politics on us." On the vote on the merits of the question it was the unanimous opinion of the members that the resolution under discussion was sustained. The negative side was voted the merits of the arguments.

CANDLEMAS DAY

WILL BE OBSERVED ON THURSDAY NEXT.

Candlemas Day, observed on Thursday next, in its ecclesiastical meaning, is the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary. This festival is very strictly kept by the Roman Catholic church, there being a procession with many lighted candles, the candles required for the services of the ensuing year being consecrated on that day. Hence the name "Candlemas Day." In Scotland this day is one of the four term days appointed for periodical annual payments of money, interest, taxes, etc., and of entry to premises—the three other term days there being Whitsunday, Lammas and Martinmas. An old document at the time of Henry VIII, preserved in the archives of the society of Antiquaries, London, concerning the rites and ceremonies in the English church speaks thus of the custom of "carrying candles: "On Candlemas Daye it shall be declared that the bearyinge of candles is done in the memorie of Christe, the spirituall lyghte whom Simeon dyd prophecye ("a light to lighten the Gentiles") as it is redde in the church that daye. But an elder and heathen origin is ascribed to the practice. The Romans were in the habit of burning candles on this day to the goddess Februa, the mother of Mars; and Pope Sergius, seeing it would be useless to prohibit a practice of so long standing, turned it to Christian account by enjoining a similar offering of candles to the virgin. The candles were supposed to have the effect of keeping evil spirits away from the persons who carried them, or from the houses in which they were placed. An order of Council in 1584 prohibited the ceremony in England. There is a tradition in most parts of Europe to the effect that a fine Candlemas day portends a severe winter. In Scotland the prognostication is expressed in the following distich:

"If Candlemas is fair and clear,
There'll be twa winters in the year."

Christ's Presentation, the Holiday of St. Simeon and, in the north of England the Wives' Feast-Day, were names given to Candlemas Day.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

GEN. WOOD, Military Governor of Cuba.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

We have decided to close out our entire stock of

BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS AT ONCE.

Notice the prices we quote and you will see that we mean busines.

Comforters that sold at 69, 75 and 89c, at 49c each.
Those that sold at $1 and $1.19 at 89c each,
Those that sold at $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 at 98c.
Our $1.75 and $2 Comforters at $1.49 each.

BLANKETS

$1 Blankets, slightly soiled, at 63c a pair.
$1.50 Blankets, all perfect, in white or gray, 98c pair.
All Wool Blankets, that sold at $3.50, at $2.50 a pair.
We have about 30 pair All Wool Blankets that are slightly soiled that sold at $4, $5, $6, $6.50, $8 and $10, which we now offer at $2.98, $3.49, $3.98, $4.19, $4.49 and $4.98 a pair.

The First Great Catch

SINCE THE BIG STORM.

The great and mighty deep has given of her abundance to the people of Lowell.

Live Cocktail Haddock 3c. lb.

"THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME."

Banner Market Grocery

GROCERY AND BUTTER HOUSE.

68, 70, 72 Prescott Street.

Wait! Pause! Linger!

—FOR THE—

GREAT CONSOLIDATION SALE

TWO STOCKS IN ONE, AMOUNTING TO THOUSANDS.

The greatest price reducing, value smashing sale ever held in Lowell for up-to-date honest goods to be sold for about 60 cents on a dollar. Mr. Charles M. Dickey has purchased the stock and fixtures owned by the late Mr. E. F. Bowers, and will add the stock now owned by him to the one just bought, and THURSDAY MORNING next, at 9 o'clock, will commence a sale of

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, GLOVES, MITTENS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

At STAR POINTER prices. Look thro' your own eyes—seeing is convincing. Of course, the early callers get the fruit. Bargain hunters and misers welcomed. Mr. Dickey says "sell quick and cheap so I can open up a complete new stock in March." The price on every article has been re-marked to lower figures than they can ever again be sold for. Lookers treated as well as buyers—they will help push the sale. Get in the push. Mingle with the crowd. Remember

Thursday Morning, 9 O'clock, No. 411 Middlesex Street is the Time and Place.

J. W. WRIGHT, Manager.